Public Document Pack



Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning Julie Muscroft The Democracy Service Civic Centre 3

High Street Huddersfield HD1 2TG

Tel: 01484 221000 Please ask for: Andrea Woodside Email: andrea.woodside@kirklees.gov.uk Wednesday 14 April 2021

Notice of Meeting

Dear Member

Corporate Governance and Audit Committee

The Corporate Governance and Audit Committee will meet in the Virtual Meeting - online at 10.00 am on Thursday 22 April 2021.

The items which will be discussed are described in the agenda and there are reports attached which give more details.

minut

Julie Muscroft Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning

Kirklees Council advocates openness and transparency as part of its democratic processes. Anyone wishing to record (film or audio) the public parts of the meeting should inform the Chair/Clerk of their intentions prior to the meeting.

The Corporate Governance and Audit Committee members are:-

Member

Councillor Will Simpson (Chair) Councillor Kath Pinnock Councillor Steve Hall Councillor John Taylor Councillor Paola Antonia Davies Councillor Susan Lee-Richards Councillor Donald Firth

When a Corporate Governance and Audit Committee member cannot be at the meeting another member can attend in their place from the list below:-

Substitutes Panel

Conservative	Green	Independent	Labour	Liberal Democrat
B Armer	K Allison	C Greaves	M Akhtar	A Munro
V Lees-Hamilton		T Lyons	M Sokhal	A Pinnock
N Patrick		-	M Kaushik	J Lawson
M Thompson			H Uppal	A Marchington
R Smith				-

Ex Officio Members

Councillor Graham Turner - Cabinet Member (Resources) Councillor Eric Firth - Chair of Standards Committee Councillor Elizabeth Smaje – Chair of Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee

Agenda **Reports or Explanatory Notes Attached**

	Pages
Membership of the Committee	
To receive any apologies for absence, or details of substitutions to the Committee membership.	
Minutes of Previous Meeting	1 - 4
To approve the Minutes of the meeting of the Committee held on 9 March 2021.	
Declarations of Interest	5 - 6
Committee Members will be asked to advise if there are any items on the Agenda in which they have a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest, which would prevent them from participating in any discussion or vote on an item, or any other interests.	
Admission of the Public	
Most debates take place in public. This only changes when there is a need to consider certain issues, for instance, commercially sensitive	

Most de need to information or details concerning an individual. You will be told at this point whether there are any items on the Agenda which are to be discussed in private.

Deputations/Petitions 5:

1:

2:

3:

4:

The Committee will receive any petitions and hear any deputations from members of the public. A deputation is where up to five people can attend the meeting and make a presentation on some particular issue of concern. A member of the public can also hand in a petition at the meeting but that petition should relate to something on which the body has powers and responsibilities.

In accordance with Council Procedure Rule 10 (2), Members of the

Public should provide at least 24 hours' notice of presenting a deputation.

Proposed Revisions to Contract Procedure Rules (Reference to Annual Council)	
To consider proposed revisions to Contract Procedure Rules for the municipal year 2021/22.	
Contact: Jane Lockwood, Head of Procurement	-
Proposed Revisions to Financial Procedure Rules (Reference to Annual Council)	7
To consider proposed revisions to Financial Procedure Rules for the municipal year 2021/22.	
Contact: Martin Dearnley, Head of Risk.	
To consider the proposed revisions to the Terms of Reference for the Health and Wellbeing Board.	
	<u>.</u>
the Health and Wellbeing Board.	-
the Health and Wellbeing Board. Contact: Phil Longworth, Senior Manager – Integrated Support	-
the Health and Wellbeing Board. Contact: Phil Longworth, Senior Manager – Integrated Support	
the Health and Wellbeing Board. Contact: Phil Longworth, Senior Manager – Integrated Support Letter to and response from WYCA To receive attached letter to, and response from, the WYCA. Changes to the Council's Constitution (Reference to	-

nforming the Audit Risk Assessment for Kirklees Netropolitan Council	
To consider the final accounts and audit processes for 2020/21.	
Contact: James Anderson, Head of Accountancy.	
Quarterly Report of Internal Audit Q4 2020/21 January 2021 to March 2021	,
To receive the quarterly report of Internal Audit.	
Contact: Martin Dearnley, Head of Risk & Internal Audit	
Annual Report of Internal Audit 2020/21 and Issues fo 2021/22 To consider (i) internal Audit activity and the effectiveness of the	r
•	ent
To consider (i) internal Audit activity and the effectiveness of the system of internal control (ii) conclusions on the control environme (iii) assurance provided in 2020/21 (iv) matters that relate to Intern	ent
2021/22 To consider (i) internal Audit activity and the effectiveness of the system of internal control (ii) conclusions on the control environme (iii) assurance provided in 2020/21 (iv) matters that relate to Intern Audit activity in 2021/22.	ent
To consider (i) internal Audit activity and the effectiveness of the system of internal control (ii) conclusions on the control environme (iii) assurance provided in 2020/21 (iv) matters that relate to Intern Audit activity in 2021/22.	ent

16: Exclusion of the Public

To resolve that under Section 100(A)(4) of the Local Government Act 1972, the public be excluded from the meeting during consideration of the following items of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Act.

17: Quarterly Report of Internal Audit Q4 2020/21 January 2021 to March 2021

323 -338

Exempt information within Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 namely that the report contains information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information). The public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information and providing greater openness in the Council's decision making.

Exempt appendix in relation to Agenda Item 12. Contact: Martin Dearnley, Head of Risk

Agenda Item 2

Contact Officer: Andrea Woodside

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

Tuesday 9th March 2021

- Present: Councillor Will Simpson (Chair) Councillor Kath Pinnock Councillor Steve Hall Councillor John Taylor Councillor Paola Antonia Davies Councillor Susan Lee-Richards Councillor Donald Firth
- In attendance: Councillor Eric Firth (Ex Officio) Chair of Standards Committee Councillor Elizabeth Smaje (Ex Officio) – Chair of Overview and Scrutiny Committee Councillor Graham Turner (Ex Officio) – Cabinet Member (Resources)
- 1 **Membership of the Committee** All Members of the Committee were present.
- 2 Minutes of Previous Meeting RESOLVED – That the Minutes of the Meeting held on 20 January 2021 be approved as a correct record.

3 Declarations of Interest

There were no declarations of interest.

4 Admission of the Public

It was noted that there were no matters listed for consideration in exempt session.

- 5 **Deputations/Petitions** No deputations or petitions were received.
- 6 **Public Question Time (Written Questions)** No questions were received.
- 7 Report of the Members' Allowances Independent Review Panel (MAIRP) 2021/22 (Reference to Council)

The Committee received the report of the Members Allowances Independent Review Panel, which set out recommendations proposed for the 2021/2022 municipal year. It was noted that the Panel met on an annual basis to consider and recommend a scheme, having regard to evidence received. The report of the Members Allowances Independent Review Panel was attached at Appendix A of the considered report, and recommended that;

- (i) The current basic allowance be increased in line with the amount awarded to Kirklees Council Officers (to be determined) with effect from 1 April 2021.
- (ii) Special Responsibility Allowances remain at the 2020 rate pending a root and branch review of the Members' Allowances Scheme due to take place in summer 2021, and that any increase to Special Responsibility Allowances arising as an outcome of the review, be backdated to 1 April 2021.
- Should the amount awarded to Kirklees Council Officers not be agreed by 1 April 2021, any increase to the basic allowance be backdated to 1 April 2021.

The draft scheme for 2021, taking account of the recommendations, was attached at Appendix B.

In considering the report, the Committee conveyed thanks to the Panel for the work that had been undertaken, but were of the view that the basic allowance should not be increased with effect from 1 April 2021, and that a report be submitted to the meeting of Council on 17 March 2021 with a recommendation that an increase to the basic allowance not be applied for the 2021/2022 municipal year.

RESOLVED – That the report be submitted to the meeting of Council on 17 March 2021 with a recommendation;

- (i) That Council conveys thanks to the Members Allowances Independent Review Panel for their work and notes the outcomes of the Panel, as attached at Appendix A of the report.
- (ii) That Council resolve not to apply an increase to the Members Basic Allowance for the 2021/2022 municipal year.
- (iii) That it be noted that, should changes subsequently be applied to Special Responsibility Allowances, following the review of Members Allowances Scheme scheduled to take place in summer 2021, the Panel had recommended that any such adjustments to payments be backdated if applicable.
- (iv) That it be noted that the outcome of the review of the Members Allowances Scheme, scheduled to take place in summer 2021, will be considered by Corporate Governance and Audit Committee before any further recommendations are made to Council regarding any proposed changes to Member Special Responsibility Allowances.

8 Mayoral Accountability (Reference to Cabinet)

The Committee received a report which set out proposals with regards to mayoral accountability and requested that the Committee give consideration to potential recommendations for holding the Elected Mayor to account.

The report provided an overview of concurrent powers and Appendix 1 set out a table of functions which would be conferred upon the Mayoral Combined Authority. Appendix 2 to the report summarised the suggestions which had been made at a workshop held on 14 January 2021 and which had been attended by Members of the Committee, along with Chairs of Scrutiny Panels, and representatives from Groups not otherwise represented on Committees party to the discussions.

In considering the report, the Committee raised several matters in terms of both mayoral accountability, and to inform a separate independent submission to be sent from the Chair of the Committee to the West Yorkshire Combined Authority (WYCA). The issues discussed by the Committee included (i) the need to strengthen the relationship between WYCA and constituent Councils (ii) the need to create a model of operation fit for all constituent authorities and across the West Yorkshire area (iii) creating arrangements for the Elected Mayor to attend a meeting of Council, at least annually (iv) improve engagement and transparency by allowing Deputation and Public Questions at WYCA Meetings, enabling representations at meetings including Scrutiny (v) enabling attendance at meetings via the use of a Substitutes Panel (vi) encouraging changes to improve local democracy, and to implement changes as soon as is possible (vii) the need for clarity with regards to operational scrutiny arrangements (viii) considering attendance arrangements at local WYCA scrutiny meetings and developing better joined up working and (ix) enabling annual accountability of the mayoral programme and their achievements.

The Committee also requested that recommendation 6.3 in the report be amended to reflect that consultation be with Group Leaders, and not solely the Leader of the Council.

RESOLVED –

- 1) That the report, and the suggestions presented at the workshop, held on 4 January 2021, and set out at Appendix 2, be noted.
- 2) That authority be delegated to the Chair of the Committee to submit an independent representation to the West Yorkshire Combined Authority, setting out recommendations for mayoral accountability.
- 3) That the report be submitted to the meeting of Cabinet on 16 March 2021 with the recommendation that (i) Cabinet adopt the draft protocol on concurrent functions and associated statutory consents, as attached at Appendix 1 to the report, to further document the basis on which the Council, along with other West Yorkshire Councils and the Mayoral Combined Authority, work together and (ii) authority be delegated to the Chief Executive, in consultation with Group Leaders, to agree any subsequent changes to the protocol.

9 Dates of Council Meetings 2021/2022 (Reference to Council)

The Committee received a report which set out a provisional schedule of Council meeting dates for the 2021/2022 municipal year. The report sought endorsement of the schedule for submission to the meeting of Annual Council on 19 May 2021.

The Committee noted the schedule and discussion took place regarding the format of Key Discussion meetings, specifically regarding the selection of discussion topics

and the need for members to engage in valuable discussions, by being informed by presentation documents or reports in advance of the meeting were possible. The Committee also noted the need to give consideration at a later stage to scheduling the attendance of the Elected Mayor so that discussions could take place at a full Council meeting as to their ambitions for the area.

RESOLVED – That the schedule of Council meetings for the 2021-2022 municipal year be submitted to the meeting of Annual Council on 19 May 2021 with a recommendation of approval.

	KIRKLEES	KIRKLEES COUNCIL	
	COUNCIL/CABINET/COMMITTEE MEETINGS ETC DECLARATION OF INTERESTS Corporate Governance and Audit Committee	JCABINET/COMMITTEE MEETINGS ET DECLARATION OF INTERESTS Drate Governance and Audit Committee	J
Name of Councillor			
ltem in which you have an interest	Type of interest (eg a disclosable pecuniary interest or an "Other Interest")	Does the nature of the interest require you to withdraw from the meeting while the item in which you have an interest is under consideration? [Y/N]	Brief description of your interest
Signed:	Dated:		

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests
If you have any of the following pecuniary interests, they are your disclosable pecuniary interests under the new national rules. Any reference to spouse or civil partner includes any person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or as if they were your civil partner.
Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain, which you, or your spouse or civil partner, undertakes.
Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from your council or authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by you in carrying out duties as a member, or towards your election expenses.
 Any contract which is made between you, or your spouse or your civil partner (or a body in which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, has a beneficial interest) and your council or authority - under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and which has not been fully discharged.
Any beneficial interest in land which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, have and which is within the area of your council or authority.
Any licence (alone or jointly with others) which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, holds to occupy land in the area of your council or authority for a month or longer.
Any tenancy where (to your knowledge) - the landlord is your council or authority; and the tenant is a body in which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, has a beneficial interest.
Any beneficial interest which you, or your spouse or your civil partner has in securities of a body where - (a) that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of your council or authority; and (h) either -
by our one hundredth of the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in
which you, or your spouse or your civil partner, has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

NOTES



Name of meeting: Corporate Governance & Audit Committee **Date:** 22nd April 2021

Title of report: Proposed Revisions to Contract Procedure Rules

Purpose of report; To provide information on proposed changes to Contract Procedure Rules for the municipal year 2021/22

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Not applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's</u> Forward Plan (key decisions and private reports)?	Not applicable
The Decision - Is it eligible for "call in" by Scrutiny?	Not applicable
Date signed off by Director & name	J Muscroft Service Director - Legal Governance and Commissioning
Is it also signed off by the Service Director	
for Finance, IT & Transactional Services	Yes 14.04.2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director - Legal Governance and Commissioning?	Yes 14.04.2021
Cabinet member portfolio	Not applicable

Electoral wards affected: All **Ward councillors consulted:** Not applicable **Have you considered GDPR;** Yes Public

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report sets out information on proposed changes to Contract Procedure Rules for the year 2021/22
- 1.2 The council's contract procedure rules (CPRs) were last updated in June 2019
- 1.3 These changes reflect further changes following the UK's departure from the EU.
- 1.4 The areas proposed for amendment relate to; decision making, clarity about when bonds are required, a new appendix in relation to grants, considering and encouraging social value in procurement, encouraging local suppliers to bid for contracts, updated section on use of presentations and interviews, demonstrating value for money when undertaking a direct award, updated procurement thresholds.
- 1.5 A more fundamental review of the CPRs will be undertaken at the appropriate time (either 2022 and/ or 2023) in line with any legislative changes relating to the outcome of Green Paper; Transforming Public Procurement. The government's goal is to speed up and simplify our procurement processes, place value for money at their heart, and unleash opportunities for small businesses, charities and social enterprises to innovate in public service delivery.

2. Information required to take a decision

- 2.1 The detail is contained within a summary schedule, Appendix 1.
- 2.2 The new CPRs ensure that the Council is acting in line with current legislation and other developments in public law when conducting procurements.
- 2.3 The main change is the amendment to reflect the changes to procurement following the UK's departure from the EU.
- 2.4 All the text changes are marked in Appendix 2 by track changes. There are a number of smaller changes and additions to improve clarity of existing arrangements or to simplify and improve existing arrangements. The other main change is the addition of a new section at 1.5 relating to recording of decisions.
- 3. Implications for the Council
- 3.1 Working with People None directly
- 3.2 Working with Partners None directly
- 3.3 Place Based Working None directly
- 3.4 Improving outcomes for children– None directly
- 3.5 Climate change and air quality- None directly
- 3.6 **Other (eg Legal/Financial or Human Resources)-** Although each of the sub categorisations above suggest no direct implications, these Contract Procedure Rules covers all aspects of the councils operations. These updated CPRs reflect good procurement practice which in turn supports the Council Plan by using procurement activity to help achieve the Council's wider objectives and outcomes. The legal obligation to have CPR's is to comply with Section 135 Local Government Act 1972 and the Public Contracts Regulations 2015

4. Consultees and their opinions

4.1 Consultation has been carried out with the Head of Audit and Risk, Head of Corporate-Legal and officers in the Procurement Service. All Heads of Service have had the opportunity to comment and feedback via a short survey.

5. Next steps & Timelines

5.1 This matter will go forward to Annual Council for consideration.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

6.1 Members are asked to consider the proposed changes to Contract Procedure Rules and recommend them to Annual Council for approval.

7. Cabinet portfolio holder recommendation

7.1 Not applicable.

8. Contact officer

Jane Lockwood, Head of Procurement (01484 221000)

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions The attached document includes track changes. The 2019 version of CPRs is available as a part of the council constitution

10. Service Director responsible

Julie Muscroft, Service Director- Legal, Governance and Commissioning Eamonn Croston, Service Director-Finance This page is intentionally left blank

CONTRACT PROCEDURE RULES PROPOSED REVISIONS TABLE

Paragraph	Proposed Changes
Paragraph General	 Proposed Changes A tracked version of the reformatted document has been submitted. Reformatting included; Fixed autonumbering so adding / removing clauses is now easier Linked internal cross referencing so relevant clauses can be easily read together Removed multiple references to EU and OJEU and replaced with the relevant UK references Checked and amended as appropriate references to code of conduct for employees, constitution and FPR's Updated language to gender neutral i.e. changed 'his or her' to 'their'
	 Deleted some unnecessary repetition in places Amended some wording to make easier reading Linked footnotes so they remain on the page of their associated clauses Moved definitions to the end of the document
Introduction	Word changes (deletions to improve clarity). Deletion includes; Paragraph 1&2; sentence deletion to improve clarity Paragraph relating to EU procurement deleted
	Text updated in relation to grants Text addition in last paragraph (procurement principles) to focus on the use of social value considerations in procurement processes.
1.4.3	Text addition to include responsibility for nomination of a suitable contract manager
1.5	A new section has been added to strengthen recording of decision making in relation to procurement activity
2.1.14	Text deletion after this sentence as the appendix has been removed, making the sentence superfluous
2.1.15	Updated to make clearer when bonds will be required
2.7	Text removed as relating to 2011
2.9	Text simplified
2.10	Text simplified
3.1	Text simplified to be clearer about inviting local suppliers to quote for contracts
3.4	Text addition to reinforce the requirement that suitable suppliers must be invited
4.14-4.16	Word changes to simplify conditions for use of presentations and interviews as part of a procurement process
5.9 & 5.10	Text simplified
5.14.7	Removal of 5 year limit for Dynamic Purchasing Systems (DPS) to increase flexibility and ability to run for a longer period if required. (new entrants are accepted throughout the life of a DPS and able to compete for

	contracts)	
	Addition of due diligence assessments of suppliers on the DPS	
5.18	Text addition to ensure value for money consideration	
5.18.4	Text removed as a central list does not exist and due diligence is observed at	
	5.18.1 & 2	
6.2	Text addition to ensure value for money is evidenced and recorded when	
	exercising a direct award through an approved framework	
6.9	Text removed relating to EU	
8.6.1	Test simplified	
10.8	Text removed relating to KNH	
11.1	Additional text to cover modifications during contract term	
Appendices	Removal of appendix 1 (links to existing council policies), remaining appendices	
	updated accordingly	
	Revised Appendix 1 - Updated to include most up to date relevant thresholds	
	Revised Appendix 2 - Updated to include information that is required for the	
	contracts register	
	Addition of new Appendix 4 – guide for considering grant or procurement	

Appendix 2 / Draft V21

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

CONTRACT PROCEDURE RULES

JUNE 2021

Page 13

CONTRACT PROCEDURE RULES

Contents

INTRODUCTION
RULE 1 – CONDUCT AND COMPLIANCE AND WAIVER
RULE 2 – PREPARATION AND PROCESS
RULE 3 - PROCUREMENT PROCESS
RULE 4 –TENDER RECEIPT & EVALUATION
RULE 5 – STANDING LISTS, DYNAMIC PURCHASING SYSTEMS AND FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS: CREATIONAND USAGE 2315
RULE 6 – EXCEPTIONS FROM COMPETITION
RULE 7 - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING
RULE 8 - INCOME CONTRACTS & CONCESSIONS
RULE 9 - LAND
RULE 10 – EXECUTING CONTRACTS
RULE 11 – VARIATION AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS AND RELEASE OF BONDS
RULE 12 - MISCELLANEOUS
DEFINITIONS
Appendix 1
Appendix 2
Appendix 3
Appendix 4

Definitions Introduction

- 1. CONDUCT AND COMPLIANCE AND WAIVER
- 2. PREPARATION-AND-PROCESS
- 3. PROCUREMENT PROCESS
- 4. TENDER-RECEIPT &-EVALUATION

5- STANDING LISTS, DYNAMIC PURCHASING SYSTEMS AND FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS: CREATIONAND USAGE

- 6. EXCEPTIONS-FROM-COMPETITION
- 7. RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING
- 8. INCOME-CONTRACTS-&-CONCESSIONS-(INCLUDING-NIL-VALUE-AND-DISPOSAL-CONTRACTS)
- 9. LAND
- 10. EXECUTING-CONTRACTS
- 11. VARIATION AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS AND RELEASE OF BONDS

•

Formatted: Normal, Space Before: 0 pt

12. MISCELLANEOUS

ŧ

Formatted: Normal, Space Before: 0 pt, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 1.68 cm + 1.69 cm Formatted: Normal

Formatted: Normal, Space Before: 0 pt

Formatted: Normal, Left, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt

DEFINITIONS

L

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt Formatted: Normal

Award Critoria	Relate directly to the goods, services or works to be provided. Award criteria	
	evaluate supplier's offers made in relation to fulfilling the Council's	
	requirements for the Supply, in particular the Specification.	
	requirements for the supply, in particular the specification.	
Chief Executive	The Chief Executive is the head of the Council's paid staff and its principal	
Chief Excounte	adviser on policy matters and leads the discharge of Council strategy and	
	responsibilities.	
	responsionales.	
Chief Finance Officer	Means the Service Director Finance, Professional & Transactional Services.	
	means the service sheeton - Hindreey Professional & Hansaetonal services.	
Commissioning	The relationship between commissioning and procurement is described in	
0	the diagram in Appendix 34.	
Conflict of Interest	Means any interest outside of the Council which may appear to an objective-	
	bystander to affect the fair judgment of an Officer or Member or any other-	
	person acting on the Council's behalf in the Procurement of a Supply or the-	
	disposal of property (including Land). The concept of conflict of interest shall	
	at least cover any situation where relevant person has, directly or indirectly,	
	a financial, economic or other personal interest which might be perceived to-	
	compromise his or her impartiality and independence in the context of a-	
	Procurement or sale procedure.	
CPR	Means these Contract Procedure Rules.	Formatted Table
Data Protection	Means the Data Protection Act 2018, the EU Data Protection Directive	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.27 cm
Legislation	95/46/EC, and all other laws and regulations relating to the processing of-	
	personal data and privacy, and also where applicable the guidance and codesof	
	practice issued by the Information Commissioner. <u>Means all applicable data-</u>	
	protection and privacy legislation in force from time to time in the UK including	
	the retained EU law version of the General Data Protection Regulation ((EU)	
	2016/679) (UK GDPR), the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018) (and	
	regulations made thereunder), the Privacy and Electronic Communications	
	Regulations 2003 (SI 2003/2426), the Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic	
	Communications (Amendments etc) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019/419 and the	
	guidance and codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or-	
	other relevant regulatory authority and applicable to a Party.	
	•	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.27 cm, Right: 0 cm,
Dynamic Purchasing	Is a procurement tool available for contracts for works, services and goods-	Space Before: 0 pt
System	commonly available on the market. It has its own specific set of requirements	
****	(as set out in Regulation 34 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015); for-	
	example, it must be run as a completely electronic process, must remain	
	open to new entrants, all suppliers on the relevant category in the Dynamic-	
	Purchasing System must be invited to quote for contracts, and it should be-	
	set up using the restricted procedure.	
	set up using the restricted procedure.	

che2001 ublevolativerkolabilatallatallatallatallatatativerativer rules

Page 16

chei8881ubleevlanverdetabriatalleevlaater and brindered instruction contracts 200 tokistiwe ka 2021:04-22 ontractsprotedure rules

⁺For contracts where the Council provides services to another body, please refer to FPRs 20.4 20.6

² Note: Contract hire, lease and rental agreements require the specific advance approval of the Director of Resources or hisdelegate [See the FPR].

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Right: 0 cm

ch:2031 white 49 myork databala line a 100 to the a brind or a line trade of the or a 20 to the set of the set

Standing List	A list of suppliers who are assessed as suitable to provide Supplies to the
	Council prepared in accordance with CPR 5.
Suitability Criteria	Relate to the assessment or vetting of suppliers' general capability, fidelity,
	skill, competence, etc. to carry out the contract. 'Suitability' shall be-
	interpreted accordingly.
Supplier	Any person, partnership, company, or other organisation, which provides or contractually offers to provide any Supply to the Council or on behalf of the Council.
Tender	A written offer in relation to a Supply or Disposal of Assets making reference to a price and (where applicable) other information.
Value for Money	Securing the best mix of quality and effectiveness for the least outlay over
	the period of use of the goods or services bought.
Whole Life Costing Approach	Is an approach which addresses all the elements of a Supply over its life cycle such as:-
Approach	 costs relating to acquisition,
	 costs of use, such as consumption of energy and other
	resources,
	maintenance costs,
	 end of life costs, such as collection and recycling costs
	which can be used to produce a spend profile of the Supply over its-
	anticipated lifespan.
YORTender	The on-line Supplier and Contract Management System used by the Council
	to operate e-tenders and for the online management of suppliers and
	contracts and to advertise contracts.
<u>*</u>	In the text a * means the value will track the EU threshold rounded down to
	the nearest £5,000. Also, see "EU threshold"
+ The words "including	g", "include", "for example", "e.g.", and "such as" in these CPRs indicate

chu38814blandemerkodabalatalleia/2014 @ADDivisionelineteelineteeleboohtoota2020bl/14/w/w8a)2021/04-22.000tratheroteelure rules

examples and are not intended to be limiting

L

INTRODUCTION

These Contract Procedure Rules (<u>CPRs</u>) aim to promote the highest standard of probity, integrity, and impartialityin making a clear, understandable and fair selection of Suppliers and Supplies to the Council. Equally important are the delivery of best value through competitive procedures and the avoidance of practices which may restrict, prevent or distort competition. To that end procurers shall follow the <u>'Procurement</u>

Principles' referred to below.

These Contract Procedure Rules cover the Procurement of all Supplies (goods, works and services) and Income Contracts. Service Directors should recognise the Council's view of the difference between Commissioning and Procurement (see Appendix 4).

These Contract Procedure Rules must be complied with strictly. They are minimum requirements. A more thorough procedure may be appropriate for particular Supplies. However, when designing the Procurement within the parameters of these CPRs, the process and the Specification-should be clearly related to and proportionate and relative to the need which the Supply fulfils and should appropriately balance the value of and risks associated with any proposed action.

EU Procurement Rules, which are often more onerous, also apply to the procurement of all works, goodsand services exceeding the EU Threshold, and where there is a conflict between these Contract Procedure Rules and the EU Procurement Rules, the EU Procurement Rules prevail. The GDPR principles of dataprotection by design and by default and by minimisation should also be taken into consideration in thecontext of contracts and their award procedures that involve the transfer of personal data.

The Council's Financial Procedure Rules must also be complied with. In particular if you are giving a Grant then FPR 20 will apply.

Where the council wishes to obtain the delivery of goods, works, or services, the use of procurement is the usual method. Grants should only be used to assist or support objectives of another organisation. In some instances instances, CPRs will apply to grants (see Appendix 4 Appendix 4 Appendix 4).

Procurement Principles:

The aim of every procurement exercise should be value for money. In pursuit of that aim, procurers shall endeavour to treat market operators equally and without discrimination, and to act in a transparent and proportionate manner. Without detracting from those principles, procurers should <u>take every opportunity</u> to consider how <u>improvements to the economic, social and environmental wellbeing of the district (social value) canmight</u> be <u>generated and</u> enhanced in contracts and procurement processes, including encouraging the <u>participationofparticipation of local local</u>-businesses in Council tenders.

Formatted: Font: Not Bold, Underline Formatted: Heading 1, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt

Formatted: Right: 0.99 cm, Space Before: 2.55 pt, Line spacing: single

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Font: 12 pt			
ormatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Right: 0.99 cm, pace Before: 0.05 pt			
ormatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic			
ormatted: Font: 12 pt			
ormatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic			
ormatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic			
ormatted: Font: 12 pt			
ormatted: Font: Italic			
ormatted: Underline			

echel868Juble6949threshådebeteste og and an and an and an and an and a state of a state of the s

RULE 1 – CONDUCT AND COMPLIANCE AND WAIVER

I	1.1	All Council employees, and any person or organisation working on behalf of the Council in Procuringor managing a Supply, must comply with these CPRs.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
	1.2	Cabinet may waive any parts of these CPRs on a case by case basis following consideration of a detailed report setting out in particular: particular: -	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
		1.2.1 the legality of the proposed non-compliant process or action; and1.2.2 the reputational and financial risks associated with the proposed non-compliant processor action.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
l	1.3	Failure to comply with these CPRs without a valid waiver may result in disciplinary action against the officers concerned and may in some cases constitute a criminal offence.	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
	1.4	Each Service Director must ensure:-	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
1		 1.4.1 compliance with these CPRs and the FPRs, using training, instruction and internalcontrolal control processes; 1.4.2 appropriate supervision and performance management to ensure that decisions takenare- are 	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
		subject to authorisation and quality control procedures. 1.4.21.4.3 For every contractual relationship the Council enters into, the Service Director must ensure- that a suitably experienced and trained officer is identified to adequately manage the Contract for every contractual relationship the Council enters into.	
	<u>1.5</u>	When authorising staff to procure Supplies on his or hertheir behalf, each Service Director must set afinancial (or other) limit on the authority vested in individual officers to procure the Supplies. Such limits must be recorded in the relevant Scheme of Officer delegations. An officer wishing to commence a procurement exercise and/-or commit the council to contractual obligations must ensure that-:	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
		 1.5.1 Ensure before the start of the process that they have the Cabinet authority/ or a written approval 	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.59 cm, No bullets or numbering
		of the delegated decision by an authorised officer under the Scheme of Officer Delegation is in- place to incur the expenditure and provide- details to the [Head of Corporate Procurement]	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
		<u>1.5.2 Ensure that officer executive decisions are recorded accurately and promptly and to-include including the relevant information required, such as the context in which the decision was taken, the reasons for the decision and alternative options considered.</u>	
		1.5.3 Ensure that all significant officer decisions taken relating to the procurement exercise -(iei.e.) decisions which may be of interest to councillors and/or the public) are recorded and shared with the Governance Team, so that the information can be made available to members of the public. via ModernGov and the Kirklees website.	
		1.51 Ensure that where a Supply is a Key Decision (as defined in the Council's Constitution – Access to Information Procedure Rules), that a Key Decision Notice (KDN) has been published in a Notice of Forthcoming Key Decisions.	
	1.6	The Head of Procurement may:-	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not
		 1.6.1 authorise officers who are not procurement officers under <u>his or hertheir</u> managerial responsibility to act on <u>their his or her</u> behalf in respect of any role assigned to the Head of Procurement in these CPRs; 	at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm

- 1.6.2 issue waivers in relation to the need to consult him or herthem under CPR 1.3;
- 1.6.3 undertake a review of procurement arrangements and practices, and value for money within any service area, in consultation-, as appropriate, with the Service Director, Solicitor to the Council,

hereal union the second states and the second s

Chief Finance Officer and Head of Internal Audit.

1.7 The Head of Procurement must record the precise extent of such authorisations and the officer to to the which roles have been delegated and share these authorisations with the Solicitor to the Council and the Head of Internal Audit.

1.71.8 A Service Director has authority to commence any Procurement subject to:-

<u>1.7.1.1</u> compliance with these CPRs and FPRs; and

1.7.1.21.8.2 having appropriate delegated authority; and

<u>1.7.1.31.8.3</u> compliance with management processes designed to ensure that proposed projects <u>mmeet</u> the Council's business needs; and

- 1.7.1.41.8.4 seeking Value for Money.
- <u>1.9</u> These CPRs are a minimum standard and a more prescriptive procurement regime must be followed where this is required by European and-UK law and agreements with Grant fundingog_ organisations.

1.8

Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.59 Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.31 cm + Indent at: 3.57 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 1.59 cm, No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm

1.91.10 The Head of Procurement, the Solicitor to the Council and the Head of Internal Audit may each issue Guidance Notes to aid the interpretation of these CPRs, with the following leading responsibilities:-	•	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
1.9.11.10.1 the Head of Procurement – Good Procurement Practice; 1.9.21.10.2Solicitor to the Council – <u>UKThe EU</u> Procurement Rules and other laws and CorporateG_	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
<u>G</u> overnance; 1.9.3 <u>1.10.3</u> Head of Internal Audit – Procurement project related financial management, Best Valu <u>e a</u> a nd Risk.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
<u>1.101.11</u> Any dispute concerning interpretation of these CPRs must be referred to the Head of Internal Auditwho, in consultation with the Solicitor to the Council, may provide clarification and determination.	•	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
1.1111.12 Subject to Part 3 of the Council's constitution and without prejudice to the role of the Monitoring Officer or the Chief Finance Officer, the Chief Executive may reassign specific duties delegated in these CPPs to the Wood of Programmate the Wood of Internal Audit, and the Colisitor		Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.19 cm, Hanging: 1.31 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
delegated in these CPRs to the Head of Procurement, the Head of Internal Audit, and the Solicitor to the Councilprovided that:-		
<u>1.11.11.12.1</u> the post holders to whom these duties are assigned must hold general competencies <u>as</u> <u>follows</u> -inrespect of:-	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm
 public sector procurement in respect of duties reassigned from the Head of Procurement; 	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Tab stops: Not at 4.32 cm + 4.32 cm
 finance in respect of duties reassigned from the Head of Internal Audit; Law and Court procedure in respect of duties reassigned from Solicitor to the Council. 	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Hanging: 0.75 cm, Right: 2.35 cm, Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 4.32 cm + 4.32 cm
1.11.2. the same degree of separation of officer responsibility for the duties is		
maintained.		Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold
Conflicts of Interest and Integrity ¹ y ² :		Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	-	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold
	$\neg \mathbb{N}$	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by /
<u>1.13</u> Service Directors shall take appropriate measures to effectively prevent, identify and remedy conflicts of interest arising in the conduct of procurement procedures soto avoid as toavoid any		Condensed by
distortion of competition and to ensure equal treatment of all economic operators.		Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold
<u>1.12.1</u>	- 11	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
<u>1.14</u> Any Officer, Member or other person acting on the Council's behalf in procuring a Supply must declare any potential Conflict of Interest as soon as <u>he or she</u> they becomes aware of a potential	$\langle \rangle$	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold
Conflict of Interest and update the declaration in the event of an <u>v cyc</u> hanges.		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
1.12.2 1.15 Service Directors must record such declarations and in each case decide whether safeguards need	-	Formatted: Normal, Left, Right: 1.02 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, No bullets or numbering
to be put in place or the Officer or Member concerned should bere removed from the Procurement		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
or Disposal process.	-	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 1.02 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm
Audit and Solicitor to the Council (or any other persons undertaking their rrresponsibilities by		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
application of CPR 1.11 or CPR 1.6) must reach their decisions independently.		Formatted: Normal, Right: 1.02 cm, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm
	\	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
¹ Officers should also familiarise themselves with the FPRs 17 and 18, Chapter 7 of the Employee Handbook and Part 5.6 of theCouncil's Constitution and Mambars should also refer to Part 5.1 of the Constitution	-	Formatted: Normal, Right: 1.02 cm, Space Before: 0
Constitution and Members should also refer to Part 5.1 of the Constitution. coh:0003.http://www.weishdobulata/books.coh:constrates.coh:coh:constrates.coh:co		pt, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm

L

² Officers should also familiarise themselves with the FPRs 17 and 18, Chapter 7 of the Employee Handbook and Part 5.7 of the	Formatted: Highlight
Council's Constitution and Members should also refer to Part 5.1 of the Constitution.	Formatted: Body Text Space Before: 0.1 pt

chuReatubleteterweitedestatetellere 1902: 0:02 tristeret instrater and contractore about 18 with 8 al 2021:04-22 contractor or edure rules

l

RULE 2 – PREPARATION AND PROCESS

I

1.1.2.1. Each Service Director must ensure:-		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
1.1.1.2.1.1. That Supplies of a similar type are procured together where it is sensible to do so. A Procurement must not be subdivided with the effect of preventing it from falling within the scope of these CPRs or the UK EU Procurement Rules, unless justified by objective reasons.	R	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
2.1.2. Each Procurement complies with the following:-		
1.1.2.		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
 a. it is justified by a business case (that includes a risk assessment) approved personally by<u>d by</u> a Senior Manager with relevant authority to purchase; and b. a Whole Life Costing Approach underpins the specification of the Supply,—and 	s	cormatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering, Tab tops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
c. it aligns with the Procurement Strategy; and	F	ormatted: Indent: Left: 2.86 cm, Hanging: 0.64 cm
 d. it complies with any requirements or agreements regarding the use of in-house Service suppliers (see CPR <u>6.146.12</u>), consortia and other suppliers (Service 		Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.86 cm, Hanging: 0.64 cm, Right: 2.1 cm, Line spacing: single
Directorsshould, for example, consult the Head of Procurement about decisions_ and options available_that havebeen made-under CPRs 6.12 6.10 & 6.13 6.11 and contracted suppliers).		
<u>1.1.3.2.1.3.</u> The Supply is likely to be within budgetary provision (see CPR <u>10.1</u> 10.1).	S	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, .eft + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
1.1.4.2.1.4. An estimate of the full cost of the Supply contract or Framework Agreement which is a sas		
accurate as possible is made. Valuations must:	R	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Line spacing: single, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, .eft + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
 a. be estimated by reference to the gross value of the Supply contract (including installation, supplier maintenance, options, and any income gained by all Suppliers involved in the agreement); 		Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.86 cm, Hanging: 0.64 cm, Right: 2.1 cm
 b. assess the gross value of a Framework Agreement to be the reasonably estimated value of all Supply contracts which might be made through it; c. where the Supply contract includes a fixed duration, cover the entire possible 		
duration of the contract (i.e. including any options, such as for extension or	F	formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
renewal); d. where a maximum contract duration is not certain, treat the contract as if it lasts for 4 years;		
e. include any Grant funding;		
f. exclude VAT.		
1.1.5.2.1.5. Where the cost of the Supply is less than the <u>UK-EU relevant UK public procurement tT</u> . <u>Threshold and an approved FrameworkAgreement or Dynamic Purchasing System is not being used, there must be consultation with the Head of Procurement to see whether the value of the</u>	R	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
Supply needs to be aggregated with any other similar Supplies for the purposes of the <u>UK</u> EU Procurement Rules.		
<u>1.1.6.2.1.6.</u> Regard is given to Best Value and the Public Sector Equality Duty and consultations with the public have been carried out as required.	R	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, .eft + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
1.1.7.2.1.7. The process can be adequately resourced.	• F T	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, ab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57
1.1.8. The preparation of appropriate Specifications, costs/pricing document(s), contract terms (other	· \ >	:m + 3.57 cm
than Land Contracts and subject to CPR <u>2.1.10</u> 2.1(10) below) and other procurement documentation. The documents by must be likely to be understandable by all reasonably well		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
er her and the second and a second and a second and the		

informed people in the relevant industry in the same way. The documents must be likely to be understandable byall reasonably well informed people in the relevant industry in the same way.

cdx2001ubla0d0mmalsddabalataVetaV0001c0c0dbrindovedinetaa120cobteasta20btoV136w648a12021404-32.coptratteorocedure rules

2.1.8.

² This

1.1.9.2.1.9. For contracts up to the <u>UK-public procurement EU</u> supplies and services threshold, other than Land Contracts. (as to which see CPR 9); the Service Director shall wherever possible use	
appropriate standard contract terms. Otherwise every contract for Supplies or Income Contract	
must set out:	
a. details of the Supply to be made or to be disposed of;	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.86 cm, Hanging: 0.64 cm,
b. the price or prices to be paid or received and/or the amounts and frequency or	Right: 2.1 cm
the method of calculation of contract payments with a statement of discounts or	
other deductions; c. the time(s) within which the contract is to be performed;	
d. termination provisions and break clauses, if appropriate;	
e. appropriate data protection clauses where personal data is involved; and	
f. such other matters as the Solicitor to the Council considers to be necessary (the	
Solicitor to the Council need not be consulted, but guidance must be followed).	
1.1.10.2.1.10 For contracts above the UK public procurementEU supplies and services threshold, ←	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm,
other than Land Contracts (as to which see CPR 9); _ the Service Director must consult with the	Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left +
Solicitor to the Council who will prepare contract documentation appropriate for the contract.	Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
<u>1.1.11.2.1.11.</u> Where a competitive process is being carried $out_{\underline{L}}$: a transparent, unambiguous and \leftarrow	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left +
clearly set out schedule of Award Criteria, which are objectively verifiable and non- discriminatory	Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
and are appropriately prioritised, must be prepared and advertised. These criteria must be linked to the subject matter of the contract, must not includ <u>eue u</u> nlawful non-commercial	
considerations or Suitability Criteria (which should be identified separately and must follow CPR	
3.53.4 - 3.93.9 and must be proportional to the <u>c</u> ontract's main objectives.	
1.1.12.2.1.12. Consideration of whether it would be appropriate to divide large procurements into ←	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm,
contract Lots ^{2 4} -and must record the decision and reasoning.	Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left +
	Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
1.1.13.2.1.13. The Head of Internal Audit is satisfied regarding the financial standing of a proposed ←	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm,
Supplier for any contract exceeding the UKEU supplies and services threshold.	Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
<u>1.1.14.2.1.14.</u> The appointment of an officer to carry out supervision of the resulting contract(s) in ← accordance with Financial Procedure Rule 21.8.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left +
	Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
1.1.15. That (unless Cabinet authorises otherwise) the formal Council policies and/or guides	
referred to in Appendix 1 are followed.	
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Right: 0 cm, No
2.1.15. All supply contracts relating to;	bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82
- ✓	cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
acapital construction works in excess of £300,000_	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
b. • any IT contracts that involve pre operational payments in excess of £300,000	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.86 cm, Hanging: 0.64 cm
caany contracts with a total consideration in excess of £3m	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
1.1.16	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
Tender value, except where the Solicitor to the Council and Head of Internal Audit	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Right: 2.1
agree either:-	cm, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 2.75 cm, Left + 4.82 cm, Left + 4.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm +
	3.57 cm
a.iNo bond is necessary; or ←	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Hanging: 0.75 cm,
	Right: 2.1 cm, Tab stops: Not at 4.82 cm + 4.82 cm
is not the same thing as disaggregation. Please contact Corporate Procurement if there is any doubt about whatthis means.	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
al utilise demonstrated and a second a	

b-ii. A different value (or percentage) is appropriate; and or
 c-iii. A parent company guarantee or other form of surety can be accepted instead.

1.1.17.2.1.16. A risk log is maintained during the Procurement process.

⁴ This is not the same thing as disaggregation. Please contact Corporate Procurement if there is any doubt about what this means.

The Head of Procurement is consulted at the preparatory stage

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm Formatted: Indent: Left: 0 cm

Formatted: Body Text, Space Before: 0.5 pt

<u>1.2.2.</u>	 Hif you are considering conducting interviews or receiving presentations is considered to be beneficial to the process you should discuss this with the Head of Procurement at the preparatory stage (also see CPRs 4.164.14-4.174.16). 	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
1.3. 2.3.	Before commencing any process to obtain any Supply having an estimated cost exceeding£25,000, the Service Director must consult with the Head of Procurement. The Head of Procurement must consider if any issues relating to the procurement may create risks that require ceonsultation with the Solicitor to the Council and-/-or the Head of Internal Audit, and undertake these consultations as necessary.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
<u>1.4.2.</u> 4	4The Service Director must provide to the Head of Procurement information necessary to enable the Council to comply with <u>UKEU</u> Procurement Rules. The Head of Procurement is responsible for ensuring the appropriate placing of notices in <u>the UK's e-notification service</u> , the Official Journal of the <u>European Union (OJEU)</u> Find A Tender Service (FTS) and Contract Finder. Such notices may only be placed by officers authorised to do so by the Head_of Procurement.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
<u>1.5.2.</u>	Consultation with suppliers in the relevant market is permitted but it must not prejudice any potential Supplier, and no technical advice may be sought or accepted from any supplier in relation to the preparation of any specification or contract documentation where this may distor <u>t</u> competition, provide any unfair advantage or prejudice the equal treatment of all potential Suppliers.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Keep with next, Keep lines together, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
1.6.<u>2.(</u>	6. In preparing a Specification, the Service Director should consider how the procurement activity might meet the Councils wider policy and strategy but subject always to ensuring full compliance <u>e w</u> with EU and UK procurement legislation. In respect of contracts for services, Service Directors must also consider (a) how what is proposed to be procured might improve the economic, social <u>a</u> end environmental well-being of Kirklees, (b) which proportionate actions (which must comply with the EU- Procurement Rules) might be taken in the Procurement with a view to securing that improvement, and (c) whether any consultation might be needed to inform them in relation to 2.6(b).	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
1.7.	–Where any Supplier is given possession of, or access to, any personal data, the Service Directormust have regard to the Council's obligations as regards the Data Protection Legislation., only	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.24 cm, Hanging: 1.26 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
<u>2.7.</u>	<u>Information Commissioner's Office directions to the Council and the undertaking which the Chief-Executive gave to the Information Commissioner in July 2011.</u> The Service Director must follow the Council's Information Security Policy, in particular regarding contracting with data processors <u>-</u> and sharing data ₇ and consulting with the Information Governance Team. The Service Director must ensure that:		Formatted: Font: 11 pt
	 A.2.7.1. the Supplier is verified as suitable to be trusted with the personal data before allowing gthe Supplier access to the data; B.2.7.2. appropriate guarantees of the security of the personal data are included within a written contract; 		
	C-2.7.3. the performance of the contract is appropriately monitored; D-2.7.4. appropriate steps are taken to enforce the contract where the information securitygy guarantees are not being met; E-2.7.5. appropriate steps are taken to minimise as far as possible the impact of a breach of data security;		
	F-2.7.6. arrangements that appropriately deal with the transfer, return or deletion of the ie information at the end of the contract are established.		
<u>2.8.</u>	_All contracts that involve the processing or sharing of personal data must be reported to the Information Governance Team, who will keep a log of these contracts. The log will be reviewed by the Information Governance Board on a six-monthly basis.	•	Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.24 cm, Hanging: 1.26 cm, Right: 1.73 cm, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4
competition	state damers a data takes and a second se		cm

Collaboration

1.8.2.9. The potential for genuine collaboration with other public bodies must be considered when plan planning a procurement exercise.

- 1.9.2.10. However, the EU Procurement Rules provide for joint liability where one authority procures onbehalf another (other than as a central purchasing organisation, e.g. YPO). This increases the risksfor the passive partner(s). So-Wwhen taking any benefit from a procurement in which a third party takes any degree of control, Service Directors must ensure that appropriate due diligence steps are taken to be sure that all arrangements are appropriate and compliant. Apart from in the case of Central Purchasing Organisations (like the Yorkshire Purchasing Organisation and the Crown Commercial Service); any addition to procurements on a speculative basis (for example, where the Council is added as a user to a third party framework without a likelihood the Council will use it) must be approved by the Head of Procurement.
- Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt
- Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
 - Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

chereal white Harman a data have a log and a brind and a brind and a margan a data a second a s

RULE 3 - PROCUREMENT PROCESS

1

13.1. Subiec	t to complying with the law, the process for procu	rement must comply with th	e following:-	-	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
Value of	Requirement				Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63
Supplies	Procurement Process Advertising Min no.		Min no. of Suppliers		+ Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.
			Suppliers		Formatted Table
0 - 24,999.99	Any Reasonable <u>M</u> means to select are permitted. Reasons to justify the decision taken must be recorded.	Any reasonable means	3		
	Where practicable, suppliers from Kirklees (and/or West Yorkshire) area are encouraged and should be invited to submit quotes. Officers need to ensure that purchases achieve best value for the Council and an audit trail is maintained to demonstrate this.				
	 <u>Supplies from a</u> All contracts awarded in excess of £5,000 			-	Formatted: Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.19 o Indent at: 0.82 cm
	must be reported to Corporate Procurement				Formatted: Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.19 o Indent at: 0.82 cm
25,000 – 180,000	One of the following:- • Quotations (CPRs 3-4)	As the Head of Procurement determines	Below £100,000 – 3		Formatted: Font: 11 pt, Not Bold, Not Expanded by
hreshol I	 Framework Suppliers, Standing_LLists, etc. (CPR 5) Exemptions-Exceptions (CPR 6) Internal, Consortia & Compulsory(CPR 6) 	 From a standing list An approved Framework Agreement An approved Dynamic Purchasing System Advertise on <u>VORtendereProcurem</u> <u>ent Portal</u>, Contracts Finder PLUS other<u>reasonable advertising</u> <u>means</u> 	Above £100,000 – 4	•	Condensed by Formatted: Right: 0.55 cm, Line spacing: single
<u>bove</u> 180,000	One of the following:-	Advertise on	<u>5</u>	•	Formatted: Centered
	<u>Tenders (CPRs 3 - 4)</u> <u>Framework Suppliers, Standing Lists,</u> <u>etc. (CPR 5)</u> <u>Exceptions (CPR 6)</u>	eProcurement Portal, Contracts Finder, FTS and in other media if appropriate; or Use approved Framework			
	Internal, Consortia & Compulsory(CPR 6)	Agreement; or Use approved Dynamic Purchasing System		•	Formatted: Indent: Hanging: 0.56 cm, Space Before 7.95 pt, Line spacing: single, Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.25 cm + Indent at: 0.75 cm, Tab stop: 0.75 cm, Left

consect up to the sector of th

3.23.2. These CPRs also apply to the selection of any nominated or named sub-contractor, product or	
manufacturer whose use by a supplier is a requirement of a contract specification.	

- 3.3.3. A Service Director must invite at least the number above of suppliers to submit a written Tender, unless:- 🔹
 - 3.3.13.1.1 an approved⁵.d³ Framework Agreement or Dynamic Purchasing System is being used (and in which case the rules of the Framework Agreement or the Dynamic Purchasing Systemmm.us must be followed); or
 - 3.3.2<u>3.1.2</u> it is otherwise agreed with the Head of Internal Audit in consultation with the Solicitor to the Council.
- 3.4. The Suppliers must <u>be reasonably capable of, or have indicated that they are willing to</u> submit a Tender.
 If it is not possible to identify the number of <u>suitable and/or</u> willing prospective suppliers indicated above, the Service Director must retain a record of the efforts made and reasons why an appropriate number of suppliers could no<u>t</u> btb identified.

Supplier Selection

3.4 Service Directors must satisfy themselves that Suppliers have relevant and proportional minimum levels of Suitability.

3.5.

³ See CPR 5 17

⁵ See CPR 5.17

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 1.15 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 1.15 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt

Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.82 cm

che8081ybstedomeskodabdatalleealboltetabdatatinetatatatinetaatatakocontootra0000klatiweikkal20021/04-22.comtratteroroduke rules

Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)

3.53.6. Where the procurement process has an overall value	of less than the supplies and services UK EU-	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.82 cm, No bullets or numbering
threshold, a qualification stage must not be used, alt question sis linked to the subject matter of the contra Suitability suitability of the supplier. The questions (c Procurement.	act should, as appropriate, be used to establish the	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
3.63.7. When operating a procurement process with a value and subject to CPR 3.7. The Service Director must us establish <u>Suitability suitability</u> and/or to establish a s with the Head of Procurement who will notify releva	e the Council's standard selection questionnaire to hortlist. Any variations to this must b <u>e a</u> eagreed	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
3.7 The European Single Procurement Document must	be accepted where applicable.	
3.83.8. The selection of any potential Supplier to submit a Te justifiable and rational method, approved by the Hea transparent and financial ratios to be used as part of a procurement process which is subject to the UKEU marks must be published in the relevant OJEU-FTS con	d of Procurement. Selection Criteria must be the evaluation must be disclosed. When conducting Procurement Rules, minimum_standard and/or pass	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
3.93.9. Before any self-employed supplier is awarded a cont assessed through the HMRC Employment Status Indi reported to the Head of Procurement. The Service Di the approach to procurement if the assessment sugg engage a self-employed person must be agreed with	cator (ESI) Tool. The results of this should be rector and the Head of Procurement must agree on ests that the Council faces any risk. Any proposal to	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Outline numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.4 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

RULE 4 – TENDER RECEIPT & EVALUATION

4.1	For Procurements which are valued above £25,000, suppliers must be required to submit Tenders by electronic means of communication unless the Head of Procurement agrees otherwise. This	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
	must be through the <u>eProcurement Portal YORtender system</u> -unless the Head of Procurement		
	agrees otherwise. (If the <u>H H</u> ead of Procurement approves another means, they will be required to	<	Formatted: Font color: Auto
	agree and supervise a faair meansirmeans of tender opening)		Formatted: Font color: Auto
4.2	All invitations must state clearly the date and time of return. Electronic Tenders must be returne d ind in accordance with the approved tendering system requirements.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0.98 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
4.3	All electronic Tenders received by the appointed time will be opened at the same time by the Heahe Head of Procurement.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0.98 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
4.4	At the Tendering opening the Head of Procurement will maintain a written record of the:-		
4.4	A 4.1 poturo of the Supply		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	4.4.1 nature of the Supply;4.4.2 name of each supplier submitting a Tender and the date/time of receipt;		Formatted: Normal, Right: 0.98 cm, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	4.4.3 name of suppliers failing to submit prices/proposal;4.4.4 prices from each supplier;		
	4.4.5 names of the persons present at the opening;		
	4.4.6 date and time of opening of Tenders;		
	<u>4.4.7</u> any reason for rejecting any Tender.		
4.4.7	_	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 3.57 cm, No bullets or numbering
4.5	— —Late Tenders must not be accepted unless the lateness is caused by the Council or other matters.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0.98 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
	reasonably outside of the control of the tenderer AND no unfair advantage is given to the bidder		Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
			Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed

concert and an and a second a second

4.5	which submits the late Tender. Any decision to accept a late Tender will be made by the Head of	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	Procurement following both (a) such verification as he or she <u>they</u> feels appropriate and (b)	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Conder
	approval by the Head of Internal Audit. However, deadlines may be extended at any time prior to	by
	their arrival so long as this complies with the principle of equal treatment and non-discrimination	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	between tenderers.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Conder by
	Suppliers must always be required to submit bids which comply with the tender documents.Variant- bids documents. Variant may be permitted providing that the tender documents:-	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	biosuccurrents, variant may be permitted providing that the tender documents	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	4.6.1 say whether a standard or reference bid is also required;4.6.2 include the minimum requirements to be met by the variants;	 Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Conder by
	4.6.3 set award criteria which can be applied to the variants.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
		Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Conder by
	and Any the variants which are submitted must conform to the requirements of the tender documents.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
		Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Conder
4.8	Tenders which do not comply with the <u>CPR 4.6 above in this CPR 4.6</u> may be accepted by the	by
	Service Director, only after approval by the Head of Internal Audit.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	The Service Director will carry out an evaluation of the Tenders received against the pre-set Award	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 c Right: 0.98 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57
	Criteria (CPR 2.1.11) 2.1(11)) and keep a written record of the analysis and outcome. The use of or participation in e-auctions to set prices is permitted where:-	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm Right: 1.24 cm, Tab stops: 1.57 cm, Left + 1.57 cm Left + Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
		Formatted
•	4.8.14.10.1 bids can be ranked automatically; and	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	4.8.24.10.2 the mathematical formula to determine the rankings of the bids (or each variant	Formatted
	wherevariants are permitted) is disclosed; and	Formatted
	4.8.34.10.3 the written agreement of the Head of Internal Audit has been given; and 4.8.44.10.4 the process is subject to supervision by the Head of Procurement.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	4.6.44.10.4 the process is subject to supervision by the flead of Procurement.	Formatted
.9 4.1	1 The Service Director will require tenderers to explain the price or costs proposed in their	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	tenderwhere tenders appear to be abnormally low.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Formatted
	12 The Service Director must ensure that, where required by UKEU procurement rules,	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	appropriate notices of intention to award a contract to a particular supplier, or group of suppliers,	Formatted
	are issued, and the necessary standstill period observed, prior to formal acceptance of the tender.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	The Head of Procurement will supervise the production and issuance of the mandatory debrief letters and inform the Solicitor to the Council that the debrief process has completed satisfactorily	Formatted
	prior to formal acceptance of any Tender.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Formatted
<u>.11</u> 4.	Any complaint or challenge to the procurement process at any stage must immediately be	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	referredto the Head of Procurement, who must take steps to investigate and (subject to CPR	Formatted
	4.154.13) take action as necessary, taking guidance from the Solicitor to the Council and the Head	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	of Internal Audit.	Formatted
124	14If a formal challenge is initiated (e.g. a formal letter before Court action is received or Court	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
<u>.12</u> 4.	or arbitration proceedings are commenced) the Solicitor to the Council must be informed	Formatted
	immediatelywith full objective disclosure of the facts relating to the issue(s), who will manage the	Formatted
	claim. At this stage information exchange should be restricted and Service Directors must not copy	Formatted
	dispute related information to anybody who has not seen it before until the Solicitor to the Council	Formatted
	advises about confidentiality and Legal Privilege.	Formatted

Clarifications, Presentations, and Interviews

4.134.15 Where information or documentation submitted by a bidder is or appears to be incomplete (including where specific documents are missing) or erroneous or unclear, Service Directors may request the bidder concerned to submit, supplement, clarify or complete the relevant information or documentation, provided that requests for clarification:

4.13.14.15.1 set an appropriate time limit for a reply; and
4.13.24.15.2 do not request changes or otherwise seek to influence the bidder; and
4.13.34.15.3 deal with all of the matters in the Tender which are incomplete or erroneous or unclear; and
4.15.4 treat all tenderers equally and fairly and so, for example, the request:4.13.4
4.13.4.1a. must not occur before all of the bids have been subject to an initial evaluation;

4.13.4.2b. must not unduly favour or disadvantage the bidder to whom the request isaddressed; and

4.13.4.3c. must be sent in the same way to all bidders unless there is an objectively verifiable ground justifying different treatment.

4.144.16 Clarity may also be facilitated through planned presentations designed to assist in understanding orverifying submitted bids. Clarification questions may be asked during such presentations and prior scoring may be appropriately moderated (but the presentation itself must-not be scored). All key information given in the presentation must be recorded thoroughly and any clarifications must be confirmed in writing.

4.17 Interviews and-/-or presentations which form part of the bid (rather than clarification of asubmission) are discouraged and-must be authorised by the Head of Procurement in writing. They mustymust also be:-

4.15

4.15.14.17.1 Comprehensively recorded; and 4.15.24.17.2 assessed according to transparent and objectively verifiable criteria connected to thesubject matter of the contract; and

4.15.34.17.3 supervised by the Head of Procurement.

4.16 Where interviews and / or presentations are to be used, unless the Head of Procurement agrees otherwise, all bidders must be invited to participate.

Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed

bv

Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt

 Formatted:
 Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,

 Right:
 0.98 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

 Formatted:
 Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm,

Right: 1.24 cm, Tab stops: 1.57 cm, Left + 1.57 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Right: 1.24 cm, Line spacing: single, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: 1.57 cm, Left + 1.57 cm, Left + Not at 3.57 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0.98 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Formatted: Normal, Right: 0.98 cm, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

chw8861ublg043tpersoldgatalatalloaal000acob62btiodenedinatesenteetee20bablitew6x62al2021+04-d2-cooptrateseroredweerules

RULE 5 –STANDING LISTS, DYNAMIC PURCHASING SYSTEMS AND FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS: CREATION AND USAGE

5.1 The Head of Procurement will maintain a list of approved central purchasing organisations, purchasing consortia and Council "trading services".

Standing Lists

5.2 The Head of Procurement will determine for which types of Supply Council-wide Standing Lists must bstbe kept (see CPR 6.126.10). The Head of Procurement will notify the relevant Service Director of such decisions where the Standing List is Service specific and be responsible for creation and maintenance of Standing Lists which will be used Council-wide by any Service Director requiring Supplies of that type. Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt

Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

chuses.up/sevenue/se

- 5.3 Standing Lists may be used for Supplies where the aggregated value (in compliance with the <u>UKEU</u> Procurement Rules) of the Supply in question does not exceed the relevant <u>UKEU</u> Threshold. <u>A</u> Framework Agreement or a Dynamic Purchasing System can be used where the aggregated value_exceeds the relevant <u>UKEU</u> Threshold.
- 5.4 Standing Lists will be created by the selection of suppliers to be included from those responding to atoadvertisements placed on at least the <u>eProcurement Portal</u>YORTender-web site, Contracts Finder and other appropriateme media as the Head of Procurement may determine. Standing Lists will remain valid for five years from creation. During that period the Standing List will remain open to the addition of further suppliers meeting the appropriate admission requirements and will remain advertised on the Council's web site for that time. Standing Lists must be renewed every 5 years.
- 5.5 Admission to a Standing List should be on the basis of a transparent, rational, justifiable evaluation, on of information submitted by prospective Suppliers relating to technical, financial and any other relevant matters determined by the Head of Procurement.
- 5.6 The Head of Procurement (in consultation with the Solicitor to the Council) may delete a supplie<u>r from</u> a Standing List only where there is appropriate evidence and a written report justifying the action.
- 5.7 If there are insufficient suppliers on a Standing List, or too few are willing to submit Tenders, to_
- 5.7 meet the CPR-'s Tender requirements potential Suppliers must be sought as if a Standing List is not_maintained.
- 5.8 Each Service Director must establish and advertise a set of fair, proportionate and transparent rulesthes that reflect these CPRs which set out how Supplies will be procured through each Standing List which they are responsible for.

Council Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing Systems

- 5.9 Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing Systems may be used to source contracts for appropriate types of Supplies (subject to compliance with the UKEU Procurement Rules, as applicable). However they must not be used to attempt to create further Framework Agreements or Dynamic Purchasing Systems.
- 5.10 Framework Suppliers will be chosen by a competitive process in accordance with these rules as if they were a Supply contract (but must not be procured through a standing list, another frameworkagreement or a Dynamic purchasing system) and in accordance with the <u>UKEU</u> Procurement Rules.
- 5.11 All Framework Agreements will be in the form of a written agreement detailing the method by which the Council will call off Supplies during the duration of the Framework Agreement and statingthat there will be no obligation to order any Supplies of any type from a Framework Supplier.
- 5.12 Framework Agreements above the <u>UKEU</u> Threshold must be closed to new entrants and must not lastlongert longer than 4 years without this being justified in a written assessment of the exceptional factors present and the approval of the Head of Procurement.

edural tehen werde databate level borr and bring to the transmission of the transmission of the termination of the transmission of the termination of term

•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
K	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
-	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
\backslash	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

l	5.13 Contracts created through Framework Agreements must not be greater than 4 years in duration without being justified in a written assessment of the exceptional factors present	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	and the approvalof the Head of Procurement.	
		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	5.13 —	

5.14 Dynamic Purchasing Systems must:

5.14

- 5.14.1 be set up by an advertised competitive process which is approved by the Head of Procurement; and
- 5.14.2 remain advertised; and
- 5.14.3 not limit the number of suppliers admitted to the system (but the system may be split into categories); and
- 5.14.4 be set up with clear operative rules which involve obtaining Tenders from all suppliers on the system, or on the relevant category on the system, as appropriate; and
- 5.14.5 be operated wholly electronically; and
- 5.14.6 be open to new entrants; and
 - 5.14.7 not last longer than 5 years.

5.14.7 be subject to consistent due diligence assessments of DPS participants

- 5.15 When using Framework Agreements or Dynamic Purchasing Systems, the Council must follow the_procurement rules set out in the Framework Agreement or the Dynamic Purchasing System.
- 5.16 The Head of Procurement will ensure that the use of Framework Suppliers and Dynamic Purchasing_Systems provide value for money, considering all procurement costs and alternative approaches.
- 5.17 The Head of Procurement will maintain a list of all approved Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing Systems (noting which of these comply with the EU Procurement-Rules)-which Service Directors are permitted to use.

Use of Third Party Procurement Facilities

5.18 Supplies may be obtained through third party Frameworks Agreements, (provided that the Head of Procurement is satisfied that using such a method is demonstrated to represent value for money) that:-

- 5.18.1 are created by a public body or a private sector party as agent of a public sector body which is approved by the Head of Procurement (see also CPR <u>5.15.1</u>);
- 5.18.2 have valid mechanisms that exist to enable the Council to use the Framework Agreement (including appropriate transparent referencing in the procurement documents and inclusion in the framework call of conditions);
- 5.18.3 comply with the Council's Contract Procedure Rules, or in the opinion of the Head of Internal Audit, rules which are broadly comparable;
- 5.18.4 are included in the CPR 5.17 approved list (and, if the Supply which is to be procured is above the EU Threshold, is noted in the list as being compliant with the EU-ProcurementRules);
- 5.18.55.18.4 where the UKEU procurement Rules apply, the procurement will not take the use of the framework more than 10% over the framework's advertised value.

usestudiente and a set and

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Space Before: 0 pt

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

	Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm				
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by				
$\left(\right)$	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by				
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by				
	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by				
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.43 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm				
	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic				
	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic				
	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic				
	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Italic				
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm				
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm				
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm				
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Space Before: 0.1 pt, Tab stops: Not at				

3.57 cm

RULE 6 – EXCEPTIONS FROM COMPETITION

- 6.1 Subject to compliance with the EU-UK Procurement Rules the following are exempted from the thecompetitive competitive requirements of these CPRs⁴⁻⁶:
 - 6.1.1 where there is genuinely only one potential Supplier, such as for works of art and copyrighted material or unique technology, where no reasonable alternative or_

⁶ When the <u>UK</u>EU Procurement Rules apply, these exemptions may not be permitted (Directors must check this)

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.13 cm, Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.31 cm + Indent at: 3.57 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm

Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)

Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 12 pt

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Space Before: 0 pt

Formatted: Font: Not Bold

<u>6.1.1</u> substit	ute exists and the absence of competition is not the result of an artificial	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 12 pt
narrov	ving down of the parameters of the procurement;	Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 1.5 cm,
	purchased or sold by public auction (in accordance with arrangements agreed	Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.1 cm, Space Before: 0 pt,
•	Head of Internal Audit);	Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, +
	ection of a supplier whose usage is a condition of a Grant funding approval;	Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.31 cm + Indent at: 3.57 cm
	ection of a supplier on the instruction of a third party, providing the whole of	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
	nding is met by the third party;	
	CPR <u>6.12</u> 6.10 applies;	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
	el or other external legal advice, provided that the Solicitor to the Council takes o ensure that value for money is being obtained;	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
•	ssary Supply required extremely urgently, not due to any action or inaction of	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
	uncithe Council, with the prior agreement of the Head of Internal Audit;	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
	award from an approved Framework Agreement (see CPR <u>5.185.18</u>) which has	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
•	b been set up to be called off on a non-competitive basis and which was set up	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
	ordance with the requirements of these CPR and the UKEU Procurement Rules;	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
		Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
6.2 The Service D	rector must make a written record of the justification for the selection of the	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri)
••	Service Director must obtain the approval of the Head of Procurement before	Formatted: Font: (Default) +Body (Calibri), 12 pt
	decision to apply an exception in respect of a supply valued in excess of	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
£100,000. <u>Va</u>	lue for money must be evidenced and recorded.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
6.3 Trial Purchase	-	by
0.5 Indir urchase		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
6.2 Service Direct	ors may purchase a trial of a Supply which is new to the Council up to	Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm,
	hout competition in order to ascertain if the Supply is of interest to the	Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Numbered + Level:
Council , with	out competition. Where an exception to competition in CPR 6.1 6.1 does not	2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.57
••••	ompetition compliant with the CPR must <u>b</u> e held following the trial if the	
	or wishes to continue with the type of Supply.	<u> </u>
6.4		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
Arrangement	s must be made to ensure that the Supplier involved in the trial has not	Formatted
-	dvantage through that involvement when compared to any alternative	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	similar product. The Head of Procurement must approve any proposed trial	Formatted
arrangement	,	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
<u>6.5</u> £25,000.		Formatted
		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
< There are substant	ial restrictions on the use of negotiated contracts where <u>UK</u> EU Procurement_Rules apply>*	Formatted
	Consider Direction and the Use of a f Decomposite area of a idea that	Formatted
6.4 <u>6.6</u> The procuring	Service Director and the Head of Procurement may decide that;	Formatted: Font: Bold
6.4.1 6.6.1	An alternative means of selection of Suppliers to those required by these CPRs	Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	opriate (e.g. a Supplier shortlist other than described in these CPRs,	Formatted
	ation with a single supplier not otherwise permitted, etc.) but they must record	Formatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering
	ason fortheir decision and obtain the approval of the Head of Internal Audit.	Formattad
	Following receipt of Tenders for the Supply, it is appropriate to seek to reduce	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	erall cost, or change other terms of the Supply by negotiation with one or more	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
••	ers which have submitted Tenders.	
	t is appropriate to negotiate a repeat, continuation or serial contract with an gSupplier, by reference to the original Tender for the Supply.	Formatted
	The use of another local authority as a supplier of services by its own labour or	Formatted
	ocurement agent acting on behalf of the council without competition is	Formatted
-	priate(although subject to UKEU Procurement Rules).	Formatted
. 1. [6. 6]		Formatted

Hater and the second second

28

a anti-delatin di anti-de

Note in the above, in order to achieve internal check, the Head of Procurement alone_cannot reach such decisions. Where the Head of Procurement is making a decision in relation to a Procurement exercise by <u>his or hertheir</u> own Service Director, there must be consultation with the Head of Internal Audit.

1

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm

	Negotiated Contracts	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	6.56.7 Verbal negotiation must be undertaken by at least two Council Officers at least one of whom mustbbe independent of the process and approved by (or included on a list of negotiators kept by) the Head of Procurement.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	6.66.8 Written negotiation must be subject to evidenced independent check of process, calculation and ov overall value for money.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	 6.76.9 For any contract valued at above £100,000 the Service Director must obtain the approval of the He He ad of Internal Audit of the proposed terms of the negotiated Supply including its cost and thereason for choice before the contract is entered into. 	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm
	Legal Issues	Formatted: No underline
1	·	Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm
	 6.86.10 The Solicitor to the Council must be consulted in advance of any negotiation in respect of any contract estimated to exceed the <u>UKEU supplies and services</u> threshold (except those in relation to <u>L</u> and where the Head for Corporate Property Management should be consulted irrespective of value). 	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	 6.9 Before a decision pursuant to CPRs 6.1 to 6.3 is made, the Head of Procurement will determine- whether the likely level of interest from suppliers based in other EU Member States is sufficiently low so that the EU Procurement Rules do not require the Procurement to be advertised. 6.106.11 Before a decision pursuant to CPRs 6.1 6.1 to 6.3 6.3 is made, the Head of 	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,
	Procurement will decide whether the purchase is likely to be on terms which would be acceptable to a private buyer operating under normal market economy conditions. If the Head of Procurement does not think that this is likely to be achieved, <u>he/shethey</u> must consult with the Solicitor to the Council about the possibility of s <u>ubsidy controltate aid</u> before approving the exemption from competition.	Right: 2.32 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed
		by
	Mandatory suppliers, frameworks agreements or dynamic purchasing systems	Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed
	6.116.12 In respect of defined categories of goods, works and services the Head of Procurement may_determine (following a written risk assessment which, as appropriate, deals with the <u>UKEU</u> Procurement Rules and the possibility of state aid) that the use of one (or more) Suppliers is_compulsory.	by Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed
	6.126.13 The Head of Procurement may also determine that Supplies of a particular type are to	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed
	be obtained <u>frfr</u> om Suppliers via a Framework Agreement or a Dynamic Purchasing System or Standing Lists, <u>and</u> and set standards to be established in those arrangements.	by Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
	6.136.14 Supplies must be obtained from internal Council Services (which are capable of supplying them directly) without competition except:-	Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	6.13.16.14.1 where Cabinet has determined that Supplies of a particular kind will be subject to a competitive process;	Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm
	6.13.26.14.2 in respect of the outsourcing of an activity having a value below £100,000; 6.13.36.14.3 in respect of services provided within schools;	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 2.32 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
I	6.13.46.14.4 in respect of ad hoc services for the design and construction of buildings or parts ofbuildings.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 2.1 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm
I	cdw2003ubla@statucelsddatatatallatall@2014.0503brindovelinatea30chcohtootx20btoll36w4v8al2021/04-72 contratt.proredvre_rules_	

I

I

RULE 7 - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

7.1	—Service Directors must keep detailed written records of the progress of all procurement or disposal procedures (including negotiation).	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	To that end, Service Directors must ensure that they keep sufficient documentation to justifyd <u>d</u> ecisions taken in all stages of the procedure, such as documentation on:-		
	 7.1.1 communications with economic operators and internal deliberations; 7.1.2 preparation of the procurement or sale documents; 7.1.3 any interviews, other dialogue or negotiation; 7.1.4 supplier vetting; and 7.1.5 reasons for award of the contract. 	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
	The documentation must be kept for a period as defined within the Councils relevant retention schedule.		
7.2	A full trail of electronic Tenders received must be recorded <u>oin YORtender the eProcurement</u> <u>Portal</u> or retained in a database_approved by the Head of Internal Audit.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.06 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
7.3	All contracts over £5,000 must be reported to the Head of Procurement who will arrange to publish_these transactions on the statutory contracts register (also see <u>Appendix_2Appendix</u> _	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.06 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	<u>2Appendix 2</u> 3).		Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
7.4	The relevant Service Director must complete the Council's standard 'Regulation 84 Report' template by by the end of each procurement process which is subject the UKEU Procurement Rules.	•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.06 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
7.5	Each Service Director must promptly provide to the Head of Procurement the information specified in <u>Appendix 2</u> 3.	-	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.06 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
7.6	The Head of Procurement must ensure that the appropriate publications are made to comply with		Field Code Changed
	the Local Government Transparency Requirements (and each Service Director will notify the Head		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	of Procurement of any expenditure above £500; also see CPR 7.3 7.3 above).		Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by
7.7	The Service Director must keep a written record of the reasons for using a negotiated procedure	•	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
			Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.06 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm
			Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.06 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm

RULE 8 - INCOME CONTRACTS & CONCESSIONS (INCLUDING NIL VALUE AND DISPOSAL CONTRACTS)

8.1 CPR 8 Includes nil value and disposal contracts but excludes Land.

8.18.2 CPRs 8.28.2 to 8.8 8.6 apply when the Council intends to derive income from:-

8.1.18.2.1 the disposal of property (other than Land);

8.1.28.2.2 the sale of a right to exploit a business opportunity;

8.1.38.2.3 the operation of business activity.

CPR 8 does not apply to Land (See CPR 9).

8-28.3 Where the Council is proposing to enter into an Income Contract at manifestly less than market value where the market value is estimated at £1,000 or more, the Head of Internal Audit must be consulted and he-they will decide whether this amounts to a Grant (and so FPR 2240 applies instead of CPR 8).

•	 Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, No bullets or numbering		
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm		
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm		

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

The disposal of an asset	Formatted: Font: Bold, No underline
2.29.4 The procedure for the Dispecel dispecel of accete is	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05
8-38.4 The procedure for the Disposal disposal of assets is:-	Formatted
 8.3.18.4.1assets valued up to £25,000 must be disposed of by a method chosen by the Service	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
process, closed Tender process involving at least 3 prospective purchasers or public auction. The use of the Council web site is permissible for this purpose.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
 4.3.28.5 Leased assets must be disposed of only in accordance with the instruction of the lessor. 	Formatted: Indent: Left: 2.75 cm, No bullets or numbering
eased assets must be disposed of only in accordance with the instruction of the lessor, The sale of	Formatted: Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
a right to exploit a business opportunity	Formatted: Indent: Hanging: 1.57 cm
	Formatted .
8:48.6 The letting of rights to exploit a business opportunity for the contractor's own benefit (for example, advertisement space on Council Land) (a 'business opportunity contract') must be subject to a written contract and must only take place following a competitive selection process asset out below or written approval of other means from the Head of Procurement based on a detailed business case which, where appropriate, includes consideration of matters such as state aid.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
 8.4.18.6.1 A business opportunity contract that will not generate income in excess of £25,000 over	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
8.4.28.6.2 The Head of Procurement must direct and supervise the tendering of any arrangemente •	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm + 3.57 cm
expected to generate income in excess of £25,000.	Formatted: Font: Bold, No underline
The operation of business activity, beyond that normally undertaken by a local authority.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0 cm, First line: 0.32 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt
8.58.7 If an Income Contract is intended to be or become profitable or be commercial in nature, advice mmust 🔹	Formatted
be obtained from the Solicitor to the Council.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
Solicitor to the Council.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
uncession contracts	Formatted: Font: Bold, No underline
3.7 <u>8.9</u> Concession contracts for works or services are a type of Supply contract and the procurement of all	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05
Concessions shall follow the competitive and contracting requirements in these CPRs for Supplies.	Formatted
8.10 Concession contracts for works or services with a value of £4,104,000 or more are subject to the Public Concessions Regulations 2016 and will be subject to such additional procurement process requirement(s)	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
as the Head of Procurement feels are necessary to comply with these Regulations.	Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 1.5 cm
Valuation 8.11 The value of a Concession contract shall be the total turnover of the concessionaire generated over the	Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.57 cm
duration of the contract, net of VAT, in consideration for the Supplies which are the object of the	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm
Concession contract and for any ancillary Supplies.	

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

cohree@lubletverkedabulatalletallee#conductedbyingtorelinetra25chooktootr20btoll3ftw4x8a\2021/04-22 opptract.procedurg rules

8.8____

8.9 8.12	_The value of an Income Contracts is the gross income generated by the Council as a result of the	
<u>r</u> +ight	ts granted, or goods, works or services supplied by the Council.	

8.108.13 When calculating the estimated value of a Concession contract or Income Contract, Service D-Directors shall, where applicable, take into account:-

8.10.18.13.1 the value of any form of option and any extension of the duration of the contract;
 8.10.28.13.2 revenue from the payment of fees and fines by the users of the works or services or poublic other than those collected on behalf of the Council;

8.10.38.13.3 payments or any other financial advantages, in any form, from the Council or any other <u>pu</u>blic authority to the contractor;

8.10.48.13.4 the value of grants or any other financial advantages, in any form, from third parties for the performance of the contract;

8.10.58.13.5 revenue from sales of any assets which are part of the contract;

2

 8.13.6 the value of all the supplies and services that are made available to the contractor by the Council, provided that they are necessary for executing the works or providing the <u>services</u>;
 8.10.78.13.7 any prizes or payments to candidates or tenderers. Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm

cher8881ubleevenwerkedebolarte/lese/2000 and Devintered instra 2000 contract 2000 and 12000 1200 220 contract, procedure rules

RULE 9 - LAND

- 9.1 Procurement of Land will generally be by the means described in this CPR 9. The Head of Corporate Property Management must be consulted in respect of all Land transactions of any value except where the Solicitor to the Council authorises other nominated officers to deal with tenancies or licences for specific purposes.
- 9.2 The Head of Corporate Property Management (and any other Director authorised so to do) will arrange the acquisition or disposal of estates or interests in land (including any buildings erected on it) either pursuant to the authority delegated to him by a Service Director in accordance with Part 3 (Section F) of the Constitution or, in the case of a decision made by Cabinet then in accordance with the authority delegated to him from the Cabinet.
- 9.3 Where any proposed land transaction cannot be executed within the terms established in this rule, arrangements must be agreed between the Head of Corporate Property Management and the Solicitor to the Council, and details of the process leading to the transaction must be recorded, and the circumstances reported to Cabinet either for information, if falling within the delegated authority of officers, or in order to secure the relevant authority to give effect to the transaction.
- 9.4 Where Land is sold at a public auction, the Head of Corporate Property Management must submit a sealed reserve price (prepared by a qualified valuer on a professional basis) for consideration alongside the bids submitted or made. If a successful bid is less than the reserve price then the Head of Corporate Property Management may accept a lower bid provided that such lower bid is not less than 10% below the professional valuation of the reserve price.

•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0.97 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0.97 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.62 cm + 1.62 cm
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,

Right: 0.97 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.51 cm + 1.52 cm

che2081ydrate 49mm/sickdatasiate/lesal/2014/04/04/04/04/instaa2/w/icontect/r200bb/h38/w/h828/2021/04-33 contract/programmer rules

RULE 10 – EXECUTING CONTRACTS

-Supplies

1

10.1 A contract may only be awarded where the Service Director has sufficient approved budget to meet the first year costs and is satisfied that there is likely to be sufficient ongoing funding to meet the contractual cost through the anticipated life of the contract.

Formatted: Font: Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt

Formatted: Font: Bold

Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0 cm, First line: 0 cm,

Right: 0 cm, Line spacing: single
Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm

chuses/unicedstructedatablatablatablatablatablatablatablationauchinataal

10.2	Contracts for all Supplies (which includes call-offs from Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.57 cm, No bullets or numbering
	Systems), Concessions, Income Contracts and Framework Agreements up to the <u>UKEU</u> supplies and services threshold must be in writing and can be made by the Service Director either:-		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
	 where appropriate, by issuing the order through the Council's electronic purchasing_ ssystem (currently SAP) and incorporating the correct standard terms; or 		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 0.75 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm
	 By issuing (electronically or on paper) contract terms which the Service Director has assessed as being appropriate both in terms of suitability and risk. 		
		_	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	If the Service Director and Solicitor to the Council decides that it is appropriate for the contract to be sealed (or if it is required by law), the contract will be executed by the Solicitor to the Council.		Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.57 cm
<u>10.4</u>	The Head of Procurement must ensure that the Councils electronic procurement systems are setup so that the most appropriate Official Council Order are available to be attached to the supply being	\langle / \rangle	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	purchased.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm
			Formatted: List Paragraph, Left, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm,
10.3 <u>1(</u>	<u>Contracts for all Supplies (which includes call-offs from Framework Agreements and Dynamic</u> Purchasing Systems), Concessions, Income Contracts and every Framework Agreement with an estimated value above the UKEU supplies and services threshold must be in writing and must (subject to CPR		Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.57 cm
	<u>10.610.4</u>) be either:-	$\langle \rangle$	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
	(a)• made under the corporate common seal of the Council, attested by one legal officer; or		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.59 cm + 1.59 cm
	(b) signed by two legal officers		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Hanging: 0.75 cm, Right: 1.66 cm, Bulleted + Level: 3 + Aligned at: 2.31 cm + Indent at: 3.57 cm, Tab stops: Not at 3.57 cm +
	who have been nominated as contract signatories by the Solicitor to the Council under <u>her-their</u> . Sche <u>meofme of</u> Officer Delegations.		3.57 cm
10.4<u>1(</u>	Notwwithstanding CPR <u>10.5</u> 10.3, the Solicitor to the Council may authorise officers who are not Legal <u>O</u> fficers to sign specific or specialist contracts for Supplies above the <u>UKEU</u> supplies and services threshold. Two authorised officers must sign each such contract.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
10.5<u>1(</u>	The Solicitor to the Council may, subject to including appropriate restrictions and/or instructions designed to achieve valid execution of the relevant contracts and suitable record keeping, provide third parties with a power of attorney to sign Council contracts of values below the EU supplies and services threshold.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.57 cm + 1.57 cm
Land	•		Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Space Before: 0.05 pt
<u>10.8</u>	The Solicitor to the Council will complete all land transactions, including acquisition or disposal by way of freehold or leasehold purchase or sale or the taking or granting of all short or long term leases or tenancies (with the exception of the granting of tenancies for housing and associated properties for rentwhich is delegated to Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Ltd) and other deeds and documents associated with Land. The Solicitor to the Council may nominate other other other other other and the same tenancies and tenancies an		
10.9	arrangements using documentation previously approved by the Solicitor to the Council. Any contract for the sale or acquisition of, or any other deed or document relating to, Land must either		Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm, Right: 0 cm, No bullets or numbering, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82
<u>10.9</u>	be signed by, or have the corporate common seal affixed in the presence of, the Solicitor to the Council (or by a legal officer nominated by him or her). Additionally, the Solicitor to the Council may authorise		cm
	other nominated officers to be authorised signatories to tenancies or licences for specific purposes as referred to in CPR 9.1.		
eduzaedu	blaged@mcateblagedateblagealbootroped.brindereet.instra 29cd contract n20backh3ftwink8al2021+04-23-contract-procedure rules		
	n ny tanya ana amin'ny tanàna mandritry na amin'ny tanàna mandritry amin'ny tanàna amin'ny tanàna amin'ny tanàn I dia		

10.6

10.7 An

Any contract for the sale or acquisition of, or any other deed or document relating to, Land musteither be signed by, or have the corporate common seal affixed in the presence of, the Solicitor to the Council (or by a legal officer nominated by him or her). Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.5 cm, Right: 0.9 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.57 cm, Tab stops: 1.82 cm, Left + 1.82 cm, Left

Formatted: Right: 0.9 cm

chileestersester

Additionally, the Solicitor to the Council may authorise other nominated officers to be authorised signatories to tenancies or licences for specific purposes as referred to in CPR9.1.		
A		Formatted: Font: 12 pt
GENERAL	-	Formatted: Font: Bold
		Formatted: Normal, Space Before: 0 pt
<u>General</u>	•	Formatted: Body Text, Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Right: 0
	•	cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
10.810.10 The Solicitor to the Council is entitled to sign any agreement in any way related to Procurement,	•	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold
Supplies, Concessions or Income Contracts or any security instrument (regardless of whether another officer including the Chief Executive may sign such things), subject to CPR <u>10.5</u> 10.3 and provided that		Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, No bullets or numbering
this is not subject to any contrary direction from the Council or Cabinet.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,

schw2861ubla@d@topelsdaatalatalletall@20ac@e0@brindevelinetre#Utchcotre@Btobla&wai#8al2071;04-32 cootracteroredwre rules

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

RULE 11 - VARIATION AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS AND RELEASE OF BONDS

- 11.1
 It is recognised that during the term of a Contract, modifications may be proposed, which if

 adopted would result in additional Works, Goods and/or Services, which were not considered

 when the original procurement took place, being procured or otherwise would alter the overall

 nature of the Contract. There are significant limitations upon the Council being able to make such

 modifications, especially where the Regulations apply. When considering a variation, modification

 or the termination of an existing Contract, advice must be sought in advance from the Corporate

 Procurement Service and with the Solicitor to the Council.
- 11.111.2 A Service Director may terminate any contract strictly in accordance with any contractual provision which allows for termination without fault, but with prior consultation with the Head of Procurement if alternative Supplies would be required.
- 11.211.3 A Service Director, in consultation with the Solicitor to the Council, has the power to terminate any contract in the event of any breach of contract justifying termination, where in the opinion of <u>t</u>hese officers no other remedy is appropriate. Where the financial implications of a decision to terminate a contract exceed, or may exceed £100,000, the reason for termination and any consequences must be reported to the next meeting of the Cabinet.
- <u>11.311.4</u> The Solicitor to the Council may release any bond held by the Council, on request from the Head <u>o</u>ef Procurement.
- 11.411.5 The Head of Internal Audit is entitled to negotiate with any bond issuer on sums of settlementproposed, and in consultation with the Solicitor to the Council accept such proposed sums.
- <u>11.511.6</u> Service Directors may vary contracts by operating 'clear, precise and unequivocal contractual review clauses' which were advertised in the original Procurement, strictly in accordance with the contract.
- 11.611.7 Any variation with a value above £25,000 to a contract which cannot be fulfilled by following CPR

<u>11.6</u> <u>11.7</u>5-must be subject to the approval of the Head of Procurement.

<u>11.711.8</u> Any variation to a contract which cannot be fulfilled by following CPR <u>11.6</u> <u>11.75</u> must be made in writing and signed in accordance with CPR 10 even if it does not need a competitive Procurement <u>pp</u>rocess.

•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.82 cm, No bullets or numbering
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.04 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,
	Right: 1.04 cm, Line spacing: single, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,
	Right: 1.04 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,
•	Right: 1.04 cm, Space Before: 0 pt, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.04 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm
•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 1.5 cm
	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm,
	Right: 1.04 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

eder 2001 up la fer werke de trade le part of the trade werken and the contract of the trade of

RULE 12 - MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 A Special Purpose Vehicle (as a limited liability company or otherwise) to be wholly or partially owned or controlled by the Council, will only be formed or joined on the approval of the Cabinet, following a detailed evaluation by the Solicitor to the Council and the Chief Finance Officer. This does not apply to any purchase of shares or similar for the purpose of investment.

Approved by Council Apply from 1 June 2019 Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 1.19 cm, Right: 1.04 cm, Numbered + Level: 2 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 1.82 cm, Tab stops: Not at 1.82 cm + 1.82 cm

Formatted: Highlight

chereal underviewerke datudate level 2004 and Deviatored instruction of a content read with structure algo 21104-22 contractor coeffice rules

Appendix 1

Examples of Policies which are relevant to CPR 2.1(15)

Kirklees Financial Procedure Rules

http://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/your-council/pdf/constitution-part-46.pdf

Social Value Policy Statement

http://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/business with the council/pdf/socialValuePolicyStatement.pdf
General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) Guidance

http://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/information-and-data/general-data-protection-regulation.aspx

DEFINITIONS

Award Criteria	<u>Relate directly to the goods, services or works to be provided. Award criteria</u> <u>evaluate supplier's offers made in relation to fulfilling the Council's</u> <u>requirements for the Supply, in particular the Specification.</u>	Formatted Table
Chief Executive	The Chief Executive is the head of the Council's paid staff and its principal adviser on policy matters and leads the discharge of Council strategy and responsibilities.	
Chief Finance Officer	Means the Service Director – Finance	
<u>Commissioning</u>	The relationship between commissioning and procurement is described in the diagram in Appendix 3.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
<u>Concession</u>	Is where a Supplier is remunerated mostly through being permitted to run and exploit the work or service and is exposed to a potential loss on its investment.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt
<u>Conflict of Interest</u>	Means any interest outside of the Council which may appear to an objective bystander to affect the fair judgment of an Officer or Member or any other person acting on the Council's behalf in the Procurement of a Supply or the disposal of property (including Land). The concept of conflict of interest shall at least cover any situation where the relevant person has, directly or indirectly, a financial, economic or other personal interest which might be perceived to compromise their impartiality and independence in the context of a Procurement or sale procedure.	
<u>Contract</u>	Means any form of contract, agreement for the supply of any works, goods, or services that the Council enters into (whether by purchase, lease, hire or any other arrangement).	
Contract Procedure Rules (CPRs)	Means these Contract Procedure Rules.	Formatted Table

chw2861ubla@d9topelsddatalade1beta1202actes21brindeverlinetee44cbcohteetr282bbbl/s8w6ik8al2021ii04-22.coptratt.procedurg_rules

Formatted: Underline

		_	
Data Protection	Means all applicable data protection and privacy legislation in force from time]	
Legislation	to time in the UK including the retained EU law version of the General Data		
<u>noplatettett</u>	Protection Regulation ((EU) 2016/679) (UK GDPR), the Data Protection Act		
	2018 (DPA 2018) (and regulations made thereunder), the Privacy and Electronic		
	Communications Regulations 2003 (SI 2003/2426), the Data Protection, Privacy		
	and Electronic Communications (Amendments etc) (EU Exit) Regulations		
	2019/419 and the guidance and codes of practice issued by the Information		
	Commissioner or other relevant regulatory authority and applicable to a Party.		
Dynamic Purchasing	Is a procurement tool available for contracts for works, services and goods		
System (DPS)	commonly available on the market. It has its own specific set of		
<u>(/</u>	requirements as set out in Regulation 34 of the Public Contracts Regulations		
	2015); for example, it must be run as a completely electronic process, must		
	remain open to new entrants, all suppliers on the relevant category in the		
	Dynamic Purchasing System must be invited to quote for all contracts and it		
	should be set up using the restricted procedure.		
- Deserves and Deseted	The endline Country of Contract Management Contraction and built		
eProcurement Portal (YORtender)	The on-line Supplier and Contract Management System used by the Council to operate e-tenders and for the online management of		
(TORtender)	suppliers and contracts and to advertise contracts. Currently available at		
	www.yortender.co.uk		
et the st			
Financial Ratio	Is a pre-set method of determining a supplier's financial standing, such		Formatted: Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
	as turnover, net asset value, and profitability.		Formatted Table
Find A Tender	"Find a Tender" means the UK e-notification service where notices for new		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.37 cm, Hanging: 0.06 cm,
Service (FTS)	procurements are required to be published;		Right: 0.97 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Financial Procedure	The Financial Procedure Rules.	•	Formatted Table
Rules (FPRs)			
- · · · ·			
Framework	Means an agreement between a Contracting Authority and one or more		
Framework Agreement	Means an agreement between a Contracting Authority and one or more Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for		
<u>Framework</u> Agreement	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for		
	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies		
	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for		
	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the		
	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often		
	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly.	-	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and		Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules.They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly.Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for	•	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules.They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly.Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for	-	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate Property	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions.	•	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal Audit	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for internal audit.	-	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies. that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for	•	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal Audit Head of Procurement	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for internal audit. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director – Legal, Governance &	•	Formatted: Right: 1.16 cm, Space Before: 5.9 pt
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal Audit Head of	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for internal audit. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director – Legal, Governance & Commissioning who is responsible for Corporate Procurement.	•	
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal Audit Head of Procurement	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for internal audit. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director – Legal, Governance & Commissioning who is responsible for Corporate Procurement. An Income Contract is one where the main object of the contract is that the	-	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.4 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal Audit Head of Procurement	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for internal audit. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director – Legal, Governance & Commissioning who is responsible for Corporate Procurement. An Income Contract is one where the main object of the contract is that the Council does something in relation to a Council asset ⁵ and includes situations.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.4 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space
Agreement Head of Corporate Property Management Head of Internal Audit Head of Procurement	Suppliers which operates as a Procurement tool through which contracts for Supplies can be sourced. Framework Agreements which deal with Supplies that are above, oraggregate above, the UK Threshold are subject to the PublicUK Procurement Rules. They set out the terms for the Supply (often including the price) and the method for calling off orders. 'Framework' and 'Framework Suppliers' shall be construed accordingly. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director who is responsible for corporate property management functions. Means the officer appointed by the Chief Executive who is responsible for internal audit. Means the officer appointed by the Service Director – Legal, Governance & Commissioning who is responsible for Corporate Procurement. An Income Contract is one where the main object of the contract is that the Council does something in relation to a Council asset ⁵ and includes situations.		Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.4 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space

L ⁵ For contracts where the Council provides services to another body, please refer to FPRs 20.4-20.6 colv 8863 while Varyaskdashdashallata\)084 as bar or cellure rules and bar of contracts as bar or cellure rules

]	
Transparency Requirements	information, such as ⁶ the Local Government Transparency Code and certain Regulations within the Public Contracts Regulations 2015.		
Requirements Official Council Order	A standard form of contract for a Supply for a value of less than the current UK supplies and services threshold approved by the Solicitor to the Council whether attached electronically or by paper to an order for Supplies.	-	
Personal Data	Means data which relate to a living individual who can be identified— (a) from those data, or (b) from those data and other information which is in the possession of, or is likely to come into the possession of, the data controller, and includes any expression of opinion about the individual (e.g. references) and any indication of the intentions of the data controller or any other person in respect of the individual. 		
Procurement	The purchase, contract hire, lease, rental ⁷ or any other form of acquisition which results in a contract for Supplies where the Council is the buyer (therefore, in the context of the CPR, this does not include the Council providing the Supply to itself or gifts). Procurement also includes the establishment of Standing Lists, Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing Systems. 'Procurement' and 'Procured' shall be construed accordingly.		Formatted: Keep with next, Keep lines together
Public Procurement Rules	The rules on procurement for Supplies above the UK Threshold are subject to the statutory requirements outlined in the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 and those described in the Public Procurement (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (EU Exit Regulations).	-	
<u>Reasonable Means</u>	Methods of selection or advertising which reflect reasonable trade practice. This might include informal briefs, supplier written Tenders or proposals, verbal or telephone quotes (which are then written down), comparative pricing for suitable supplies over the internet.		
Senior Manager	Means an officer who reports directly to a Head of Service.		
<u>Service</u>	A grouping of departments or other sections of the Council which is under the overall responsibility of a Service Director.		
Service Director	Means the most senior officer responsible for the day to day functions of each Service.		
Social Value	Means The Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012 ('Social Value Act') that requires the Council to consider how a procurement over the relevant thresholds could improve the economic, social and environmental wellbeing of the district		
<u>Solicitor to the</u> <u>Council</u>	Means the Service Director – Legal, Governance & Commissioning in the role as legal advisor to the Council.		
Special Purpose Vehicle	Companies (limited by shares, or otherwise) or any other legal entity, established by or in which the Council participates whether alone or with others to provide specific Supplies to the Council.		

⁶ The words "including", "include", "for example", "e.g.", and "such as" in these CPRs indicateexamples and are not intended to be limiting ⁷ Note: Contract hire, lease and rental agreements require the specific advance approval of the Director of Resources or their delegate [See the FPR]. Shubble datwork dashed black DDDD are DDD in the two works of the birector of Resources or their delegate rules

I

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Not Bold

Specification	A written document detailing the Council's requirements. This can include things such as definitions, acceptance test methods, material requirements or characteristics, drawings, plans, certifications of compliance with standards, workmanship, data security measures, quality control including performance testing and KPIs, completion, delivery, safety, timing, key personnel qualities, communication requirements, returns policies and tolerances.	
Standing List	A list of suppliers who are assessed as suitable to provide Supplies to the Council prepared in accordance with CPR 5.	
Suitability Criteria	Relate to the assessment or vetting of suppliers' general capability, fidelity, skill, competence, etc. to carry out the contract. 'Suitability' shall be interpreted accordingly.	
<u>Supplier</u>	Any person, partnership, company, or other organisation, which provides or contractually offers to provide any Supply to the Council or on behalf of the Council.	Formatted: Keep with next, Keep lines together
Supply / Supplies	Means the supply of any works, goods, or services; being provided, or to be provided, to or on behalf of the Council (whether by purchase, lease, hire or any other arrangement).	
<u>Tender</u>	A written offer in relation to a Supply or Disposal of Assets making reference to a price and (where applicable) other information.	
<u>UK Threshold</u>	The financial threshold from time to time at which the UK Procurement Rules are applicable to a Supply. Current UK Thresholds are set out in Appendix, <u>1Appendix 1.</u>	Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by
Value for Money	Securing the best mix of quality and effectiveness for the least outlay over the period of use of the goods or services bought.	-
Whole Life Costing Approach	Is an approach which addresses all the elements of a Supply over its life cycle such as:-	Formatted: Keep with next, Keep lines together

Formatted: Body Text, Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt

ch/2001ub/sevenes/2021ub/sevenes/2021ub/seventingtavet/instas/2020ub/seventingtavet/instas/2021ub/seventingtavet/instas/2021ub/seventingtavet/instas/2021ub/seventingtavet/instas/2020ub/seventingtavet/insta

	EU Thresholds 1 Jan 2018–31 Dec 2019<u>Relevant</u> Thresholds in Public <u>Contract Regulations</u>
Supply and service contracts	£18 <u>9,330<mark>1,302</mark> (£180,000*)</u>
Light Touch Regime Contracts (Annex XIV)	£6 <u>63,54015,278 (£615,000*)</u>
Works contracts	£4, <u>733,252</u> 551,413 (£4,550,000*)
Small lots – supplies & services	£65,630 (£65,000*)
Small lots – works	£820,370 (£820,000*)

-These are current the values for the purposes of these CPRs.

_The threshold values to be used will be those applicable at the commencement of the procurement pprocess. EU-٠ Procurement threshold values are revised every two years. The thresholds are updated every two years with the next update due on the 1 January 2022

Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.32 cm, Hanging: 0.68 cm, Right: 0 cm, Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.32 cm + Indent at: 0.59 cm

48 content rad back 3 ft with 8 al 2021 + 04 - 22 contract procedure rules chu200140126040404040404040404 allonia and the

Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt

Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by

Appendix 2

Information to be Reported to the Head of Procurement (

Formatted: Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: Bold Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Normal, Space Before: 0 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt

chileBeterheindermeisedestatellenelBotermeterheineteretinetereterebroterterBoterhitenvielBeterheinder rules

RULE 7 - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTINGRULE 7 - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

3

1

Information to be Reported to the Head of Procurement (CPR 7)

	Information	When
Α.	Details of all contracts awarded for Supplies of £5,000 or above following a competitive process including the name of the Supplier, and amount of the Tender and if the chosen supplier was not the cheapest, then the same information in relation to unsuccessful Suppliers, and the reason why the successful Supplier was chosen.	When Requested
В.	Details of all contracts awarded for Supplies of £100,000 or above, which result from negotiation including the reason for negotiation and the name of the successful Supplier and value of the contract.	When Requested
C.	Details of all contracts awarded for supplies of £5,000 or above which a Service Director considered to be exempt from the competitive requirements by virtue, including the reason for the exemption.	When Requested
D.	 Contracts with a value of £5,000 or more see CPR, with the following information: <u>1.</u> <u>1.</u> -reference number <u>2.</u> title of agreement <u>3.</u> Contract Manager; name of person responsible for managing the contract. <u>4.</u> description of the goods and/or services being provided <u>5.</u> Supplier name and details <u>6.</u> sum to be paid over the length of the contract (or if unknown, the estimated annual spending or budget for the contract) <u>7.</u> start, end and review dates, including permitted extensions <u>8.</u> whether or not the contract was the result of an invitation to quote or a published invitation to tender, and <u>9.</u> whether or not the Supplier is a small or medium sized enterprise and/or a voluntary or community sector organisation and where it is, provide the relevant registration number <u>10.</u> whether or not the contract involves processing personal data 	In All Cases On-on Contract Award
<u>E.</u>	All other information necessary to enable compliance with the Council's obligations under legislation and regulation to publish data about its contractual arrangements and payments.	In All Cases on Request
<u>-</u>	Copies of Regulation 84 reports	All cases where the Public Procuremen Rules apply on Contract Award

50.

atrachiok/38w/w/888/2021/04-22 constration or educe rules

- Formatted: Font: Bold
 Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Right: 0 cm
 Formatted: Normal, Space Before: 0 pt
- Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Right: 0 cm Formatted: Normal

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.26 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.31 cm + Indent at: 2.95 cm

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.25 cm, Hanging: 0.64 cm, Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 2.31 cm + Indent at: 2.95 cm

E.	All other information necessary to enable compliance with the Council's obligations under legislation and regulation to publish data about its contractual arrangements and payments.	In All Cases On Request
	Copies of Regulation 84 reports	All cases- where the PublicEU
F.		Procurement Rules apply
		On Contract Award

ehusestudisevisimerkedaptalalesal200stope3. Brindered instrative content rashing and 1.104-22 contractor conduct rules

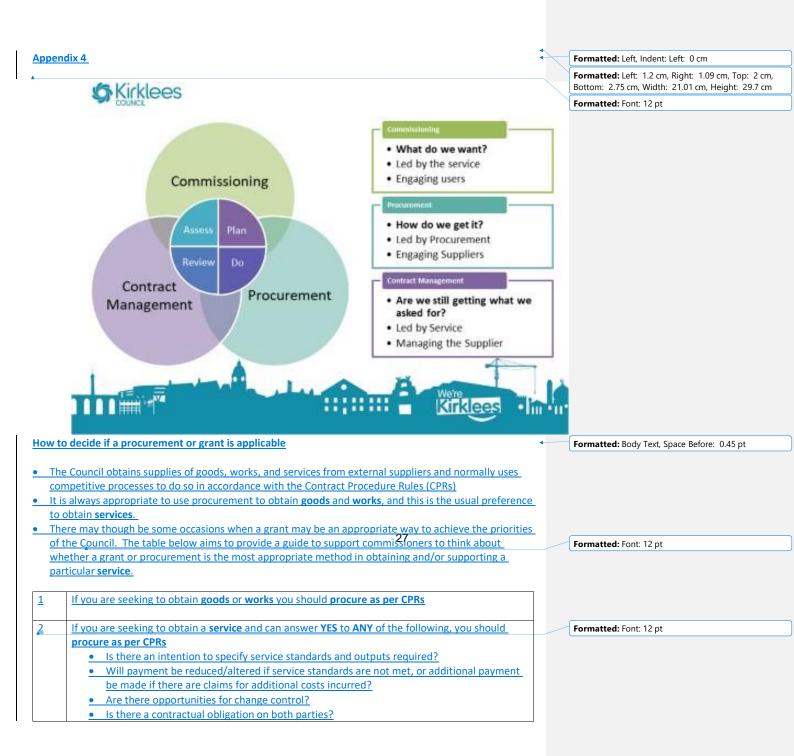
Appendix <u>3</u>

4

Relationship between Commissioning and Procurement



Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Normal, Right: 0 cm Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Left, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Right: 0 cm, Space Before: 0 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Expanded by / Condensed by Formatted: Font: 12 pt Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Not Bold Formatted: Heading 1, Indent: Left: -1.75 cm, Right: 4.43 cm



3	Is there an intention to have active management of the provider? If you are seeking to use a supplier that is a commercial i.e. profitmaking organisation this would generally require procurement as per CPRs. If the organisation is a genuine "not for profit" organization or charity you should discuss further with the Procurement team.	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
4	If you are seeking a service and can answer YES to ANY of the following, you can consider use of a Grant as per FPRs Is there an intention to broadly support an activity, with expected outcomes, but no clear obligations on the provider? Is the intention to support parts of an existing activity? Is the intention to provide a subsidy to existing service users Is the council's only ultimate remedy to withhold payment of a next phase of grant, seek. clawback or to refuse to fund future activity by the provider? Is the intention to meet a stated set of costs, and an intention that the provider should not profit from the support?	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
Impor	'tant notes/advice	Formatted: Font: 12 pt
• • • •	Always remember to check with the Procurement team if unsure. A competition will generally be appropriate to select which parties are entitled to receive grants. Grants still require a grant agreement. Grants which involve procurement by a third party require use of competition in selection of their suppliers (broadly aligning with council CPRs)	Formatted: List Paragraph, Don't add space between paragraphs of the same style, Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm

27

This page is intentionally left blank

Agenda Item 7



Name of meeting: Corporate Governance & Audit Committee Date: 22nd April 2021

Title of report: Proposed Revisions to Financial Procedure Rules

Purpose of report; To provide information on proposed changes to Financial Procedure Rules for the municipal year 2021/22

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Not applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's</u> Forward Plan (key decisions and private reports)?	Not applicable
The Decision - Is it eligible for "call in" by Scrutiny?	Not applicable
Date signed off by Director & name	J Muscroft Service Director - Legal Governance and Commissioning
Is it also signed off by the Service Director	5
for Finance, IT & Transactional Services	
Is it also signed off by the Service Director	Yes
- Legal Governance and Commissioning?	
Cabinet member portfolio	Not applicable

Electoral wards affected: All Ward councillors consulted: Not applicable Have you considered GDPR; Yes Public

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report sets out information on proposed changes to Financial Procedure Rules for the year 2021/22
- 1.2 The areas proposed for amendment relate principally to a consolidation of the currently separate parts (in the 2019 version of FPRs) that relate to grants receivable and payable, into a new combined section, and other changes regarding capital budget management, internal audit, and debt collection.

2. Information required to take a decision

- 2.1 The detail is contained within a summary schedule, Appendix 1.
- 2.2 The main change is the consolidation of the section relating to grants receivable- previously section 4.7 to 4.11 and grants and loans payable 20.7 to 20.14, into a new combined section 22, with some clarification and changes to the rules.
- 2.3 All the text changes are marked in Appendix 2 by track changes, but to clarify what are word changes rather than those of location, the original texts from 4.7 to 4.11 and 20.7 to 20.14 are included as the untracked

text now at 22. New or changed text in section 22 is hence shown as the track changes.

- 2.4 Although there are some suggested changes, for clarification, to sections 2 and 3 that relates to budgets, the Director of Finance and Head of Risk are currently reviewing the concepts of controls required and achieved through FPR 2 (Revenue Budget Preparation and Management) and FPR 3 (Capital Investment Plan Preparation and Management) and anticipate reporting on this to the Committee later in 2021.
- 2.5 There are some other wording changes to clarify responsibilities and requirements, in relation to matters such as internal audit, payments and debt collection.
- 3. Implications for the Council
- 3.1 Working with People None directly
- 3.2 Working with Partners None directly
- 3.3 Place Based Working None directly
- 3.4 **Improving outcomes for children** None directly
- 3.5 Climate change and air quality- None directly
- 3.6 **Other (eg Legal/Financial or Human Resources)-** Although each of the sub categorisations above suggest no direct implications, these Procedure Rules cover all aspects of the councils operations,.

4. Consultees and their opinions

4.1 The Chief Finance Officer, and relevant Heads of Service, have been involved in the drafting of these proposals.

5. Next steps & Timelines

5.1 This matter will go forward to Annual Council for consideration after consideration by this Committee.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

6.1 Members are asked to consider the proposed changes to Financial Procedure Rules and recommend them to Annual Council for approval.

7. Cabinet portfolio holder recommendation

7.1 Not applicable.

8. Contact officer

Martin Dearnley, Head of Risk (01484 221000; x 73672)

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions

The attached document includes track changes. The 2019 version of FPRs is available as a part of the council constitution

10. Service Director responsible

Service Directors of Legal Governance and Commissioning and Finance,.

This page is intentionally left blank

FINANCIAL PROCEDURE RULES PROPOSED REVISIONS TABLE

Paragraph	Proposed Changes		
Definitions	Some new definitions added e.g Council provisions, earmarked reserves		
1.6 (b)	Additional words to including requirement for adherence to the CIPFA Financial		
	Management Code of Practice		
2, and 2.3	"2 to 4 years" replaced by "up to 5 years"		
2.5	Additional reference to "key stakeholder"		
2.6	"Equality impact assessment" becomes "integrated impact assessments"		
2.9	This is the former 2.35 relocated		
2.18	Additional wording about the rights and responsibilities of the CFO when addressing earmarked reserves		
3.8 to 3.16			
3.12	The text is simplified to be clearer that Directors authority is to move up to £1m within a programme area in any year.		
3.13	This test is also simplified to be clearer what authority can be delegated		
3.14	Minor word changes to improve clarity		
4.7-4.11	Now form a part of section 22, a new section related to grants		
5.3 e	Additional words designed to ensure an ability to operate an effective internal		
	audit function in a decentralised operating environment		
10.5	Additional words to clarify that necessary checks must verify counterparty bank account details.		
11.15	Additional words that clarify responsibility when a debt collection arrangement is suppressed		
15.3	Minor word changes		
20.4	Additional words		
20.7-20.14	Grants & Loans now forms a part of section 22		
21.13	Additional words		
22	New Grants section. Divided as grants receivable and grants and loans payable, formed from sections 4, and 20. All paragraphs are numbered in a new sequence but are not shown as changed. Note that the text retained from these sections is not marked as revised, only the changed text		
22.1-3	Additional words to require that a grant application is only made where the project aligns with priorities and is fully affordable within existing budgets, or has additional approval from Cabinet, or where required Council		
22.5	Establishes ability to accept WYMCA and government grants to unlimited value, with some restrictions		
22.6	Establishes obligation of service directors to ensure grant expenditure aligns wit grant conditions		
22.7	Establishes requirement to notify CFO/reporting		
22.8	Additional words to ensure information provision to CFO and Head of Risk		
22.9	Words to remind that Directors must ensure that what is proposed is not procurement		

c:\users\yolandemyers\appdata\local\microsoft\windows\inetcache\content.outlook\1euvj w8a\2021fpr summary note.docx Page 75

22.10	Additional words obliging a service director to carry out due diligence checking on potential grant recipients.
22.12	Additional words to limit ability of officers to award grants of very large value under delegated clauses
22.13	Remove reference to District committees
22.16	A new section that makes clear the council can operate government (and other third party) funded grant schemes, if these follow the grant rules of the funders scheme
22.17	Adjusted words to reflect leaving EU

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

FINANCIAL PROCEDURE RULES

May 2021

Financial Procedure Rules

Introduction

These Financial Procedure Rules set out the framework which the Council will use in managing its financial affairs. They set out levels of responsibility and give authority to the Cabinet, Members and Officers and are intended to promote good practice in the use of public funds.

A guide to the Financial Procedure Rules will be published on the Intranet to help users understand and implement good financial management. Users should contact the Chief Finance Officer or their staff if assistance or clarification is needed.

Contents

- 1. Financial Governance
- 2. Revenue Budget Preparation and Management Revenue Budget
- 3. Capital Investment Plan Preparation and Management
- 4. Financial Systems and Procedures
- 5. Internal Audit
- 6. Insurance
- 7. Assets
- 8. Security
- 9. Treasury Management
- 10. Banking Arrangements, Cheque Signing and Imprest Accounts
- 11. Income
- 12. Payment of Invoices
- 13. Payment Cards
- 14. Salaries, Wages and Pensions
- 15. Travel, Subsistence and other Allowances
- 16. Taxation
- 17. Gifts and Hospitality
- 18. Working with Clients and Contractors
- 19. Unofficial and Voluntary Funds
- 20. Financial Control of Partnerships, Joint Ventures, Associated Organisations and Similar Arrangements.
- 21. Purchasing of Works, Goods and Services
- 22. Grants to the Council and Grants and Loans from the Council

Financial Procedure Rules Definitions

I

Activity	A standard sub division of a Strategic Director's budgets;
	normally equivalent to the service portfolio operationally
A = = = 4	managed at Service Director level;
Asset	An item belonging to the Council that has a value ; It can
	include buildings, equipment, vehicles, stocks, stores,
Associated	money and items of intellectual value
Organisation	An organisation in which the Council has a majority or substantial shareholding, or exercises substantial
Organisation	influence through its funding of the organisation.
Business Case	A written document, setting out the reasons for a project,
	including analysis of options, risks and resources needed.
Cabinet Member	A single member of the Cabinet.
Central Budget	A budget which is held centrally and for which statutory
	Chief Finance Officer is accountable (in accordance with
	any rules established in these procedures, or by Council,
	or Cabinet)
Chief Finance Officer (or	The person so designated as the section 151 of the Local
"CFO")	Government Act 1972 from time to time by the Chief Executive.
Controllable Budget	A budget which is allocated to a Director , and for which
	the Director is accountable, in accordance with any rules
	established in these procedures, or by the Chief Finance
Directorate	Officer, or by Council, or Cabinet The consolidated group of Service plans and activity
Directorate	budgets that fall within the responsibility of any one
	Strategic Director, including the Chief Executive
Council Provisions	Sums of money set aside to pay for uncertain events
Earmarked Reserves	As council provisions, but with a more clearly stated
Executive Team	The Council's most senior officer leadership team
	·
Fixed Asset	Any physical item having a long term value –such as a vehicle, or property.
Head of Audit & Risk	The officer currently holding the role of Head of Internal
	Audit-, as required by Public Sector Internal Audit
	Standards.
His or her Nominees	Refers to the 'Head of Service level' to which Service
	Directors, including the Chief Finance Officer can
	nominate on their behalf, to enact Service Director
	delegated authorities as set out in these FPR's
Internal Audit Strategy &	Arrangements agreed by the Corporate Governance &
<u>Charter</u>	Audit Committee on how the internal audit function will
	operate in line with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards
Irregularity	An unexpected or inappropriate event or behaviour

Land Assat	Maana the property of the Coursell that is freehold are
Land Asset	Means the property of the Council that is freehold or
	leasehold property (including any buildings on it), rights of
	possession of land, easements and/or other estates or
	interests in land.
Medium Term Financial	Revenue Budget Plan, normally between 2 and 4 years,
Plan (MTFP)	and Capital Investment Plan, up to 5 years
Monitoring Officer	The person appointed under section 5 of the Local
	Government & Housing Act 1989, currently the Service
	Director, Legal, Governance & Commissioning
Named Project	A project (forming part of a Capital Programme) identified
	by Cabinet (or any other body or person so authorised by
	Cabinet) for inclusion in the Capital Plan.
Officer	An employee of the Council or other person contracted to
	carry out functions where these Financial Procedure
	Rules
Partnership	Any organisation with which the Council has a formal or
	informal agreement to act together.
Programme Area	A group of projects having a similar purpose in the Capital
	Investment Plan, or a major project listed separately within
	the Capital investment Plan
Project	A single scheme included separately in the Capital
	Investment Plan, or as a part of a programme area.
Public Sector Internal	Rules based on the International Professional Practices
Audit Standards	Framework (IPPF), intended to promote improvement in
	the professionalism, quality, consistency and
	effectiveness of internal audit across the public sector
Rollover	A mechanism for transferring budgets between financial
	years.
Service Director	The person responsible for the proper compliance with
	these procedures whose name is included on a schedule
	approved by the Chief Executive.
Service Plan	A statement of objectives plans, performance measures
	and the use of resources for a Service.
Specified Project	A project specified by Council for inclusion in the Capital
	Plan.
Strategic Director	The person responsible for the commissioning of activity
	at a Directorate level, and includes the Chief Executive
Virement	The transfer of resources from one budget to another.

1. FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

- 1.1 The Council has a statutory duty to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has responsibility for the administration of those affairs. The Council has resolved that the Chief Finance Officer is the responsible officer.
- 1.2 The Council will approve Financial Procedure Rules to be used by all members and officers.
- 1.3 The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee is responsible for approving the Council's Annual Statement of Accounts
- 1.4 The Cabinet is responsible for ensuring that the Financial Procedure Rules are followed across the Council. The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee is also responsible for reviewing the Financial Procedure Rules annually and for making recommendations for any changes to the Council.
- 1.5 The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee is responsible for approving the Council's risk management policy statement and strategy and for reviewing the effectiveness of risk management arrangements. The Cabinet is responsible for assessing the risk of activity undertaken by the Council.
- 1.6 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for the proper administration of the Council's financial affairs, and particularly for:
 - a) Providing financial advice and information to members and officers;
 - b) Setting standards for good financial management and monitoring compliance with those standards, including adherence to the <u>CIPFA Financial Management Code of Practice</u>;
 - c) Advising on the key financial controls necessary to secure sound financial management;
 - d) Ensuring that proper systems of internal control are operated;
 - e) Coordinating the preparation of the Revenue Budgets and the Capital Investment Plan;
 - f) Determining the accounting policies and financial procedures and records for the Council;
 - g) Preparing the annual financial statements in accordance with the relevant accounting standards and codes of practice;
 - h) Treasury management activities;
 - i) Preparing a risk management policy statement and promoting it throughout the Council;
 - j) Maintaining an effective internal audit function, jointly with the Chief Executive,
 - k) Ensuring proper professional practices are maintained within the finance function; and
 - I) Managing the Council's taxation affairs.

- 1.7 The Chief Finance Officer must report to the Council's Monitoring Officer and to the Council if:
 - a) A decision has been made, or is about to be made, which involves the incurring of expenditure which is unlawful; or
 - b) There has been, or is about to be, an unlawful action resulting in a financial loss to the Council;

and the Council's Monitoring Officer will take all appropriate and necessary steps to deal with the matter.

- 1.8 The Chief Finance Officer may issue any instruction intended to fulfil these responsibilities and is entitled to any information or explanations as he/she may require. The Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk, and the Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning may also issue instructions or guidance in relation to these financial procedure rules.
- 1.9 Service Directors must ensure that financial systems and procedures used in their service areas are adequate to record and control all transactions and to achieve adequate levels of internal check and control.
- 1.10 Service Directors must make arrangements to ensure that all officers involved in financial matters are aware of, and competent in the use of, these Financial Procedure Rules. The extent of delegated authority to officers must be recorded.
- 1.11 Strategic Directors must ensure that any report to Cabinet contains the financial implications of any proposals. These financial implications must be agreed with the Chief Finance Officer.
- 1.12 Where, as a result of legislation or decision of the Council, part of the Council's functions are delivered by an Associated Organisation including any partnerships of which the Council is a member or participant, funded partly or wholly by the Council, the organisation must agree with the Council its own arrangements for corporate governance, by way of an initial proposal. Subsequent authority to approve changes may be delegated to a strategic director. All partnership arrangements will incorporate the spirit of the Council's Financial Procedure Rules, and will include the Council's right of access to financial information about the associated organisation.
- 1.13 Schools with delegated budgets are subject to, and must comply with-, the 'Kirklees Scheme for Financing Schools', which has tailored these Financial Procedure Rules for use in those Schools.
- 1.14 A reference in the Financial Procedure Rules:
 - a) To the Cabinet includes Cabinet Committees;

- b) To a Strategic Director includes where appropriate the Chief Executive.
- c) To a Service Director includes his or her nominees (except where otherwise specifically forbidden);
- d) To the Chief Finance Officer includes his or her nominees; and
- e) To an officer means any employee of the Council, or other persons contracted to carry out functions where these Financial Procedure Rules apply.

2. **REVENUE BUDGET PREPARATION AND MANAGEMENT**

Responsibilities

The Council is responsible for determining the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) comprising a multi-year General Fund Revenue Budget Plan ,which will normally cover a period<u>of up to 5 years</u> between 2and 4 years (including the revenue consequences from the Capital Investment Plan), a multi-year capital budget plan of up to 5 years, and setting the level of Council Tax for the following financial year.

- 2.1 The Cabinet is responsible for recommending to the Council a Medium Term Financial Plan comprising a multi-year General Fund Revenue Budget Plan and Capital Investment Plan and for implementing it when determined.
- 2.2 The Cabinet is responsible for approving the setting of Council Tenant Rents, and other rents and service charges within the Housing Revenue Account (HRA), each year, within the scope of existing HRA rent and charging policies.

Budget Preparation

- 2.3 The Cabinet will submit no later than the October meeting of the Council each year a provisional budget strategy, for a period of between 2 years and 4up to 5 years___The starting point will be the existing multi-year plans rolled forward from the previous year, including a high level review of Council funding and spend assumptions.- Any resultant gap between funding and spend forecasts will inform target spending controls over the new MTFP period
- 2.4 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for establishing budget procedures, including determination of the following:
 - i) target spending controls for the Council budget over the MTFP, and their allocation to Strategic Directors, as appropriate,
 - ii) the format for budget documentation,
 - iii) a corporate budget timetable, and
 - iv) to report on any amendments put forward as part of the Council's budget process
- 2.5 The provisional budget strategy will include arrangements for wider public <u>and key stakeholder</u> engagement on budget options being considered.

- 2.6 Strategic Directors will produce draft budget proposals to meet target spending controls for Council budgets over the MTFP, in accordance with budget procedures and the annual budget timetable as set out by the Chief Finance Officer. These draft budget proposals will show how resources are to be allocated across activities, taking into account any service changes, performance targets, and the specific requirements of any relevant legislation, including service equalities impacts integrated impact assessments, in formulating budget options for Cabinet consideration.
- 2.7 The Cabinet will consider these proposals in detail and make its recommendations to the Council at least 14 days before the date set for the meeting of the Council which will determine the Council's Budget for the next financial year.
- 2.8 The Chief Finance Officer will advise the Cabinet and the Council on the overall budget, the levels of Council Tax, the use of reserves and the need for contingency budgets, and on the risks involved in the forecasts of spending levels and income. The annual budget report must make reference to all matters required by legislation or appropriate professional guidance.

Budget Management

- 2.9 The Cabinet is responsible for implementing the Corporate Plan within the resources allocated in the Revenue Budget. The Cabinet will provide summary revenue monitoring information to the Council at least twice per year.
- 2.10 The Chief Finance Officer will report to the Cabinet on the overall management of the Revenue Budget on a quarterly basis through the year. At least a summary of this information will be published on the council website.
- 2.11 The Chief Finance Officer will determine which budgets are "controllable" by Strategic Directors, and will allocate the specific budgets that each Strategic Director has responsibility to manage.
- 2.112____These budgets will normally align with the Directorate structure of the Council, __but may also reflect the cross council (transformational) structure of the Council. The Chief Finance Officer will determine which budgets may be considered together for the purposes of delegated virement authority (per FPR 2.21 to 2.25 below).
- 2.122.13 Service Directors are responsible for managing controllable budgets within their delegated authority and should exercise proper budgetary control in order to achieve Corporate Plan and Service Plan objectives.
- 2.132.14 Service Directors are authorised to incur any expenditure included in the approved revenue budget, as amended by any virement including obtaining and accepting quotations and providing grants and loans, subject to other requirements of CPRs and FPRs.

- 2.142.15 Service Directors must report on budget management. They must take action to avoid overspending budgets and report any difficulties to the appropriate Strategic Director and the Chief Finance Officer. These reports must be in a format and to a timetable prescribed by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 2.152.16 Where a Service Director is reporting a projected overspending of more than_£500,000 on an activity that cannot be addressed through budget virement, this will be highlighted by the Chief Finance Officer as part of the report to the Cabinet on the overall management of the Revenue Budget on a quarterly basis through the year, setting out the reasons for the overspending and management options for eliminating or reducing the overspending.
 - —The Cabinet is responsible for reviewing management options and for recommending such further steps as are necessary to align activity with resources.
- 2.162.17 The Chief Finance Officer is accountable for all central budgets, which will be managed in the same way as activity budgets.
- 2.172.18 The Chief Finance Officer has delegated authority to review the requirement for existing Council Provisions and earmarked Reserves, inyear, and to approve the proposed drawdown of earmarked reserves inyear in consultation with the relevant Strategic Director, ensuring that the proposed drawdowns are appropriate for the stated purpose of the earmarked reserve. Earmarked reserves drawdowns in-year will also form part of the overall report to Cabinet on a quarterly basis as set out at FPR 2.10. The CFO will also and to report any new Reserves or Provisions requirements to Cabinet.
- 2.182.19 Service Directors should delegate authority to commit budgets to the appropriate level of management, make arrangements to set out clearly the extent of authority of managers, and review the performance of managers in managing these budgets.

Virements

- 2.192.20 Service Directors are authorised to transfer resources within an activity budget without limit providing the Service Plan for the activity is not changed in a material way.
- 2.21 Virement which is associated with a change in the level of service from that set out in the service plan must be approved by the Cabinet.
- 2.22 Virement is not permitted between HRA funded and General Fund funding streams
- 2.23 Strategic Directors, in consultation with the appropriate executive member(s), are authorised to transfer resources between controllable activity

budgets subject only to the cumulative Virements on any one activity not exceeding 10% of the original net controllable Directorate budget or $\pounds1,000,000$, whichever is the smaller.

- 2. 24 The Cabinet is authorised to transfer resources (undertake a Virement) of more than £1,000,000 between activity budgets, subject only to the cumulative Virements on any one Directorate not exceeding 10% of the original gross budget, or £2m, whichever is the smaller. Cumulative Virements above these thresholds requires Council approval.
- 2.25 The transfer of revenue resources in any one financial year from the revenue budget to add additional resources to the capital plan, will only be allowed if:
- (a) there is explicit prior year approval as part of the approved budget plans of the Council, for the following financial year; or
- (b) Service Directors can identify, from the revenue budget (up to £500,000 cumulative virement in any one financial year) to add additional resources to the capital plan, in respect of approved programmes and projects, and subject to approval by the Executive Team and the Chief Finance Officer; and compliance with FPR 3.17 and 3.18
- 2.26 Virement is specifically not allowed where the transfer of resources is from budgets for capital charges, Council support functions or statutory taxes and levies.
- 2.27 All Virements will be recorded in a way prescribed by the Chief Finance Officer who will arrange for Virements to be incorporated into subsequent financial monitoring reported to the Cabinet.

<u>Rollover</u>

- 2.28 Rollover is a mechanism for transferring budget provisions from one year to the next, or vice versa. Rollover arrangements apply equally to the General Fund and the Housing Revenue Account.
- 2.29 The Council, in determining the Revenue Budget for a particular year, will also determine the arrangements for rollover for that year. The Council will determine changes to the Council's Revenue Budget arising from the rollover process.
- 2.30 The Cabinet is responsible for recommending changes to the Revenue Budget arising from the rollover process.
- 2.31 In the rollover process, the overall level of resources available to support rollover proposals will not exceed any reported net underspend of the Council as a whole for that year. If the Council as a whole does not have a reported under spend, the presumption is that there will be no revenue rollover for that year.
- 2.32 Subject to the parameters set out in FPR 2.31 above, rollover proposals will be considered at Executive Team in the first instance.

<u>Other</u>

- 2.33 Where during any year a material change of funding (and or any change associated activity) arises this must be reported to Cabinet along with a statement of any associated change in the risk profile (for example a change from outsourced to direct employment may have the same overall cost, but may significantly increase the Council's risk).
- 2.34 Where, as a result of because of a mistake or error by an officer, the Council becomes liable for any charges, penalties or additional expenses, such costs will be met by the activity in which the error is made.
- 2.35 Whenever the Cabinet becomes aware –following a report from the Chief Finance Officer- that a reduction in resources during the current or future years may impact on the Council's financial position, it may take such steps as it considers necessary to reduce activity immediately or at a stage prior to the next budget Council to address this.
- 2.36 After the end of each financial year, the Chief Finance Officer will report to the Cabinet and the Council on the outturn financial performance and any proposed rollover, subject to the parameters set out in FPR 2.30 above.
- 2.37 The Chief Finance Officer is permitted to make variations to revenue funding as necessary in order to ensure that the council funding position is optimised, subject to reporting such actions to Cabinet and Council.

3. CAPITAL INVESTMENT PLAN PREPARATION AND MANAGEMENT

<u>General</u>

- 3.1 For the purposes of capital investment plan preparation and management, "capital" must meet the following criteria:
 - (a) the definition for capital as set out in relevant CIPFA accounting guidance and accounting standards, and any other statutory Government guidance as set from time to time-;
 - (b) Subject to (a) above, a minimum threshold or 'de minimius' to be considered capital at an individual project level, as determined by the Chief Finance Officer. (The usual de minimius level is £10,000)_
- 3.2 All capital investment must also be made in recognition of the CIPFA 'Prudential Code for Capital Expenditure with regard to prudence, affordability and sustainability, and any associated statutory Government guidance'. Council must approve an annual Capital Strategy and annual (Non-Treasury) Investment Strategy in line with the guidance.

Responsibilities

- 3.3 The Council is responsible for determining the Council's Capital Investment Plan and approving the prudential indicators and limits that support the capital investment.
- 3.4 The Cabinet is responsible for recommending to the Council at the same time as the proposed Revenue Budget, a multi-year Capital Investment Plan and the prudential indicators and limits that support the recommended capital investment.
- 3.5 The Council will determine allocations of capital resources to programme areas, or to specified projects.
- 3.6 The Cabinet is responsible for implementing the Capital Plan approved by Council, in line with any stated Council policies, or strategies
- 3.7 The Chief Finance Officer will advise the Cabinet and the Council on the overall Capital Investment Plan and levels of funding available. The Chief Finance Officer must confirm the robustness of the capital plan and assess and report to Cabinet on the revenue effects of the capital plan (financing, additional running costs, savings and income) and indicating the prudential indicators and limits that support the capital investment.
- 3.8 Service Directors are responsible for managing programmes and projects, and must make appropriate arrangements to control projects and avoid overspending.

Capital Investment Plan Preparation.

3.9 The Chief Finance Officer will prepare draft investment plans in accordance (where set) with the planning totals. Service Directors are responsible for providing details of all programmes and projects in a format prescribed by the Chief Finance Officer.

Plan Management

- 3.10 Where the Council has allocated resources to a programme area, the Cabinet will determine the allocation of resources from the programme area to named projects.
- 3.11 The Cabinet is authorised to;
 - (1) Transfer resources within a programme area without restrictions.
 - (2) Transfer resources between any project or programme area up to a maximum of £2,000,000 in any financial year.
 - (3) Transfer resources within programme areas between any year within the approved capital plan, subject to compliance with 3.14 and 3.16

<u>3.12</u> Service Directors are authorised to transfer resources to or from any project, or to or from any unallocated resources within a programme area up to a maximum of £1,000,000 in any financial year, subject to the approval of the Chief Finance Officer and notification to the relevant Cabinet Member and appropriate Wward Members.

3.123.13 The Cabinet may delegate its authority under Financial Procedure Rule 3.11 to Service Directors. This is to be agreed on an annual basis.

- 3.14 Transfers under 3.10 to 3.13 require the approval of the Chief Finance Officer who must be satisfied that there is no impact on capital funding stream as a result of because of the changes.
- 3.15 The transfer of revenue resources in any one financial year from the revenue budget to add additional resources to the capital plan, will only be allowed if ;
 - (a) there is explicit prior year approval as part of the approved budget plans of the Council for the following financial year; or
 - (b) Service Directors can identify from the revenue budget (up to £500,000 cumulative virement in any one financial year) to add additional resources to the capital plan, in respect of approved programmes and projects, but subject to approval by the Executive Team and the Chief Finance Officer; and compliance with FPR 3.19 and 3.20.
- 3.16 Transfer of resources must recognise funding arrangements. Transfer is not permitted between HRA funded and General Fund funding streams, nor in respect of any project (or programme) to the extent that it is funded by a project (or programme) specific third party grant.
- 3.16 The Cabinet may delegate its authority under Financial Procedure Rules 3.10 and 3.11 to Service Directors. This is to be agreed on an annual basis.
- 3. 17 Any decision on resource allocation by Cabinet, Strategic and Service Directors (3.11 to 3.16) must recognise any policy decisions of Council. Any decision on resource allocation by Strategic and Service Directors (3.12-3.16) must recognise any policy decisions of Cabinet.
- 3.18 The Chief Finance Officer will report to the Cabinet on the overall management of the Capital Investment Plan on a quarterly basis through the year (including the reporting of virements in respect of transfer of resources within or between programmes. The Cabinet will provide summary monitoring information to the Council at least twice per year

Initiating and Progressing Investment Decisions

3.19 The Chief Executive will establish arrangements, delegated as appropriate to a lead Strategic Director in conjunction with the Chief Finance Officer, to ensure effective deployment of capital resources, ensuring that these align

with council priorities and including the preparation of business cases and/or option appraisals designed to ensure project effectiveness and value for money, and to assist Council to determine its Capital Investment Plan, and assist Cabinet with the allocation of programme area budgets to specific projects. For these purposes the Strategic Director and Chief Finance Officer may approve the incurring of fees for option appraisal or initial design fees, subject to the identification of an appropriate funding source.

- 3.20 A capital outlay report will be prepared for each specific project. It will be signed off by the relevant programme manager and approved by the Chief Finance Officer, who will grant approval to each specific project when satisfied that:
 - a) The project appears on a schedule of named projects (approved by Council or Cabinet, or by officers under a scheme approved by Cabinet).
 - b) That the total costs of a project are estimated to be less than or equal to the amount approved in the Capital Investment Plan; or
 Where the total costs of a project exceed the amount approved in the Capital Investment Plan the appropriate additional resources has been approved; (3.10 to 3.16),
 - c) Any necessary external approval have been obtained;
 - d) The project will not lead to any unexpected or unplanned costs, not envisaged by the business case or optional appraisal.
- 3.21 Service Directors have authority to progress projects once the approvals at3.20 has been given. They must ensure compliance also with ContractProcedure Rules.
- 3.22 Strategic Directors are responsible for post implementation reviews of capital projects to assess the outcome of investment programmes and projects, and the extent to which these achieved the planned objectives set out in the business case, this assessment to be used in summary to Cabinet and Council as a part of the overall financial reporting and monitoring process.
- 3.23 The Chief Finance Officer is permitted to make variations to capital funding as necessary in order to ensure that the council funding position is optimised, subject to reporting such actions to Cabinet and Council.

Complex Projects

3.24 _Cabinet may delegate decisions in relation to complex projects or schemes of projects(which might relate to expenditure, income, the creation of subsidiary or related organisations) to the Chief Executive_(who may further delegate

decisions to a Strategic Director, or as appropriate the Chief Finance Officer or Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning. The Chief Finance Officer and Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning must be consulted on any decision made by such a delegated party.

Leased Assets

- 3.25 Accounting regulations (IFRS 16) makes an ongoing presumption that all leases (including those previously defined as operating leases) will need to be included on the Council's Balance Sheet. All lease arrangement need to follow the same procedures, and have the same authority and approval, as for other items of capital expenditure
- 3.26 In respect of any item acquired by lease (other than a Land Asset) the inventory must be marked with the name of the leasing company and the date of expiry of the lease agreement. When requested by the leasing company the item must be suitably marked as the property of that company.

4. FINANCIAL SYSTEMS, AND PROCEDURES AND GRANTS

- 4.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for the operation of the Council's accounting systems, the form of accounts and the supporting financial records. Any changes to the existing financial systems or the establishment of new systems must be approved by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 4.2 Any exceptions to financial procedures to meet the specific needs of a Service must be agreed between the Service Director and the Chief Finance Officer.
- 4.3 Service Directors must ensure that officers understand and are competent to undertake their financial responsibilities and receive relevant financial training that has been approved by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 4.4 Service Directors are responsible for the proper operation of financial processes in their own activity and must ensure that all financial, costing, and other statistical information is recorded fully and accurately.
- 4.5 Service Directors must ensure that financial documents are retained in accordance with the Council's approved retention schedule.
- 4.6 As far as practicable, Service Directors must make arrangements for the separation of duties between the carrying out of transactions and the examining and checking of transactions.

Sections 4.7- 4.11 now form a part of section 22

5. INTERNAL AUDIT

Responsibility & Authority

5.1 The Chief Executive, (in consultation with the Chief Finance Officer and

Monitoring Officer) must arrange a continuous internal audit, which is an independent review of the accounting, financial and other operations of the Council.

- 5.2 The Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk will report directly to the Chief Executive, the Chair of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee or the External Auditor in any circumstance where the functions and responsibilities of the Chief Finance Officer are being reviewed. (Other than routine reporting of work carried out)
 - 5.3 The Head of Audit & Risk has authority to:-
 - (a) Enter at all times any Council premises or land or location from which Council services are provided;
 - (b) Have access to all property, records, documents and correspondence relating to all activities of the Council;
 - (c) Require and receive explanations concerning any matter; and
 - (d) Require any employee of the Council, without prior notice, to produce cash, stores or any other property for which they are responsible.
 - (e) Require any Director to ensure that within 5 working days notice (or such other time as might be agreed by the Head of Audit & Risk)

(i) to ensure sufficient resource by way of time or otherwise, that an adequate response by employees of the service to any request for information,

and, or

(ii) any employee attend a meeting at any location (within the Kirklees area,) chosen by the Head of Audit & Risk

and or

(iii) the provision of any information, data, records, currently held in any media format be provided that that format, or in any other reasonable format chosen by the Head of Audit & Risk, and as appropriate delivered to a location chosen by the Head of Audit & Risk and

(iv) to be accountable to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee should they fail to act

The Chief Finance Officer has the same authority for any accounting or associated purpose.

Planning & Reporting

5.4 The Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk must plan and report (in accordance with the approved Audit Strategy and Charter, Public Sector Internal Audit Standards and any instruction from the Councils Corporate Governance & Audit Committee) upon:-

- a) The risks inherent in and associated with each system;
- b) The soundness, adequacy and application of the financial and other management controls and systems within each Service;
- c) The extent of compliance with, and the financial effects of, established policies, plans and procedures;
- d) The extent to which the organisation's assets and interests are accounted for and safeguarded from losses of all kinds arising from fraud, other offences, waste, extravagance and inefficient administration, poor value for money and other cause;
- e) The suitability, accuracy and reliability of financial and other management data within the organisation; and
- f) Value for money aspects of service provision.
- 5.5 In respect of any audit report or communication issued, the Director must reply within 4 weeks indicating the action proposed or taken, by whom and including target dates. Where a draft report is issued for initial comments a reply must be made within 2 weeks of issue.
- 5.6 The Head of Audit & Risk will provide a written summary of the activities of the Internal Audit function to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee at least four times per year and an Annual Report produced for consideration by, Cabinet and Corporate Governance & Audit Committee, including an audit opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's risk management systems and internal control environment.

The Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk will review the system of internal audit on an annual basis (and arrange for an external assessment once every 5 years) and report the outcome to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

Investigations and Suspected Fraud, Corruption or Bribery.

- 5.7 The Chief Executive and Directors must ensure that all Members and employees are:
 - a) Aware of the Council's Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Strategy;
 - b) Aware of the Whistleblowing Strategy; and
 - c) Operating in a way that maximises internal check against inappropriate behaviour.

The Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk is responsible for the development and maintenance of the Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption and Anti Bribery Strategy and Whistleblowing Strategy and for directing the Council's efforts in fraud investigation.

- 5.8 It is the duty of any officer who suspects or becomes aware of any matter which may involve loss or irregularity concerning cash, stores or other property of the Council or any suspected irregularity in the operations or exercise of the functions of the Council to immediately advise the Director. The Director concerned must immediately notify the Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk who may take action by way of investigation and report.
- 5.9 Where, following investigation, the Head of Audit & Risk considers that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that a loss has occurred as a result of misappropriation, irregular expenditure or fraud, consultations will be held with the Director on the relevant courses of action, including the possibility of police involvement and the invoking of any internal disciplinary procedure in accordance with the relevant conditions of service.

(Claimant fraud in respect of Housing Benefit and Council Tax Reduction and Discounts (where the claimant is not an employee or Member of the Council) is currently investigated by the Revenues & Benefits Service).

6. INSURANCE

- 6.1 The Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning, in consultation with Service Directors is responsible for assessing insurable risks and for arranging all insurance cover, including the management and control of the insurance fund. He/she will control all claims and maintain records of them. He/she has authority to receive or make claims on behalf of the council and negotiate and agree all settlements.
- 6.2 Service Directors must promptly notify the Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning in writing of all new risks or Assets to be insured and of any alterations affecting existing insurances. All insurances held must be reviewed on an annual basis.
- 6.3 In the event of any insurance claim or occurrence Service Directors must:
 - a) Not admit liability where this may prejudice the outcome of any settlement;
 - b) Promptly notify the Insurance Team, in writing, of any loss, liability, damage or any event likely to lead to a claim; and
 - c) Inform the Police in the case of loss or malicious damage to Council property.
- 6.4 Service Directors must consult the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning as to the terms of any indemnity the Council is required to give.
- 6.5 The Service Director in consultation with the Insurance Team will determine the extent of insurance cover which must be provided for in any external contract for the supply of goods, works or services. The Service Director, in

consultation with the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning, may reduce the cover requirements in respect of specific contracts.

7. ASSETS

- 7.1 Service Directors are responsible for the care and custody of all current and Fixed Assets of the relevant service (including stocks, stores, inventory items and all other items used for the Council's purposes, including property). These items must only be used for the authorised purposes of the Council.
- 7.2 Service Directors must ensure that contingency plans exist for the security of Assets and the continuity of service in the event of any disaster, significant event, or system failure.

Disposal of Assets

- 7.3 Surplus or obsolete goods, materials and inventory items are to be disposed of by agreed transfer to another Service, or disposal in accordance with Contract Procedure Rules, except when the Cabinet instructs otherwise.
- 7.4 Leased items (excluding Land Assets) should only be disposed of in accordance with instructions of the lessor.

Stores

- 7.5 Service Directors must keep records of all stock held. The Chief Finance Officer will determine which items will be subject to stock accounting, the methods of recording and valuation. An appropriate system of continuous stock taking must be agreed with the Chief Finance Officer.
- 7.6 Service Directors must arrange periodical or continuous checks of stock. This should be by persons independent of the management of the stock. These arrangements must ensure that all items of stock are checked at least once per year. The Chief Finance Officer will be notified of any discrepancies revealed by periodic checks, and is authorised to amend records accordingly.
- 7.7 Stock holdings should be kept at minimum levels consistent with normal working practices

Inventories

7.8 Service Directors are responsible for ensuring that detailed inventories of all land, buildings, equipment, specialist furniture, specialist fittings, vehicles, plant and machinery are compiled and kept up-to-date. New inventory items must be entered promptly and redundant items (other than Land Assets) deleted and disposed of in accordance with Financial Procedure Rule 7.3. The form of inventory and the type of Assets recorded thereon will be determined by the Chief Finance Officer after consultation with the appropriate Service Director.

- 7.9 The inventory should include:
 - a) The nature, type, model, serial number, location, quantity, value, date of acquisition;
 - b) All items valued at, more than £100;
 - c) Items of a lesser value which are portable and attractive; and
 - d) Evidence to indicate an inspection has been carried out.

I

- 7.10 Service Directors are responsible for ensuring that inventory items owned by another Directorate, but used operationally by their service areas are subject to an appropriate risk based level of control. When Assets are loaned to employees, or other organisations, the Service Director must record the reason for the loan, date/periods and name of the receiver, and ensure recovery at the end of the period at which the purpose of the loan has expired.
- 7.11 Inventory items must (where appropriate) be security marked, stamped or engraved with the Council's name.
- 7.12 Each Service Director is responsible for ensuring risk based checking of the inventory and must notify the Chief Finance Officer, and the Head of Internal <u>Audit &</u> Risk of any discrepancies revealed by these checks.

Fixed Assets Register

7.13 The Chief Finance Officer must ensure that a Register of Fixed Assets is maintained.

Each Service Director must notify the Chief Finance Officer of the:

- (1) Acquisition of any land, property or vehicle and any other assets having a value of more than £10,000.
- (2) Disposal (or transfer to another Service) of any Asset (or part of any Asset) which is included on the Register of Fixed Assets.
- 7.14 Leased assets must also be included in this record (see part 3.25, 3.26)

Land Assets

- 7.15 The Service Director responsible must maintain a detailed record of all Land Assets owned by the Council (except dwellings provided for general letting) and is responsible for the security and custody of all title deeds and must maintain a suitable register of Land Assets.
- 7.16 The disposal of Land Assets is dealt with in the Contract Procedure Rules.

Information Assets

7.17 Service Directors are responsible for ensuring that inventories of all information Assets are compiled and kept up-to-date. New inventory items must be entered promptly and redundant items deleted and disposed of in accordance with the Council's Information Security Policy Records Management Policy and the appropriate Retention and Disposal Schedule. The form of inventory and the type of Assets recorded thereon will be determined by the Chief Finance Officer

8. SECURITY

Security of Assets

- 8.1 Service Directors are responsible for maintaining proper security at all times for all buildings, stocks, stores, furniture, equipment, cash and any other assets for which they are responsible. The Chief Finance Officer must be consulted to establish adequate security arrangements except in relation to Land Assets that are the responsibility of the Service Director responsible for them, 8.2 All keys to safes and other places containing money, goods or other valuables are to be the responsibility of specified officers who must retain possession of such keys at all times.
- 8.2 A register of keys and their holders must be maintained by each Service Director. The loss of any key must be reported immediately to the Service Director who must record details of the circumstances of the loss, and take such action as is necessary to protect the property of the Council.
- 8.3 Maximum levels for cash holdings in each separate location are to be established in line with insurance limits.

Security of Information

8.4 Service Directors must maintain proper security, privacy and use of data and information held in any media including, but not inclusively, documents, magnetic, digital,(such as laptop and tablet computers, mobile phones, memory cards)

Service Directors must ensure that:-

- a) All employees are aware of and comply with the Council's Information Security and Records Management policies;
- b) All sensitive information is protected from unauthorised disclosure;
- c) The accuracy and completeness of information and software is safeguarded;
- d) Software and other intellectual property is used only in accordance with licensing agreements;
- e) Data Protection legislation is complied with;
- f) The Freedom of Information Act is complied with;
- g) Proper controls to system and physical access are in place; and
- h) The Councils intellectual property rights are protected.

Security of Property Relating to Clients and Customers

- 8.5 Service Directors must provide detailed written instructions on the collection, custody, investment, recording, safekeeping and disposal of customer/clients' property (including instructions on the disposal of property of deceased clients) for all staff whose duty is to administer, in any way, the property of clients. Due care should be exercised in the management of a customer or clients' money in order to maximise the benefits to the customer/client.
- 8.6 The Council is responsible for taking reasonable care of all items of property found by staff or members of the public on Council premises until the items are reclaimed or disposed of. Each Service Director must nominate officers who are responsible for the custody of lost property and keep a register of such property received, detailing the item, date, time, name and address of finder and how and to whom the property is returned or disposed of.
- 8.7 Service Directors may seek approval from the appropriate Strategic Director and Executive Member, on how lost property will be dealt with. Otherwise, if the lost property is not claimed within three months the Service Director will then determine if the item is of value for use by the Council, and arrange for its use for this purpose. All other items are to be disposed of in accordance with Contract Procedure Rules and the proceeds allocated to an appropriate council income code.

9. TREASURY MANAGEMENT

Policies and Strategies

- 9.1 The Council will adopt both the Code of Practice for Treasury Management in the Public Services, published by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy, and any associated statutory Government guidance, as issued from time to time.
- 9.2 The Council is responsible for adopting a treasury management policy statement, setting out the policies and objectives of its treasury management activities, and treasury management practices, setting out how those policies and objectives will be achieved and how treasury management will be managed and controlled.
- 9.3 The Cabinet is responsible for the implementation and monitoring of the treasury management policies, practices and performance. The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee has responsibility for scrutinizing treasury management policies and practices.
- 9.4 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions in accordance with the policy statement and agreed practices.

- 9.5 The Chief Finance Officer will report to the Council (via the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee and Cabinet);
 - (a) before each financial year recommending a treasury management strategy and plan;
 - (b) at least once in relation to treasury management activity during the year;
 - (c) by way of an annual report after the end of the year.

This will include the planned and actual performance in respect of the prudential indicators and limits

Administration

- 9.6 All money under the management of the Council is to be aggregated for the purposes of treasury management and will be controlled by the Chief Finance Officer
- 9.7 Investments other than bearer securities are to be in the name of the Council or nominee approved by the Cabinet. All borrowings are to be in the name of the Council.
- 9.8 The Chief Finance Officer will select the Council's Registrar of stocks, bonds and mortgages and must maintain records of all borrowings by the Council.
- 9.9 A suitable register must be maintained in respect of all investments, securities, bearer securities and borrowings.
- 9.10 The Chief Finance Officer will arrange all loans and leases including operating leases.(see also 3.25, 3.26)

<u>Trust Funds</u>

9.11 All trust funds are to be, wherever possible, in the name of the Council, except where charities legislation dictates otherwise. Officers acting as trustees by virtue of their official position must deposit all documents of title relating to the trust with the Service Director, Legal Governance & Commissioning (unless the Trust Deed otherwise directs) who must maintain a register of all such documents deposited.

10. BANKING ARRANGEMENTS, CHEQUE SIGNING AND IMPREST ACCOUNTS

Banking Arrangements

- 10.1 All of the Council's banking arrangements are to be approved by the Chief Finance Officer, who is authorised to operate such bank accounts as he or she considers appropriate.
- 10.2 Bank accounts must not be opened without the approval of the Chief Finance Officer. Where a bank account is opened, the account name must describe the purpose of the account. All new accounts should be named in the format 'KC, XYZ Unit Account'.

Cheques and Electronic Payments

- 10.3 Payments to suppliers and employees will be made by electronic means unless there are good reasons to use a different method.
- 10.4 All cheques are to be ordered only in accordance with arrangements approved by the Chief Finance Officer, who is to ensure their safe custody. Cheques drawn on the Council's main bank accounts must either bear the facsimile signature of the Chief Finance Officer or be signed in manuscript by him/her or other authorised officers. All alterations and amendments are to be signed in manuscript by the Chief Finance Officer, or other authorised officers.
- 10.5 Banking arrangements made for authorisation of payments to be made or received under electronic transfer are to be in a form approved by the Chief Finance Officer. Checks will be carried out as determined by the Chief Finance Officer to verify the validity of counterparty bank accounts prior to the release of any payments.
- 10.6 Service Directors must maintain a register of all officers authorised to sign cheques and other bank documents together with specimen signatures

Imprest Accounts

- 10.7 Service Directors will determine what amount is appropriate for an individual imprest account and keep a record of every imprest issued, including the name of the imprest holder, amount and location.
- 10.8 Any imprest holder (or sub imprest see rule 10.10) must at any time account for the total imprest if requested to do so by the Chief Finance Officer and keep adequate records in a form approved by the Chief Finance Officer and supported by valid (VAT) receipts. On ceasing to be responsible for an imprest account the officer must account promptly to the Service Director for the amount advanced.

- 10.9 Payments from imprest accounts are to be limited to minor items of expenditure and to any other items approved by the Chief Finance Officer
- 10.10 Where deemed appropriate by an imprest account holder a sub- imprest may be provided to another officer for which the main imprest account holder must obtain and retain an acknowledgement. In all cases where this occurs the main imprest holder must notify the Service Director.

11. <u>INCOME</u>

11.1 Fees and charges must be reviewed at least once per annum. Service Directors have authority to amend fees and charges to achieve budget targets and in line with the annual budget strategy, and are permitted to freeze or raise charges by an amount up to the equivalent to the consumer price index. Changes to charges may also reflect reasonable rounding to relevant prices which might in some cases mean that certain prices rise by more than the consumer price index or the budget strategy

Service Directors may make amendments to existing Fees and Charges during the financial year to account for changes in legislation, market conditions or to support the local communities or local business following the completion of an appropriate business case, in consultation with the appropriate Strategic Director, relevant Portfolio Holder and Chief Finance Officer.

Any proposal to implement new fees or charges must be approved by Cabinet. (_unless the making and quantum of the charge is a statutory obligation). See also Contract Procedure Rules.

- 11.2 The methods of collecting, recording and banking of all income due to the Council are to be approved by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 11.3 The Chief Finance Officer must be notified, in accordance with practices agreed with the relevant Service Director, of all income due to the Council and of contracts, leases and other agreements and arrangements entered into which involve the receipt of money by the Council.
- 11.4 Service Directors must ensure that to the maximum extent possible income is collected by electronic means. This means that positive action should be taken to promote the use of customer payment by direct debit at the point of order for one off items, and continuous debit arrangements for ongoing services provision. Service Directors must ensure full compliance with all practices necessary to fully protect the banking data of the council's customers.

Collection and Banking of Income

- 11.5 Service Directors must make appropriate arrangements for the control and issue of all receipt forms, books, tickets, ticket machines or other acknowledgements for money.
- 11.6 All income received by the Council must be acknowledged by the issue of an official receipt or by another approved method indicating payment has been received. In order to ensure compliance with the Anti-Money Laundering Procedures, Service Directors must not accept any cash payment in excess of 15,000 euros (£11,700) in respect of one single transaction on one occasion. Any reasonable concerns about the source of monies to be paid to the Council should be raised in accordance with the Procedures. The exception to this rule is that in the case of a disposal of a Land Asset by way of public auction, or under auction conditions, the Council may accept a cash payment

in excess of 15,000 Euros where the Land Asset being disposed of exceeds a sale price of 150,000 Euros. If there is any doubt about whether or not to proceed with a transaction, a decision must not be taken until relevant approval has been obtained under the Procedures. Anti-money laundering compliance is the responsibility of the Service Director of Legal Governance & Commissioning who is entitled to issue instruction relating to this matter.

- 11.7 All money received by an officer on behalf of the Council must either be paid to the Chief Finance Officer or to the Council's bank account as the Chief Finance Officer may determine, at intervals taking account of the security of the premises. No deductions are to be made from such monies unless specifically authorised by the Chief Finance Officer. Personal cheques must not be cashed out of monies held on behalf of the Council. Refunds must be made through the payments system.
- 11.8 Arrangements for opening incoming mail must ensure that any money so received is immediately recorded.
- 11.9 Every transfer of official money from one officer to another must be evidenced in the records of the Services concerned by the signature of the receiving officer

Cash discrepancies

- 11.10 Each Director must maintain a detailed record of all cash surpluses and deficiencies in a manner approved by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 11.11 The Service Director must investigate any apparent patterns of discrepancies
- 11.12 Where such discrepancies are in excess of £100 individually, or in total within any period of 1 month, the Director concerned must immediately investigate and notify the Head of <u>Audit &</u> Risk who may undertake such investigations as he/she deems appropriate.

Debtors

- 11.13 Wherever possible, payment should be obtained in advance, or at the time of provision of a service, goods, letting or works. Where credit is given, Service Directors must ensure that the credit status of each customer is satisfactory. Service Directors are responsible for issuing debtor accounts in a form approved by the Chief Finance Officer immediately a debt falls due. Each Service Director, in conjunction with the Chief Finance Officer must maintain adequate records to ensure that all credit income due to the Council is promptly recovered.
- 11.14 The Chief Finance Officer must be satisfied that Service Directors are taking appropriate measures to recover credit income due in a timely and efficient manner. The Chief Finance Officer, will take appropriate steps to monitor and review the effectiveness of recovery procedures in services, and in conjunction with the relevant Service Director, implement any further actions as required to maximise income recovery within service to appropriate levels.

- 11.15 Where a sService dDirector agrees that a debtor may defer repayment, the sService dDirector must ensure that full records of the reason for agreeing repayment deferral are retained, and must have arrangements in place to formally reconsider the appropriateness of deferral at agreed regular intervals (that must not be longer than 12 months)
- 11.16 Service Directors must regularly review debts due and ensure adequate year end provisions for bad and doubtful debts. Service Directors are authorised to review and recommend for write off all individual bad debts in a timely manner, as a minimum every 6 months, and subject to the approval of the Chief Finance Officer. A report on the details of all debts written off under delegated authority must be prepared and formally noted by the Service Director in consultation with the Cabinet Member. The Chief Finance Officer, must prepare an annual consolidated report of all debts written off for consideration by the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee. Service Directors must ensure that appropriate accounting entries are made following write off actions, in a manner prescribed by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 11.17 The 'writing off' of a debt does not absolve a Service Director of the responsibility to collect such debts, and the position in relation to such debtors is to be monitored by the Service Director.

12 PAYMENT OF INVOICES

All payments must be made through the councils accounting system (SAP) and should be made by electronic transfer except where there are substantial over riding reasons for alternative means of payment. Service Directors must ensure through a review, at least annually, that SAP authorisations are appropriate to the needs of the service, maintaining an adequate degree of separation of duties and internal control.

- 12.1 Service Directors must ensure that all valid invoices are paid within 30 days of receipt.
- 12.2 The Chief Finance Officer will determine the method and frequency of payment from one of the Council's main bank accounts, except for
 - Petty cash and other imprest accounts
 - Delegated bank accounts approved by the Chief Finance Officer

Automated Payments

- 12.3 When an invoice is matched through the automated procurement and payment system, it will be paid in line with the councils determined procedures.
- 12.4 Any invoices rejected by the automated system must be subject to thorough checking by the Director to determine the reason for variance, and the cause recorded.

Certification & Processing (paper records)

12.5 Service Directors must approve a schedule of officers authorised to certify

invoices, (names and specimen signatures). This must be supplied if requested to the Chief Finance Officer. The schedule must be reviewed at least once per year.

12.6 All invoices- that are not the subject of automated processing- must be certified in manuscript, unless an alternative method is expressly authorised by the Chief Finance Officer.

By certifying an account for payment the authorised officer indicates that satisfactory checks have been carried out to ensure that:-

- (a) The work, goods or services to which the account relates have been received or carried out, examined and approved;
- (b) Prices, extensions, calculations, discounts, other allowances and tax are correct;
- (c) There is a proper tax invoice when appropriate;
- (d) The relevant expenditure has been properly incurred, is within budget, and is charged to the appropriate budget;
- (e) Entries have been made in Asset registers, inventories, stores and other records as appropriate; and
- (f) The account has not previously been paid.
- 12.7 Where errors on an invoice are detected manual adjustments which reduce the total payment are permissible, provided that this does not change the total amount of VAT payable. In all cases where the amount due increases, or changes the amount of VAT, a replacement invoice and/or credit note must be obtained before payment is made.
- 12.8 The Service Director must where possible achieve an adequate level of internal check. At least two officers should be involved. The officer certifying the account for payment should not be the same officer who received or checked the items, goods, works or services.

No officer may certify any invoice involving payment to himself or herself.

- 12.9 All forms of account submitted for payment to a supplier or contractor other than on the original invoice must be accompanied by a special certification stating that the original invoice has not been paid and will not be paid subsequently. The certificate must be signed by an officer authorised to certify accounts for payment.
- 12.10 The Chief Finance Officer may withhold payment of any invoice where there is evidence to suggest that it is not in order. The Chief Finance Officer must

establish rules that control the use of pro-forma invoices, to ensure that these are not used to circumvent council procedures,

Advance Payments

12.11 The council should not pay for any goods or service prior to receipt of the items, and not without an invoice. Where a supplier or contractor requires payment prior to the dispatch of goods or the provision of services, an official order signed by a duly authorised officer and clearly marked that payment is to be made before receipt of the goods or services must be completed. Whenever possible a supplier's invoice must be obtained, and payment made on this. In exceptional circumstances only, a pro forma invoice or supplier's order form detailing fully the goods/service to be obtained may be used. This must be approved by an officer authorised to certify invoices and retained as a record of the payment made, Where VAT features in the advance payment, the issuing officer must then obtain a VAT invoice or authenticated receipt for the transaction, and arrange for its processing to facilitate the recovery of VAT.

Discounts

12.12 All discounts available from a supplier are to be taken as a deduction against the cost of goods purchased and must appear on the invoice. Where a supplier provides any free item, or discount is available in the form of goods these are the property of the Council, as are loyalty or bonus points or other rewards earned.

Payment by Direct Debit/Standing Order

- 12.13 The Service Director (or Designated Finance Officer) must approve all requests for creation of a Direct Debit mandate, and supply to the Chief Finance Officer such information as is deemed necessary (e.g. codes,- profit centre(s) to be charged, a copy of a recent bill, showing signatory certification, for the account in question). If the payment method is Standing Order, the requestor must also specify the frequency of payment and, where appropriate, a termination date.
- 12.14 The Service Director must inform the Chief Finance Officer when any payment is to be terminated.
- 12.15 Services must retain all statements relating to accounts paid by Direct Debit/Standing Order for current plus three previous financial years in order to substantiate the authority's claim for VAT on these accounts.

13. PURCHASING CARDS

- 13.1 All arrangements regarding purchasing cards must be approved by the Chief Finance Officer.(as set out in the Purchasing Card Procedure Manual)
- 13.2 Service Directors in conjunction with the Chief Finance Officer will determine the monthly credit limit, any cash limits and permissible purchasing categories

for individual payment and procurement cards.

- 13.3 Each cardholder must ensure safe custody of the card at all times.
- 13.4 Cards may be used only in accordance with the approved scheme and for legitimate expenses incurred by the cardholder in the course of official Council business.

They must not be used:-

- a) To avoid any corporate rules on procurement and purchasing (for example to purchase only from approved suppliers)
- b) To circumvent the procedures for the ordering of and payment for, goods and services under these regulations; or
- c) To purchase items for the private or personal use of cardholders.
- 13.5 Each cardholder must ensure that all expenditure incurred using a purchasing card is supported by adequate records and a VAT receipt is obtained to support all expenditure.

14. SALARIES, WAGES AND PENSIONS

Service Directors must ensure through a review, at least annually, that SAP authorisations are appropriate to the needs of the service, maintaining an adequate degree of separation of duties and internal control.

- 14.1 All payments of salaries, wages, pensions, compensations, gratuities, allowances and other emoluments to current or former employees are to be made by the Chief Finance Officer in accordance with information supplied by the Director. All payroll transactions must be processed through the Council's SAP payroll system.
- 14.2 Service Directors must ensure that appointments of all employees are in accordance with the appropriate Conditions of Service of the Council or any approved scheme of delegation, and within the approved budgets, grades and rates of pay. Any variations of terms and conditions must be in accordance with arrangements approved by the Cabinet.

<u>Records</u>

14.3 Service Directors must maintain adequate records to notify the Chief Finance Officer of all appointments, resignations, dismissals, and retirements together with changes in pay rates, bonuses due, overtime worked and other matters affecting remuneration, and provide all information to ensure that the correct adjustments are made in respect of absences, pensions, income tax, national insurance, sickness and maternity pay and any other additions to or deductions from pay. Service Directors must also advise the Chief Finance Officer of any employee benefit in kind to enable reporting for taxation purposes.

- 14.4 All officers must complete a time record of actual times of attendance at work, except where a time clock is used. Paper records should be signed by the officer as a correct statement. It is the responsibility of each manager to check time records of officers for which that manager has responsibility.
- 14.5 Time records and other pay documents must be maintained in a manner approved by the Chief Finance Officer and be certified by the Service Director or other authorised officers. The Service Director must maintain a list of officers who are permitted to certify payroll documentation –either electronically or by manuscript (and their specimen signatures) and these authorisations must be reviewed at least annually by the Service Director. Details of officers authorised must be supplied to the Chief Finance Officer

Overpayments

14.6 The Service Director, in consultation with the Head of Human Resources, is entitled to write off any employee debt on compassionate grounds. All other overpayments of pay must be treated for the purposes of recovery and write off in accordance with Financial Procedure Rule 11.

15 TRAVEL, SUBSISTENCE AND OTHER ALLOWANCES

- 15.1 Service Directors must ensure through a review, at least annually, that SAP authorisations are appropriate to the needs of the service, maintaining an adequate degree of separation of duties and internal control.
- 15.2 Payment of all claims must be in accordance with Schemes of Conditions of Service adopted in respect of the employee to which the payment relates, and will be paid through the councils SAP payroll system unless otherwise agreed by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 15.3 All claims for payment of car allowances, subsistence allowances, travelling and incidental expenses must be made electronically, or where authorised, on a paper form approved by Chief Finance Officer. The form must provide for certification in manuscript by the Service Director or <u>other officer</u> authorised <u>officer.by the Director</u>.
- 15.4 The Service Director must maintain a list of officers who are permitted to authorise expenses claims electronically and by paper (and their specimen signatures) and these authorisations must be reviewed at least annually by the Service Director. Details of officers authorised to sign such expense claims must be supplied to the Chief Finance Officer on request.
- 15.5 The certification (or electronic approval) of a claim by or on behalf of a Service Director is taken to mean that the certifying officer is satisfied that the journeys were authorised, the expenses properly and necessarily incurred and that the allowances are properly payable by the Council.

16 **<u>TAXATION</u>**

- 16.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for advising the Council on all taxation issues that affect the Council.
- 16.2 Each Director must ensure taxation is treated correctly and consult with the Chief Finance Officer in the event of any uncertainty as to any taxation treatment.
- 16.3 The Chief Finance Officer will lead and co-ordinate discussion or negotiations with HM Revenue and Customs about any taxation matter.
- 16.4 The Chief Finance Officer will complete all of the Council's tax returns.

17. GIFTS AND HOSPITALITY

- 17.1 Officers must ensure that it is apparent that no cause could reasonably arise for adverse criticism or suggestion of improper influence about the acceptance of any gift or hospitality. They must ensure that in accepting any offer of gifts and or hospitality to do so would not infringe the requirements of the Bribery Act 2010.
- 17.2 Service Directors must maintain a central record of all gifts, invitations and hospitality offered and or received, including items of token value.
- 17.3 The receipt of personal gifts should be discouraged, but if an officer, during the course of, or as a result of, official duties, receives any personal gift, other than one of only token value (less than £25), the matter must be reported to the Service Director who will decide if the item is to be returned or forwarded to some charitable cause, and the Director must inform the donor what has happened to the gift and explain the reason why gifts should not be sent in the future.
- 17.4 Service Directors and other officers with the permission of the Service Director may accept invitations to events and associated hospitality of any value where this relates to a function promoted by an organisation with which the Council has formal links and attendance constitutes a demonstration of faith in that organisation. It will not normally be appropriate for attendance by a companion. A Service Director must agree that they are satisfied that attendance by the companion is appropriate.
- 17.5 Hospitality must only be given or accepted where it is on a scale appropriate to the circumstances, reasonably incidental to the occasion, not extravagant and justifiable as in the public interest. Particular care must be taken when this involves potential customers or suppliers. The circumstances and the type of hospitality are to be recorded in the central record maintained by the Service Director concerned.

18. WORKING WITH CLIENTS AND CONTRACTORS

- 18.1 Officers who, in accordance with their conditions of service, are permitted to carry out private or other paid work must not do so during Council time, and must not use any Council premises, resources or facilities for the execution of such work. No stationery or publicity material is to indicate that the person is a Council employee nor should the address or any telephone number of the Council be stated. Officers must declare to their Service Director in writing the nature and duration of such private work.
- 18.2 Officers must declare to their Service Director any circumstance where they believe that they may have a pecuniary or non-pecuniary interest in any proposed supply contract, grant award or other transaction for which they have involvement or responsibility.
- 18.3 Officers must not work for any current or prospective supplier or contractor to the Council.
- 18.4 All intellectual property created by employees in the course of their duties is, and remains, the property of the Council. The copyright or equivalent of any material cannot be sold without the permission of Cabinet. Any article, book or similar material for publication that is prepared in the Council's time is the property of the Council. Any disposal of intellectual; property must be made in accordance with contract procedure rules. Any article, book or similar material for publication prepared by an employee (relating to their official duties) requires the written approval of the Service Director prior to publication.

19. UNOFFICIAL AND VOLUNTARY FUNDS

These regulations relate to funds administered by officers of the Council, the accounts of which are not included in the Authority's accounts.

- 19.1 Any proposed unofficial funds require the prior approval of the Director concerned who must maintain a record of all such funds and ensure that officers are appointed to administer each fund.
- 19.2 A separate bank account must be maintained for each fund (in the name of the fund) and fund monies must be kept separate from Council monies. Alternatively, the fund may be administered through the Council's bank account and general ledger but should be separately identifiable.
- 19.3 Where a separate bank account is maintained, directors must ensure that they receive a copy of the accounts of each fund and a certificate in the prescribed form from the auditors or independent examiners of each fund that has to be audited or independently examined. Such accounts are to be prepared annually, and at the completion of the purpose for which the fund was set up.
- 19.4 The Chief Finance Officer is to have access to any records relating to such funds, and be immediately informed of any irregularities which arise in connection with them.

20. FINANCIAL CONTROL OF PARTNERSHIPS, JOINT VENTURES

ASSOCIATED ORGANISATIONS AND SIMILAR ARRANGEMENTS

Working in Partnership with Associated Organisations

- 20.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for promoting and maintaining the same high standards of financial administration in partnerships that apply throughout the Council,—or advising the Cabinet where he/she is aware that arrangements within a partnership are in conflict or are uncertain compared with the practices adopted by the Council.
- 20.2 The Chief Finance Officer must ensure that the accounting arrangements to be adopted relating to partnerships and joint ventures are satisfactory, and must;
 - a) Consider the overall corporate governance arrangements and legal issues when arranging contracts with the partner/joint venture or associated organisation.
 - b) Ensure that the risks have been fully appraised before agreements are entered into with the partner/joint venture or associated organisation.
- 20.3 Service Directors must ensure that in all grant agreements, contribution to partnerships and where appropriate in agreed contracts for the supply of works, goods and services the Chief Finance Officer has access to the accounts, records and all other documentation, and is entitled to seek explanations from Officers of the funded organisation regarding the deployment of the Council's funding payment.

Working for Other Organisations

- 20.4 Service Directors are responsible for ensuring that approval is obtained from the Chief Finance Officer and the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning before any negotiations commence in relation to the provision of new or additional works or services to other organisations expected to exceed £20,000 per annum.
- 20.5 The Cabinet is responsible for approving any arrangements for any new work for other organisations expected to exceed £100,000 per annum. The Chief Finance Officer may agree contractual arrangements below this level
- 20.6 Service Directors must ensure that any proposed arrangement to work for other organisations does not impact adversely upon the Services provided to or by the Council. All agreements, contracts or arrangements must be properly documented and appropriate information must be provided to the Chief Finance Officer to enable a note to be entered into the Council Statement of Accounts concerning material items.

Grants & Loans now forms a part of section 22 (previously 20.7-20.14)

21. PURCHASING OF WORKS, GOODS AND SERVICES

Service Directors must ensure through a review, at least annually, that SAP authorisations are appropriate to the needs of the service, maintaining an adequate degree of separation of duties and internal control.

These procedure rules must be read alongside the Contract Procedure Rules which establish the framework that controls the Council's arrangements for procurement

<u>Orders</u>

- 21.1 Before any official order is issued for works, goods or services, the Service Director or other authorised officer must ensure that:-
 - (a) The works, goods or services, are necessary for the discharge of the responsibilities of the Council;
 - (b) Sufficient budget is available to fund the expenditure; and
 - (c) The Contract Procedure Rules (which apply to all purchasing decisions irrespective of value) have been complied with.
- 21.2 Service Directors are responsible for all orders issued. Order will be issued electronically using the SAP system. Paper orders must only be used when authorised by the Chief Finance Officer. Paper orders may only be issued and signed in manuscript by officers authorised by the Service Director. The items, quantities and prices must be accurately recorded.
- 21.3 Service Directors must keep a record of who is authorised to sign order documentation or issue orders electronically and the extent of this authority. This list must be reviewed at least once per year.
- 21.4 Except where there is a formal contract, in which case work instructions and orders must conform with the provisions of the contract, official orders will be issued for all works, goods or services to be supplied to the Council, except for supplies of continuous services (such as gas), and statutory taxes, for petty cash purchases and other exceptions as the Chief Finance Officer may approve. Orders must clearly indicate the nature and quantity of the work/services/items/supplies required, any related contract or agreed prices, discounts receivable and dates or periods of delivery, and where applicable make specific requirements to obligations placed on the contractor, such as those relating to Data Protection
- 21.5 Verbal orders must be kept to a minimum and be confirmed either the same- or next working day by written orders which must be marked as a confirmatory order.
- 21.6 Records of all non-computerised order books must be kept by the Director. Copies of orders must be retained. All copies of spoilt, incorrect or un-issued orders must be appropriately marked and retained in any order book.
- 21.7 The Service Director must record the receipt of the goods, works or services

electronically (or where applicable on paper) and (where applicable) all payments made in respect of an order. All Goods Received Notes must be retained.

Management of Suppliers

21.8 In respect of each order or contract for construction work, and any order or contract for services exceeding £20,000 the Service Director responsible must appoint an authorised officer, directly employed or otherwise to carry out supervision of the contract. All orders must provide for the reasonable inspection of progression of activity at any stage that the council (acting reasonably) chooses.

Specification

- 21.9 In respect of each order or contract exceeding £20,000 the Service Director must prepare or agree a written brief stating the objective of the order or contract and the sources of funding to meet the estimated cost of the project and appoint an authorised officer.
- 21.10 Unless otherwise agreed with the Chief Finance Officer, the authorised officer must prepare a specification which will indicate relevant issues for the supply, (for example type, quantity, quality, time, location, occasions), and the risks and obligations placed on the supplier including data protection and management where applicable. Specifications should set outcomes or outputs, and be prepared on a generic basis and not include named products except where this can be justified on technical grounds. They should be prepared in a way which is likely to bring about the most economically advantageous solution whilst ensuring compliance with minimum statutory requirements and Council policy. The specification may only be altered on the basis of written instructions from the Service Director, who must justify the reason for change and sources of funding.

Variations

- 21.11 The authorised officer may, subject to the provisions of the contract, make any variations essential to the achievement of the objectives of the contract but must have regard to the budget provision. The authorised officer must not issue any variation likely to increase the approved cost of the project without the written agreement of the Service Director responsible, who must state the authority and source of financial provision for the additional expenditure.
- 21.12 Every variation must be immediately recorded in writing by the authorised officer.

Overspending

21.13 Any variation <u>– including an extension</u>- to a contract which results or will result in additional costs being incurred on a contract of more than 5% of the contract

sum will be reported to the budget holding Service Director and Chief Finance Officer as soon as practicable.

Recording of Contractual Payments

- 21.14 Service Directors must ensure that a Contract Register is kept which shows details of all payments made against any contract. Any payments on account to contractors against a formal contract are to be made only on an approved certificate issued and checked by the authorised officer which must be passed to the Chief Finance Officer.
- 21.15 The certificate authorising final financial settlement of any contract will not be issued until the appropriate officer has produced a detailed statement of account and all necessary supporting documents, and these have been checked in accordance with arrangements approved by the Chief Finance Officer and the final payment agreed by the budget holding Director.

<u>Claims</u>

- 21.16 All claims (or prospective claims) from contractors for loss and expense will be considered by the authorised officer who will immediately advise the client Director and they will jointly consider methods for cost reduction to achieve the budgetary provision. The budget holding Director and the Chief Finance Officer must be consulted in respect of any claim (or prospective claim) from a contractor for loss and expense in excess of £10,000.
- 21.17 he Service Director will report in detail to the Cabinet if the financial consequences of the claim cannot be accommodated within the approved project budget.
- 21.18 Any claim from a contractor outside the terms of the contract, or under any statutory instrument or any claim for an ex-gratia payment will be jointly considered by the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning, Chief Finance Officer and Service Director(s) of the appropriate Service(s) before any recommendation is made to the Cabinet.

Codes of Practice

21.19 All procurement must accord with the Contract Procedure Rules, Procurement Policy and all relevant Procedure Guidelines.

22. <u>GRANTS TO AND FROM THE COUNCIL AND LOANS FROM THE</u> COUNCIL

This section is transferred from 4.8-4.11 Grants Receivable

22.1 Service Directors in consultation with the appropriate Strategic Director and Cabinet Members may apply for grants from any funding body, providing the proposed activity is consistent with the approved service plan and Council policy- where the council is required to make no contribution, or where the

council contribution can be fully met from an existing budget for that purpose.

22.2 Service Directors must ensure a detailed business case is prepared, in consultation with the Chief Finance Officer, in respect of any grant offer_sought under clause 22.1. Any application/expression of interest needs to assess

(a) the alignment of the grant scheme with the current approved policies of the council

(b) the capacity impact on the Council for the deliverability of the project and expenditure,

(c) the parameters of the grant conditions and timescales requirements-

Any material grant conditions must be agreed with the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning

- 22.3 Where a proposed revenue or capital budget bid does not align with an existing council policy, or where there is not sufficient budget allocated appropriately to meet a required council grant contribution, the Service Director must consult with the Chief Finance Officer. After consideration of virement options, it may be necessary to seek authority from Cabinet, or Council (as applicable) to authorise funding to facilitate the grant application.
- 22.43 Subject to the identification of sufficient resources within existing approved budget, or the approval of cabinet, or Council as necessary Service Directors are authorised to accept any offer of grant and subsequent grant conditions up to a maximum of $\pounds 5400,000$.

_Strategic Directors are authorised to accept a grant of up to

(a) 5% of the gross revenue budget of the Service to which the grant relates. (or

for

(a)(b) For capital projects, to5% of the£1,000,000 activity capital plan where the grant funding is for capital purposes) for the activity. (This includes grants from government and third parties which do not involve an application-process)

- 22.4 The Chief Finance Officer in consultation with the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning and the appropriate Strategic Director is authorised to apply for, and or approve the acceptance of grants in all other circumstances.
- 22.5 <u>Service dDirectors are authorised to accept any grant offers from the West</u> Yorkshire Mayoral -Combined Authority, and any government department, of any value, provided that the grant is provided in fulfilment of a national or regional initiative or requirement, where the council is required to make no contribution, or where the council contribution can be fully met from an existing budget for that purpose. They must advise the Chief Finance Officer of the relevant details and obligations of the grant.

- 22.6 <u>Service dDirectors must ensure that any grant conditions or obligations are</u> <u>fulfilled, in respect of the allocations, timings, purposes of expenditure and</u> <u>outputs and outcomes. Service Directors must arrange for expenditure</u> <u>consistent with any specific type or purpose of grant, such as capital or</u> <u>revenue budget expenditure.</u>
- 22.7 The values of all grants must be notified to the Chief Finance Officer, who will make arrangements as necessary to receive the grant and record the relevant expenditure. Any revenue or capital budget impacts will be incorporated into the quarterly financial monitoring update reports to Cabinet-.
 iIn respect of capital grants, any additional revenue expenditure requirement consequent from any capital grant award must be recognised by budget virements.

Any new capital programme/scheme, must have an appropriate business case and Cabinet approval as per Section 3 FPR requirement, prior to any grant acceptance.

22.8 Grant claims, financial returns and submissions must be completed by the relevant Service Director and the Chief Finance Officer for submission to the relevant government department, agency or organisation. <u>The sService</u> <u>dDirector must provide such additional information as may be required by the Chief Finance Officer and or – when there is a requirement for internal audit authorisation- by the Head of Audit & Risk.</u>

Grants and Loans to Other Organisations

- 22.9 <u>Before issuing any grant the Service Director must be satisfied that the proposed activity or project does not constitute a procurement (to which Contract Procedure Rules would apply).</u>
- 22.10 Except where the Chief Finance Officer agrees otherwise:
 - (a) Competitive procurement aligning with the councils contract procedure rules must be used in respect of any goods, works or services obtained by another organisation, where the Council is providing a loan or making a grant contribution of £100,000 or more.
 - (b) The service director must carry out all appropriate due diligence on the proposed grant recipient entity, ensuring that it operates with appropriate financial and business controls, is not obtaining duplicate funding for the same project from the council, or any other funding body, and will not because of the grant gain financial betterment.

- 22.11 A Service Director may issue a:
 - a) Grant or loan of any value provided that it is offered fully in accordance with a scheme of grants or loans that has been approved by the Cabinet.

Or

b) A grant or grants of up to £10,000 cumulative in any one year for any single purpose

Subject to:

- c) There is sufficient budget provision.
- d) Grants awarded under clause (b) above in aggregate may not exceed £10,000 in any one financial year for the same beneficiary (either jointly or individually)
- 22.12 Where a Service Director proposes to offer a grant, or loan to any organisation which is not covered by 22.11 above he/she may do so only following:
 - a) A full financial appraisal of the project to which the grant or loan relates, by the Chief Finance Officer;
 - b) A full financial appraisal of the organisation to which the grant or loan is to be granted, by the Chief Finance Officer;
 - c) The preparation of a written report that establishes the justification for the financial assistance.
 - d) Consultation with the Executive Member responsible for the budget area which is to offer the grant or loan.

And

e) Establishing that there is sufficient budget provision.

The total value of grants awarded to any single organisation under this clause may not exceed £100,000, cumulatively in any one year, or for any objective, purpose or scheme operating for more than one year

In carrying out the evaluation at (a) and (b) above the Chief Finance Officer will consider if any surety (legal charges on assets, bonds and or guarantees) is required of the applicant (see 22.15)

22.13 A District Committee- or other Member lead forum- may issue a grant of any value provided that;

a) It accords with, or is not in contravention of, any general scheme rules which are established by the Cabinet;

And

- b) There is sufficient budget provision.
- 22.14 The Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning will execute any legal agreement in respect of any grant or loan exceeding £180,000.
- 22.15 -The Service Director who is offering the grant or loan may issue any grant or loan agreement below this value (using standard documents where required by the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning), except where the Chief Finance Officer considers that a loan or grant should be subject to a surety from the applicant. In such cases grants or loans must then be executed by the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning

The Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning has discretion to delegate the right to enter into such agreements as they think appropriate.

22.16 <u>A Service Director may also administer grants in accordance with a scheme</u> <u>fully supported by</u>

(a) government grants, or

(b) grants from any other third party

- provided that the methodology of grant distribution fully follows the obligations of the supported scheme, and where local discretion may apply this is subject to decision making as required by the council's constitution or the other requirements of fF inancial pProcedure rRule 22. A scheme that is only partially funded requires compliance with the council's constitution and fF inancial pProcedure rRules sections 2 and or 3.
- 22.17 When offering grants or other forms of assistance to entities that operate on a commercial basis Service Directors must ensure that no assistance will infringe EU <u>-applicable national or international</u> Procurement or State Aid requirements. In the event of any doubt about the matter advice must be sought from the Service Director Legal Governance & Commissioning.
- 22.18 Service Directors must ensure that appropriate records are retained to publish details of grants in accordance with the Local Government Transparency Code.
- 22.19 In some cases, an agreed asset transfer, or the transfer of a right to a third party may constitute a form of grant, and these types of transactions must accord both with these FPRs and CPR 9 and 10.

Approved by Annual Council May 20XXXXXX

MED

Agenda Item 8



Name of meeting: Corporate Governance & Audit (CGA) and Council

Date: 22 April 2021 (CGA) & 19 May 2021 (Council)

Title of report: Proposed revisions to the terms of reference for the Health & Wellbeing Board

Purpose of report: The purpose of this report is to seek approval for the proposed revisions to the Terms of Reference for the Health and Wellbeing Board

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	No
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's Forward</u> <u>Plan (key decisions and private reports?)</u>	No
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	N/A
Date signed off by <u>Strategic Director</u> & name	Rachel Spencer-Henshall – 31.03.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director (Finance)?	Eamonn Croston – 31.03.21
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning?	Julie Muscroft – 12.04.21
Cabinet member portfolio	Give name of Portfolio Holder
	Cllr Musarrat Khan - Health and Social Care

Electoral wards affected: N/A

Ward councillors consulted: N/A

Public or private: PUBLIC

(Have you considered GDPR?)

This report contains no information that falls within the scope of the General Data Protection Regulation

1. Summary

In accordance with The Local Authority (Public Health, Health and Wellbeing Boards and Health Scrutiny) Regulations 2013, if the Council wishes to alter the voting rights and membership the board must first be consulted on any proposed amendments.

On the 25 March 2021 the Health and Wellbeing Board, considered and approved the amendments to the terms of reference.

2. Information required to take a decision

- 2.1 The national, regional and local context the Board is operating within has undergone significant changes over the past 12-18 months, including:
 - Response to the Covid-19 pandemic.
 - The West Yorkshire Health and Care Partnership is established as the 'Integrated Care System' and the new Partnership Board has been meeting formally since June 2019
 - Further development of the West Yorkshire Joint Committee of Clinical Commissioning Groups, the West Yorkshire Association of Acute Trusts and the West Yorkshire Mental Health Services Collaborative
 - Greater Huddersfield CCG and North Kirklees CCG have agreed to formally merge on 1st April to form Kirklees CCG
 - The 9 Primary Care Networks in Kirklees are now well established.
 - The Kirklees Integrated Commissioning Board and the Kirklees Integrated Provider Board has evolved into the Kirklees Integrated Health and Care Leadership Board.
 - The Children and Young People's Partnership has been re-established and developed a new Children and Young People's Plan. The Health and Wellbeing Board has taken on formal oversight of this work.
- 2.2 The current membership as set out in the Terms of Reference was amended in May 2019 for the first time since the Board was established in April 2013. The membership reflected the requirement as set out in the Health and Social Care Act 2012. Core membership that health and wellbeing boards must include:
 - at least one councillor from the relevant council
 - the director of adult social services
 - the director of children's services
 - the director of public health
 - a representative of the local Healthwatch organisation
 - a representative of each relevant clinical commissioning group (CCG)
 - any other members considered appropriate by the council'

In addition, there are 'invited observers' from all the key local health and care provider organisations in Kirklees.

- 2.4 The changes to membership have reflected the shift to a much more collaborative culture which is at the core of both the Kirklees Health and Wellbeing Plan and the NHS Long Term Plan.
- 2.5 The Government published the White Paper 'Working together to improve health and social care for all' on the 11th February 2021. The White paper reinforces several concepts that have been an important aspects of our approach in Kirklees and West Yorkshire for several years, including
 - 'primacy of place' which the White Paper recognises 'is most usually aligned with either CCG or local authority boundaries'
 - 'working together to integrate care'. The proposal is to legislate, in this calendar year, to embed 2 forms of integration
 - within the NHS to remove some of the cumbersome boundaries to collaboration and to make working together an organising principle

 greater collaboration between the NHS and local government, as well as wider delivery partners, to deliver improved outcomes to health and wellbeing for local people.

The Government intends to legislate to create a statutory basis for integrated care system (ICSs), including an ICS Health and Care Partnership and an ICS NHS Body. On current timeframes, and subject to Parliamentary business, the government's plan is that the legislative proposals outlined in this White Paper will begin to be implemented in 2022. Therefore as the ICS NHS Body will take on many of the functions of CCGs, it is expected that CCGs will be dissolved in March 2022.

Health and Wellbeing Boards will remain in place and will continue to have an important responsibility at a local/place-based level to bring local partners together, as well as developing the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment and Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy, which both HWBs and ICSs will have to have regard to. The Government expects to produce further guidance following legislation being passed on how these bodies can work together closely to complement each other's roles, and to share learning and expertise.

3. Proposals

- 3.1 Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and Council are asked to consider and agree the proposed revision to the Terms of Reference for 2021-22, specifically; (See appendix 1)
 - Amending the membership of the Board to
 - reflect the creation of a single CCG for Kirklees. The 3 representatives in 2021/22 will be the Clinical Chair, Accountable Officer and the Lay Member: Patient & Public Involvement
 - include a nominated representative of the Kirklees Integrated Health and Care Leadership Board to replace the representative from the now defunct Integrated Provider Board
 - Include representation of the Primary Care Networks in recognition of their role in establishing the new model of integrated care and as system and clinical leaders
 - Reflecting the Board's role in providing oversight of the Children and Young People's Partnership and the Children and Young People's Plan, and recognising the Director of Children's Services role as including representing the Children & Young Peoples Partnership.
- 3.2 The Health and Wellbeing Board recognises that the proposed legislation and national guidance will necessitate changes to the local governance arrangements for health and social care being established by April 2022. A period of running in shadow form might be required prior to the changeover. Any substantive changes to the Board's Terms of Reference will be discussed at the relevant Board meeting, and proposals presented to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee for approval at the earliest possible opportunity.

4. Implications for the Council

4.1 Working with People

4.2 Working with Partners

The existing partnership arrangements between the council and partners will be strengthened

4.3 Place Based Working

The addition of a member to represent the Primary Care Networks will strengthen the link between the Board and the emerging place-based working arrangements.

4.4 Improving outcomes for children

The introduction of the specific responsibility for the Board to provide oversight of the Children and Young Peoples partnership will increase the focus of the Boar don improving outcomes for children.

4.5 **Other (eg Legal/Financial or Human Resources)**

5. **Consultees and their opinions**

The Health and Wellbeing Board approved the revisions to the terms of reference

6. Next steps and timelines

Following consideration by Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, on the 22nd April 2021, the report will progress to Annual Council on 19th May 2021 for approval.

7. Officer recommendations and reasons

That the revised Terms of Reference of the Health and Wellbeing Board be approved.

9. **Cabinet portfolio holder's recommendations** Not applicable

10. Contact officer(s)

Phil Longworth, Senior Manager – Integrated Support Kirklees Council <u>Phil.longworth@kirklees.gov.uk</u> Tel : 01484 221000

Jenny Bryce-Chan, Principal Governance Officer Jenny.bryce-chan@kirklees.gov.uk Tel: 01484 221000

11. Background Papers and History of Decisions

12. Service Director responsible

Julie Muscroft, Service Director, Legal Governance and Commissioning

Health and Wellbeing Board Membership and Terms of Reference

Proposed additions are shown in red and deletions are shown as crossed out.

Membership

Membership of the Board includes voting and non-voting members as set out below:

Voting members

- Three Members of Kirklees Council's Cabinet, one of whom may be the Leader
- One Senior Councillor from the main opposition group
- One Councillor from a political group other than the administration and main opposition group
- Director for Children Services (including as representative of the Children & Young Peoples Partnership)
- Director for Public Health
- Director of Adult Social Care
- One representative of local Kirklees Healthwatch
- Three representatives of North Kirklees Clinical Commissioning Group
- Three representatives of Greater Huddersfield Clinical Commissioning Group
- Three representatives of Kirklees Clinical Commissioning Group
- One representative of Kirklees Integrated Provider Board
- One representative of Kirklees Integrated Health and Care Leadership Board

Non-voting members

- Chief Executive Kirklees Council
- Representative of NHS England (Statutory requirement: to participate in the Board's preparation of JSNA / JHWS and if requested to participate in exercise of the commissioning functions of the Board in relation to the Kirklees HWB Area)

Nominated representatives of significant partners:

- Kirklees Primary Care Networks, which could come from one of the GP Federations acting on their behalf
- Mid Yorkshire Hospitals Trust
- Calderdale and Huddersfield Foundation Trust
- South West Yorkshire Partnership Foundation Trust
- Current community health provider
- West Yorkshire Police

Representative of Kirklees Council Overview and Scrutiny

Terms of Reference

The Health and Wellbeing Board is a statutory Committee of the Council bringing together the NHS, the Council and partners to:

- a) Improve the health and wellbeing of the people in their area, reduce health inequalities and promote the integration of services.
- b) Develop, publish and own the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment for Kirklees (JSNA) (which is known locally as the Kirklees Joint Strategic Assessment (KJSA)) to inform local planning, commissioning and delivery of services and meet the legal responsibilities of Kirklees Council and the Clinical Commissioning Groups.
- c) Publish and maintain a statement of needs for pharmaceutical services across the Kirklees area.
- d) Develop, publish and own the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy for Kirklees, based on the JSNA and other local intelligence, to provide the overarching framework for planning, commissioning and delivery of services.
- e) Provide the structure for overseeing local and regional planning and accountabilities for health and wellbeing related services and interventions and the development of sustainable integrated health and social care systems including children and young people's partnership arrangements.
- f) Promote integration and partnership working with the NHS, social care, public health and other bodies in the planning, commissioning and delivery of services to improve the wellbeing of the whole population of Kirklees, including as part of regional working.
- g) Ensure the involvement and engagement of service users, patients and the wider public in planning, commissioning and delivery of services to improve the wellbeing of the whole population of Kirklees.
- h) Provide leadership and oversight of key strategic programmes, such as the Kirklees Health and Wellbeing Plan, Better Care Fund, and Children & Young Peoples Plan and to encourage use of associated pooled fund arrangements where appropriate.
- i) Provide assurance that the commissioning and delivery of plans of partners have taken sufficient account of the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy and the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment.
- j) Ensure that the Council's statutory duties in relation to health protection arrangements and plans are delivered though the work of its sub- committee, the Kirklees Health Protection Board.
- k) Exercise any other functions of the Council delegated to the Board by the Council.

Voting Rights

See membership list

In accordance with The Local Authority (Public Health, Health and Wellbeing boards and Health Scrutiny) Regulations 2013, if the Council's wishes to alter the voting rights and membership the board must first be consulted on any proposed amendments.

Substitute Members

Voting Board Members can send a substitute to represent them should they be unable to attend and if appropriate cast their vote.

Quorum

The quorum for the board will be attendance by 50% of the accountable bodies and 50% of the membership.

This page is intentionally left blank

Agenda Item 9



Legal, Governance and Commissioning Civic Centre 3 Huddersfield HD1 2TG

> Tel: 01484 221000 www.kirklees.gov.uk

> > 23rd March 2020

Page 129

To: Ben Still - Managing Director, WYCA Cc: Caroline Allen – Head of Legal & Governance, WYCA Elizabeth Davenport - Lead MCA Lawyer, WYCA Cllr E. Smaje - Chair of Scrutiny Committee, Kirklees Council Via Email

Dear Mr Still,

Firstly, I hope that you are well at this very challenging time and I want to thank you for the work that you have undertaken on the issue of mayoral scrutiny thus far.

I am writing to you as Chair of Kirklees Council Corporate Governance and Audit Committee (CGAC), following our work looking at the impact of the new Mayoral Combined Authority (MCA) arrangement on various governance matters, including scrutiny and the Concurrent Powers Protocol.

In establishing the scrutiny arrangements for the new MCA, we have a very unique opportunity to establish a new democratic culture which would ground and embed the MCA in every part of the region - and ensure that all residents feel that they have a voice and can be heard.

As part of our work over recent months, we have not only discussed this on a cross-party basis at CGAC, but also held a workshop involving members of all political groups, as well as members of CGAC and Kirklees Overview and Scrutiny Management.

There was unanimous cross-party agreement from Kirklees elected members on a number of issues regarding the mayoral scrutiny arrangements, in particular the need to embed MCA accountability within each part of the region; to give all elected members and the public a voice in scrutiny; and for improved relationships/partnership working between the respective scrutiny functions at constituent councils and the region.

I have appended the officer's notes summarising this workshop and the report to CGAC for your reference.

I am aware that senior Kirklees officers have been making our views and proposals known in discussions with the Combined Authority and our other constituent councils, and I want to reiterate our readiness to work together regionally to implement these, in preparation for the incoming Mayor - and to work with them once in post.

www.kirklees.gov.uk

Our View

At each of our meetings on this matter we achieved unanimous cross-party agreement on a number of pragmatic proposals to establish scrutiny arrangements that work for all constituent councils, as well as the Combined Authority.

Members of all parties shared the concern that the Combined Authority and its scrutiny arrangements have been highly exclusive to both the public and elected representatives.

Members felt that the vast majority of elected members do not a have a voice, are not informed on Combined Authority work - even when it affects them - and that they are not able to play a role in informing discussions or undertaking scrutiny.

Without the Combined Authority scrutiny arrangements being grounded in - and working in partnership with - the democratic and scrutiny functions of its constituent councils, we are concerned that the voice of each part of West Yorkshire will not be heard equally.

We know that these concerns are shared by other constituent councils.

We feel strongly that the MCA should not seek to opt for an 'off the shelf' scrutiny arrangement from an existing Combined Authority which focuses solely on regional-level scrutiny arrangements - and excludes local scrutiny.

To do so would suggest, firstly, that any other Combined Authority has established the ideal scrutiny arrangements with which its constituent councils are content. We do not believe they have. And secondly, that we would be better applying a model from elsewhere, rather than establishing our own. We do not agree with this either.

We should use this unique opportunity to establish a 'West Yorkshire model' which embeds the MCA in each council across our region and which works best for the people of West Yorkshire.

At both our cross-party workshop and at our CGAC meeting there was unanimous cross-party agreement on the following:

- The expectation that the future Mayor will attend (an additional) full Council meeting annually (at least) to allow the Mayor to outline their plans, priorities and progress to each council area or discuss key issues and to take questions from, and be accountable to local elected members. This would ground the MCA in each part of our region and allow all elected members to feel engaged, inform the MCA of issues they may want to address, and feel that they and their communities have a voice;
- The necessity to improve relationships between the respective scrutiny functions at constituent councils and WYCA. This should include attendance arrangements of MCA representatives at local scrutiny panels. This would ensure that constituent councils and their respective members are informed and can scrutinise (and engage in pre-decision scrutiny) on key work affecting their area;
- The expectation that the Mayor's programme/actions, as they relate to constituent councils, will be subject to scrutiny once a year by their Overview and Scrutiny Management panel. This would ensure accountability on the progress being made in each constituent council with regard to the priorities and plans as published by the MCA.
- The belief that the MCA and its scrutiny arrangements should accept written questions from all councillors – and that scrutiny arrangements should include an opportunity for public representations, as is the case at all Kirklees Council scrutiny meetings.
- Support for a public "Question Time" session involving the Mayor, to raise the profile of their work and allow members of the public to engage and ask questions directly, in their own dedicated forum. Whilst this is not something that can be implemented now, we would strongly encourage its consideration by the incoming Mayor and would welcome the opportunity to facilitate such an event for Kirklees.

Members also agreed on practical suggestions regarding the regional level arrangements including:

- The use of Substitute's Panels (as is used in Kirklees committees) as opposed to a named individual substitute for each member;

- The necessity for increased visibility and record of decisions taken by the Combined Authority;

We want to be clear that the Mayor's regular (at least annual) attendance at a meeting of Kirklees Council is our minimal expectation - and this needs to be partnered by ongoing scrutiny arrangements.

We are currently making arrangements to establish this additional meeting of the Council within our Constitution.

It would be greatly appreciated if you could consider the issues and proposals that we have raised above and provide us with a response.

We believe these proposals, which were unanimously agreed by members of all parties on Kirklees Council and Corporate Governance and Audit committee, are pragmatic, practicable and would establish a strong new culture for our MCA, which would make West Yorkshire the leading authority in the country with a democratic devolution settlement, which works for the entire region.

As this letter will be reported back to Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, this letter and your reply will be made public. Corporate Governance and Audit Committee will be holding our final meeting of this Municipal Year on 22 April 2021, in which we will be making recommendations to Full Council on amendments to our Constitution. It would be much appreciated and most helpful if your reply considering the above matters could be received in advance of this.

Thank you very much for your time and I look forward to hearing back from you.

Kind regards,

Cllr Will Simpson Chair of Corporate Governance and Audit Committee

Corporate Governance & Audit Committee 'Mayoral Accountability Workshop' 14th January 2021

Corporate Governance & Audit Committee 'Mayoral Accountability Workshop' 14th January 2021

Present:

Cllr Will Simpson Cllr Kath Pinnock Cllr Graham Turner Cllr Elizabeth Smaje Cllr Andrew Cooper Cllr Harpreet Uppal Cllr Habiban Zaman Cllr Charles Greaves Cllr Aleks Lukic

Julie MuscroftLegal, Governance and CommissioningKarl LarradLegal ServicesNick HoweStrategy, Innovation and Planning

1. Welcome and Introduction from Cllr Simpson

Cllr Will Simpson, chair of Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (CG&AC), welcomed everyone and introduced the session.

2. Background – Julie Muscroft and Nick Howe

JM provided a brief background, recap on the West Yorkshire (WY) Devolution Deal and progress to date including the recent news of the order being laid in Parliament. She also explained why this Workshop has been convened and where this work is likely to go next.

3. Concurrent powers – Karl Larrad

KL provided a detailed update on the concurrent powers work currently being undertaken by the 5 WY authorities. Concurrent Powers are statutory powers and duties that are shared between the Combined Authority (including a function exercisable by the Mayor) and the Constituent Councils. The current piece of work is developing a clear set of protocols for how the exercise of these will work once the mayoral authority is in place. KL also provided example of concurrent powers and explained how the process might work going forward. He reassured members that if and when concurrent powers were exercised in future, all authorities would have plenty of notice and time to discuss the approach being taken. The draft protocols will enhance this security.

A final version of the protocol will be presented at <u>CG&AC 9th March</u> with further discussion at <u>Cabinet 16th March</u> in line with other WY authorities.

4. Workshop Discussion

The context of the discussion was how will the 5 constituent councils interact and hold an elected mayor to account? Specifically, what would members like to see in place, what would be feasible and could be replicated across all 5 Councils? Appendix 1 to this report

Key Points

Cllr Simpson

- Pre-scrutiny is a real issue.
- We have a unique opportunity to help change the current WYCA approach and culture if we get these structures right.
- Need to build the accountability into each of the 5 constituent councils so no authorities are left behind, not just scrutiny at WYCA itself.
- In the least, the mayor to attend an additional full council each year dedicated to mayoral accountability/scrutiny (this should be a red line). It needs to be a scheduled and prepared session not just a PR exercise.
- Potential for the Deputy Mayor to attend constituent council's scrutiny sessions twice a year? Some form of engagement so there is ongoing scrutiny work with each council, not just a one-off annual event.
- Important all Clirs get the opportunity to have their say and raise questions to be answered in a set timeframe, not just the one's on nominated panels or who are part of WYCA.

Cllr Cooper

- Would like to see a lot more detail up front i.e. what is the Mayor's skills plan, what is their economic plan etc. If these are set out up front, it will be much easier to see when decisions will need to be made and hold them to account.
- Reminded the meeting that 8% of elected Cllrs in WY are independent and not from the main groups. The LGA treat them as a group and they should be given a voice.

Cllr Smaje

- The Mayor to attend full Council when it suits Kirklees, shouldn't just be a PR exercise.
- WYCA scrutiny does not have the opportunity to accept public questions or questions from other members, this should be looked at and changed.
- More pre-decision scrutiny and far more visibility of key decisions before they are made. Its too distance at present
- Try to involve all councillors not just respective cabinets.
- Need to scrutinise 'things' that affect Cllrs.
- Need to understand the relationship with Mayoral Combined Authority (MCA) scrutiny structure once its agreed. There needs to be far more input into proposed MCA scrutiny that currently exists with WYCA.
- Internal Kirklees panel to scrutinise MCA work?

Cllr Zaman

• How much different will the newly elected mayor's plans be? What will their priorities be? These need to be shared more widely.

- Agree that the Mayor should attend Council meetings.
- Stronger links to the grassroots across the districts so members of the public have a greater understanding of the Mayor's role and responsibilities

Cllr Simpson

• Public questions should be allowed at formal meetings. A 'Question Time' session for members of the public would be good thing for the Mayor to do.

Cllr Uppal

- Public accountability is key, works well for the Manchester model.
- Full Council attendance is a no brainer and if possible, should be written into the constitution.
- Themed committee and scrutiny structures are more appropriate than existing arrangements.
- Fully support the 8% LGA Independent group proposal.

Cllr Turner

- Public accountability is key, the new Mayor must realise this from the start.
- Full Council attendance needs to be holding to account, not a PR exercise.
- Potential special meeting early in their reign to get the PR bit out of the way and set the scene? Opportunity to hold them to account after that meeting.
- Multi-themed scrutiny panels are the way forward due to the scale of the job.

Cllr Smaje

• Pleased to hear there's general agreement attendance should be more than once a year. Also, this good opportunity for everyone to get their frustrations out now!

Cllr Pinnock

- 5 constituent councils are responsible for pushing and creating accountability.
- Decision-making and accountability needs to consider the political make-up that exists across all councils.
- Public accountability links into the precept, especially if the Mayor decides to increase it!
- Power of Veto, does it exist and where? JM answered, any decision of the Mayor that gives rise to a financial liability for a constituent council requires the consent of the member appointed by that council.
- Perhaps new scrutiny arrangements should be called accountability panels?? More about accountability might make the Mayor more likely to attend.
- Important that members of the public can make representations.
- Do we need a KMC panel to focus on MCA workload and accountability?

Cllr Lukic

- Formal MCA meetings accept written questions and representations from members of the public, this is essential for credibility.
- What can we do to help inform our scrutiny of the Mayor? Collect and log public views and concerns. Build on the way we do this with the current PCC.

- Key issue in how we work with WYCA and future MCA particularly in how WYCA/MCA share information to the public, cultural shift is required.
- Tees Valley model for Independents, communicate this to our WYLAW Group (Appendix 6 of Tees Valley constitution).

Cllr Turner

• Re-emphasise the attendance at full council, but how do we demand it? Does this have to be in the MCA Constitution? JM no legal powers but all 5 councils are looking at how this can be replicated across WY. Write in the standing orders? Carrot and stick approach

Cllr Greaves

- Where do we go from here i.e. flightpath?
 - Formal route for concurrent powers (CG&AC 9th March, Cabinet 16th March)
 - $\circ~$ WYLAW meetings (monitoring officers from all 5 cc plus WYCA) Next one is end of this month
 - In terms of scrutiny, Leaders and CXs currently engaging with WYCA on the proposed structures discussed before Xmas
- Ensure note and recommendations from this meeting are widely shared. JM to share notes and proposals from this session with our Leader and CX as well as other monitoring officers from WY which will in turn feed to the CX at WYCA
- Is there potential to share these ideas with prospective mayors?? Invite candidates to a Kirklees meeting to listen and observe our concerns and proposals? They'd get a better understanding of the issues and need for accountability

5. Next Steps and timetable

As noted above, the notes from this meeting will be shared with all attendees. There will be a more formal debate at the sessions on 9th March CG&AC looking at the proposals in more detail and how they could be progressed.

Also, JM to share with Leader, CX and the WYLAW group.

Concurrent Powers paper to CG&AC 9th March, followed by Cabinet 16th March.

Appendix 1 - Mayoral Accountability proposals

Proposal	Detail and issues	How?	By whom?
Mayor to attend scheduled full Council meetings	 Invite to a full Council meeting dedicated to accountability of the Mayor Not a PR exercise, scheduled meeting(s) with planned questions and accountability Initial early invite to give Mayor opportunity to set out priorities and initial plan Potential to organise extraordinary meeting annually to make this happen? 	 Written into the MCA constitution? Council standing orders? Promote through WYLAW Group? 	5 LAs and WYCA
Deputy Mayor to attend Council Scrutiny sessions	• Frequency?	 Written into the MCA constitution? Council standing orders? 	WY Leaders Push from Scrutiny lead in each authority?
Mayor to publish their plans and priorities	• To ensure future accountability, MCA to publish Mayor's priorities, delivery plans and strategies. A large portion will be delivery existing strategies but needs clear communication	 MCA Comms lead Internal and local comms for LAs including 'what does it mean for us?' 	WYCA and then MCA
Provide independent Cllrs with the opportunity to create a group	 In line with the LGA approach, provide an opportunity for the 8% independent Cllrs across WY to form a group and have a representative voice Use the example of the Tees Valley Model? 		WY Leaders?

Proposal	Detail and issues	How?	By whom?
MCA Scrutiny to accept written questions and written public representations	• Currently, there is no opportunity for the public or other Cllrs to submit written questions or ask questions at formal meetings.	• Written into the MCA constitution?	WY Leaders? LA Scrutiny leads
Improved relationship and working arrangements between MCA and LA scrutiny	 Work with WYCA initially to set up formal and informal arrangements which would lead to a more effective scrutiny function of the MCA Ongoing sharing work programmes? Incorporated into the 'Strengthening Partnerships' work? 		5 LAs WYCA and MCA
Increased visibility and record of key decisions	• Sharing of work programmes and schedules from formal meetings?		
Internal Kirklees 'panel' to look at MCA business and decision-making	• Create an internal scrutiny or 'accountability' panel to scrutinise and hold MCA and the Mayor's decision-making	Discussion at CG&AC	Leading members?
Public Question Time session	Annual public 'Question Time' type session for members of the public to ask questions of the Mayor		WYCA/MCA
Greater understanding the Mayor's role and responsibilities	• Provide more clear and concise information to the general public on the Mayor's role, responsibilities and priorities	 Increased comms form both WYCA/MCA and each authority 	WYCA/MCA Comms LA comms
Multi-themed scrutiny committees	 In line with the proposals that were discussed before Xmas, the preferred option would be a series of themed committee/panels 		

Proposal	Detail and issues	How?	By whom?
Instead of scrutiny, call them 'accountability' panels	 Instead of calling them 'scrutiny' panel, use the term 'accountability' panels instead. 		
Collect and log public issues and concerns	 Log concerns and issues from public etc to aide pre-scrutiny and better accountability in formal meetings Use the current PCC model 		
Invite Mayoral candidates to a CG&AC meeting to discuss accountability	 Invite candidates to a Kirklees meeting to listen and get a better understanding of the issues and need for accountability 		



Name of meeting: Date: Title of report:

Corporate Governance & Audit Committee 9th March 2021 Mayoral Accountability

Purpose of report:

This report asks Corporate Governance & Audit Committee to consider the proposals surrounding mayoral accountability and make recommendations for further consideration.

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Not Applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's Forward Plan</u> (key decisions and private reports)?	Not Applicable
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	Not Applicable
Date signed off by <u>Strategic Director</u> & name	Give name and date for Cabinet / Scrutiny reports Jacqui Gedman 1 st March 2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning?	Give name and date for Cabinet reports Julie Muscroft 1 st March 2021
Cabinet member <u>portfolio</u>	Give name of Portfolio Holder/s Cllr Graham Turner and Cllr Shabir Pandor

Electoral wards affected:	ALL
Ward councillors consulted:	None
Public or private:	Public

Has GDPR been considered? Yes

Summary

- 1.1 The West Yorkshire "minded-to" Devolution Deal was announced as part of the Budget on11 March 2020. A report submitted to Cabinet in May 2020 outlined the details of the devolution deal, its benefits for the region and the District, its people and its businesses and set out the required next steps.
- 1.2 At their meetings in September, the Combined Authority and each Constituent Council considered the outcome of the public consultation on the Scheme which has been undertaken throughout the summer. The consultation highlighted several issues including the governance arrangements for the new West Yorkshire Combined Authority.
- 1.3 In response to points raised about how we work with the mayoral authority and future reporting procedures, Cabinet invited Corporate Governance and Audit Committee to consider the governance arrangements in place, including those which enable the council to hold the mayoral authority to account. In particular:
 - To consider whether agreement should be sought from the Combined Authority and Mayor, when they enter office, for an annual report to be provided to Full Council for debate.
 - To consider whether arrangements should be made to invite the Mayor to Full Council to answer elected members' questions at least once a year.
- 1.4 Subsequently the consultation summary report, along with representations from Leeds City Council and Kirklees Council were submitted to the Secretary of State.
- 1.5 During November, the Combined Authority and each Constituent Council were asked to consent in principle to the draft Order, to establish a mayoral combined authority and associated changes as set out in the 'minded to' Devolution Deal. It was discussed at Council in Kirklees 25th November and agreed by Cabinet 26th November.
- 1.6 Parliamentary approval of the statutory instrument to establish the mayoral combined authority was given on 29th January 2021.
- 1.7 The Deal will devolve a range of powers and responsibilities to West Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority. It offers both investment and decision making which are crucial to fulfil West Yorkshire's (WY) potential and meet current challenges.
- 1.8 The deal includes:
 - Control of £38m per year allocation of gainshare investment funding over 30 years, to drive growth and take forward WY's priorities.
 - A five-year integrated transport settlement starting in 2022/23, and agreement to explore West Yorkshire Mass Transit 2.
 - New powers relating to transport, including easier access to bus franchising and a regional approach to control of a Key Route Network.
 - Devolution of Adult Education powers and the Adult Education Budget to shape local skills provision to respond to local needs.
- 1.9 Devolution and Mayoral Combined Authority (MCA) preparations have already had an impact on access to funding and increased opportunities for the region. These include:
 - £317m Transforming Cities Fund, the largest allocation to any region, to deliver transformational walking and cycling schemes across West Yorkshire and the creation of jobs
 - £67m funding for new homes on Brownfield sites.

- 1.10 The initial gainshare funding for the financial year 2020/2021 will be available prior to the first Mayoral election.
- 1.11 A workshop was set up 14th January for Members of Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (CG&AG) as well as Scrutiny Chairs and representatives from other groups not already represented on the committees to inform the discussion what arrangements the Council would like to see in place and also discuss the draft protocol on concurrent powers.
- 1.12 This report concerns the proposals and suggestions arising from the workshop referred to above and requests Members comment on these and that CG&AC make a separate and independent submission to the Combined Authority on holding the Mayoral Combined Authority to account.
- 1.13 The report also concerns the draft Protocol on Concurrent Functions agreed by officers in the Combined Authority and 5 West Yorkshire Councils and attached at <u>Appendix 1</u>. Members are invited to recommend that the Cabinet approve at their 16th March meeting. The draft is to be approved by each constituent council's Executive before being approved by the Combined Authority.

2. Information required to take a decision

- 2.1 Members of Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (CG&AG), chairs of Scrutiny and representatives from other parties attended a workshop 14th January to discuss potential arrangements the Council would like to see in place and discuss the draft protocol on concurrent powers.
- 2.2 It was a very positive session with members agreeing on numerous issues including:
 - The lack of a "voice" for many councillors with the current structures at WYCA
 - Expectation the future Mayor will attend a full Council meeting annually at least
 - The Mayor to publish their plans and priorities
 - Improved relationships between the respective scrutiny functions
 - Provide independent Cllrs with the opportunity to create a group
 - MCA to accept written questions from all councillors and scrutiny arrangements to include 'public representations'
 - A public "Question Time" session involving the Mayor
 - Increased visibility and record of key decisions
- 2.3 It is important to stress that although the 5 constituent councils can suggest recommendations of what they would like to see in place, it will be the elected Mayor's responsibility and decision to put in place the right level of accountability and build relationships with the respective councils.
- 2.4 The notes and proposals from the workshop are captured at Appendix 2.

Concurrent Powers

- 2.5 The West Yorkshire Combined Authority Order 2021 provides for the election of a mayor for the area of the Combined Authority from May 2021, the Mayor to exercise the functions of a Police and Crime Commissioner, and the following functions to be conferred on the Combined Authority:
 - Adult education functions from Secretary of State
 - Functions of Homes England/HCA relating to housing and regeneration

- Functions relating to grants to bus service operators
- Functions in relation to the designation of a Mayoral development area (MDA) and establishing a Mayoral development corporation (to be exercised by the Mayor)
- Functions in relation to Business Rates Supplements to be exercised by the Mayor
- Functions of the Constituent Councils to be exercised concurrently by the Combined Authority relating to:
 - o education, skills and training
 - o housing, regeneration and planning, and
 - transport (including in relation to highways, traffic orders, traffic signs, pedestrian crossings, street works, permit schemes and bus lane contraventions).
- 2.6 At <u>Appendix 1</u> to this report includes a table of the functions that will be conferred on the Mayoral Combined Authority (MCA). The new functions have either been devolved or granted to the MCA by Government or are functions which shall be exercised concurrently with the Constituent Councils i.e., powers and duties which Constituent Councils hold co-extensively and which the MCA could exercise independently. In theory this could potentially cause difficulties and consequently therefore a protocol between Kirklees Council and the other West Yorkshire Councils and the MCA for dealing with concurrent functions makes sense.
- 2.7 The Constituent Councils have not lost any of their functions and it is important to stress that there are already existing concurrent powers between Councils and WYCA that work perfectly well. The draft Protocol for Concurrent Functions aims to establish the process for how the Combined Authority will exercise those functions concurrently with the Constituent Councils. The protocol does not apply to non-concurrent functions such as the PCC functions.
- 2.8 The Order confers concurrent powers on the Mayoral Combined Authority (MCA). These are powers which the Constituent Councils also hold and which the MCA could exercise independently and provides for certain decisions (termed statutory consents in the Protocol) to be made by the MCA only with the express consent of a Constituent Council.
- 2.9 Under the 2021 Order, there is:
 - no transfer of any Concurrent Function to the MCA from any Constituent Council; each Constituent Council may continue to exercise any Concurrent Function in relation to its area
 - no requirement for the joint exercise of any Concurrent Function by the Combined Authority with Constituent Councils – that is, that they are not required to act together, and
 - no requirement for a Constituent Council to involve, consult or seek the consent of the Combined Authority in relation to the exercise of any Concurrent Function by a Constituent Council.
- 2.10 The Protocol is <u>not</u> intended to be legally binding and supplements the Order and any arrangements with the Constitution of the MCA. It cannot override the Order. It records the aim of the partners to co-operate and collaborate in the best interests of residents of the region, to have transparency and make best use of resources, reducing duplication. It also records the ongoing commitment of the MCA to engagement with the constituent Councils.
- 2.11 In respect of consents, it sets out that these will be sought in a formal report considered at a meeting of the MCA and that notice of the intention to seek consent will be given as early as practicable and no later than the date that a key decision notice is published (at least 28 days prior to the decision). In reality such schemes will have been discussed much earlier than 28 days prior to a Page 142

formal meeting and will have passed through gateway approval processes such as outline and detailed business cases.

- 2.12 For example, the Combined Authority (CA) has the power under section 51A of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 to give notice to the governing body of a FE college based in Kirklees requiring them to provide specified 16-19-year olds with "appropriate "education. This is an example of a non-Mayoral concurrent function in relation to Education, Skills and Training. The CA does not need "statutory consent "under the Order 2021 from Kirklees Council before deciding to issue such a notice.
- 2.13 However, when the Protocol is signed it will mean the Managing Director of the CA will notify Kirklees Council's Chief Executive before any Key decision Notice is published, if relevant. In addition, the CA's Managing director agrees to voluntarily consult Kirklees Council's Chief Executive (or their nominee) about the proposal to exercise the above FE power to serve the notice (except where it is agreed that is not required) in accordance with paragraph 3.3 and 3.4 of the Protocol.
- 2.14 In respect of concurrent functions, it provides that where there are significant impacts from the proposal of the MCA to exercise concurrent functions prior notice will be given to the relevant Chief Executive so that the proposal can be considered within the relevant council.
- 2.15 As with consents it is likely that larger and significant schemes where concurrent functions are being exercised will have been discussed prior to the formal notification stage. Members will therefore note that the protocol forms a 'fall back' position. It is the strength of the joint working between the MCA and the Council that will ensure that the interests of the District are properly represented. To that end, the Councils and the MCA have been undertaking a piece of work to ensure that they are 'MCA ready' for May 2021 and that partnerships are assessed and strengthened where required.
- 2.16 The Protocol does not address the scrutiny of the Combined Authority in relation to how it exercises any Concurrent Function, this will be the subject of separate arrangements, which are also currently under consideration.

Mayoral Combined Authority Governance Arrangements

2.17 Over the last couple of months, colleagues and members from WYCA and the 5 constituent councils as well as scrutiny have been reviewing the proposed governance and scrutiny arrangements. A formal update is expected 9th March at the West Yorkshire Combined Authority Board meeting. The papers will be in the public domain shortly.

3. Implications for the Council

Working with People

The premise of the Devolution Deal is on bringing funding and functions to a more local level. The establishment of the Mayoral Combined Authority will have staffing implications in terms of additional resources to deliver the ambition of the Deal and these will be considered at the appropriate point to ensure operational effectiveness and efficiency of the Combined Authority.

Working with Partners

The Deal will encourage collaboration on systems, structures and procedures to support the area to make decisions, set strategy and manage delivery across a range of partners in West Yorkshire. Inclusive Growth is a key priority for West Yorkshire Combined Authority and the LEP.

Place Based Working

The Deal will put in place appropriate governance structures that reflect the needs and opportunities across the West Yorkshire area and the places within it.

Climate Change and Air Quality

As part of the Deal text, the Government welcomed West Yorkshire's commitment to becoming a net zero carbon economy by 2038, with significant progress by 2030. There are, however, no immediate implications on Clean Growth arising as a direct result of this report.

Improving outcomes for children

The Deal includes measures around funding and functions focused on skills and education, including careers advice, apprenticeships and Further Education.

Other (eg Legal/Financial or Human Resources)

None. The draft Protocol in non-legally binding.

Do you need an Integrated Impact Assessment (IIA)?

No.

4. Consultees and their opinions

4.1 Members of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee as well as members of OSMC and members from other groups not represented on the committees considered mechanisms for holding the MCA to account at its workshop and received an update on the draft Protocol. All 5 WY Councils and the MCA have been engaged in negotiating and agreeing the draft Protocol. It is not recommended that further changes to the Protocol be sought at this stage. It is not legally binding and will be subject to an annual review. The wording represents a good compromise ensuring transparency and prior notice of decisions. A delay during which the draft Protocol is renegotiated would risk the MCA starting to operate without the safeguards that it provides.

5. Next steps and timelines

Following consideration by the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, this report will be referred to Cabinet 16th March for their consideration and recommend they adopt the Concurrent Powers protocol.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

- 6.1 Members are requested to note the suggestions made at the workshop 14th January summarised in *Appendix 2* and:
 - Consider the proposals and agree how to take forward potential recommendations for holding the Mayor to account.
 - Delegate the Chair to submit a separate and independent submission to WYCA setting out CG&AC recommendations for mayoral accountability.
 - Refer this report and outcomes from the discussion to Cabinet 16th March for their consideration.
- 6.2 Recommend that Cabinet adopt the draft Protocol on Concurrent Functions and Associated Statutory Consents attached at <u>Appendix 1</u> to this report to further document the basis on which Kirklees Council, other West Yorkshire Councils and the MCA work together.
- 6.3 Delegate authority to the Chief Executive, in consultation with the Leader, to agree any subsequent changes to the Protocol.

7. Cabinet Portfolio Holder's recommendations N/A

8. Contact Officers

Julie Muscroft – Service Director, Legal Governance and Commissioning julie.muscroft@kirklees.gov.uk – 01484 221000

Nick Howe – Partnerships and Corporate Planning – <u>nick.howe@kirklees.gov.uk</u> – 01484 221000

Karl Larrad – Legal Governance and Commissioning – <u>karl.larrad@kirklees.gov.uk</u> – 01484221000

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions

West Yorkshire Devolution Deal – Review of Governance Arrangements: Cabinet 24th March 2020

https://democracy.kirklees.gov.uk/documents/s35794/West%20Yorkshire%20Devolution%20Deal .pdf

Devolution Deal for West Yorkshire – Review, Scheme and Consultation: Cabinet May 21st 2020 https://democracy.kirklees.gov.uk/documents/g5962/Agenda%20frontsheet%2021st-May-2020%2015.00%20Cabinet.pdf?T=0

Devolution Deal for West Yorkshire – Consultation Outcomes 1st September 2020 https://democracy.kirklees.gov.uk/documents/s37197/Devolution%20Deal.pdf

West Yorkshire Devolution – Consent to draft Order 26th November 2020 https://democracy.kirklees.gov.uk/documents/g6606/Public%20reports%20pack%2026th-Nov-2020%2010.00%20Cabinet.pdf?T=10

10. Service Director responsible

Julie Muscroft - Service Director, Legal Governance and Commissioning

11. Appendices

Appendix 1 - Protocol for the Exercise of Concurrent Functions and Associated Statutory Consents

Appendix 2 - Corporate Governance & Audit Committee 'Mayoral Accountability Workshop' 14th January 2021

This page is intentionally left blank



West Yorkshire Combined Authority 40-50 Wellington Street Leeds LS1 2DE

31 March 2021

Dear Will,

I write in response to your letter dated 23 March 2021, in which you made suggestions regarding regional scrutiny arrangements and mayoral accountability. I would like to thank you and your colleagues for the proposals you set out and the careful consideration given. The partnership working between the Combined Authority and the local authorities of West Yorkshire is extremely important and I hope that it will be further strengthened over the coming months.

As I'm sure you are aware, since the West Yorkshire leaders agreed the devolution deal with government last March the Combined Authority has been considering and implementing a wide programme of changes in readiness for the Mayor's arrival in May. Increased member engagement and enhanced scrutiny arrangements have been a major consideration. As such, I have provided an update on this work where relevant, and responded to the points you raised in your letter below.

Scrutiny

Throughout the last year there has been agreement across West Yorkshire that regional scrutiny arrangements required enhancement. As part of this work, the Combined Authority's Overview and Scrutiny Committee held a range of working groups to discuss, review and make recommendations for change. Cllr Harrand, who you will be aware is the Chair of this committee, also contacted local authority scrutiny chairs to provide information on the working groups and to offer them an opportunity to comment on this work.

This resulted in the Combined Authority meeting in March agreeing that the Combined Authority will increase the number of overview and scrutiny committees to three, covering the themes of: corporate scrutiny; economy scrutiny; and transport scrutiny. It is intended that the Mayor will be invited to at least two meetings of each committee per year.

In addition the Combined Authority's Overview and Scrutiny Committee have recommended that:

- all scrutiny chairs in West Yorkshire meet at least twice a year to discuss common issues, share work programmes and identify areas of common scrutiny.
- the committee improve their direct engagement with local councillors and the public.



Leeds City Region Enterprise Partnership Working in partnership with the West Yorkshire Combined Authority







In relation to the use of a substitute's panels, substitute arrangements are under review, but it should be noted that the Combined Authority's overview and scrutiny arrangements have a different statutory basis from those of local authorities and therefore it is not always possible to directly replicate models.

In addition, throughout recent years myself and senior officers from the Combined Authority have, whenever invited, attended local authority scrutiny committees to answer questions regarding work of the Combined Authority. We are very happy to do this, and I agree that it would be useful to continue this into the future arrangements. We can also ask chairs of scrutiny if they would wish to make this more regular.

Mayoral Engagement

We are currently preparing engagement proposals for the Mayor, which will be discussed and agreed with them upon their arrival. The points you have raised regarding the Mayor partaking in a public question time and attending full council meetings in each local authority area are entirely reasonable, and are being developed as part of these proposals.

Visibility of decisions

I would like to assure you that the Combined Authority values transparency of decision making. Subject to the usual provisions relating to exempt and confidential information, meetings of the Combined Authority and its committees (including of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee) are in public, and reports and minutes published. Meetings are web-cast, notice of Key Decisions to be taken are also published, as are records of officer decisions.

We also provide regular email bulletins to all constituent council members on the latest work or decisions of the Combined Authority and Local Enterprise Partnership. However, we recognise there is more to do to increase visibility and engagement, in partnership with the local authorities and will be looking at this over the coming months.

In addition, we have worked closely with Constituent Councils to develop a protocol relating to the concurrent functions which the Mayor and Combined Authority will exercise in conjunction with local authorities. This protocol is currently being considered by each local authority prior to being considered at the Combined Authority meeting in April.

I hope that this outline is helpful and I would be pleased to discuss with you any of the points raised in more detail if useful.

Yours sincerely,

Ben Still Managing Director



Leeds City Region Enterprise Partnership Working in partnership with the West Yorkshire Combined Authority





Agenda Item 10



Name of meeting: Corporate Governance and Audit

Date: 22nd April 2021

Title of report: Changes to the Council's Constitution

Purpose of report:

To set out proposed changes to the Council's constitution as described in paragraph 2 and as set out in more detail in the attached Appendices, which show some of the proposed amendments.

To also provide a summary of changes to the Constitution made by the Monitoring Officer using delegated powers.

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	NO
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's Forward</u> Plan (key decisions and private reports)?	NO
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	NO
Date signed off by <u>Strategic Director</u> & name Is it also signed off by the Service Director	Yes – Rachel Spencer-Henshall - 13 th April 2021
for Finance?	Yes – Eamonn Croston – 13 th April 2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning?	Yes – Julie Muscroft – 13 th April 2021
Cabinet member portfolio	Cllr Graham Turner

Electoral wards affected: All

Ward councillors consulted: NO

Public or private: Public

Has GDPR been considered? YES

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report is ordinarily an annual report but, due to Annual Council not taking place in 2020, this report will cover any changes proposed as well as any amendments made since 2019.
- 1.2 There are a number of pieces of work ongoing presently which when concluded may impact upon parts of the Constitution. The outcome of those will be the subject of a further report(s) to Council as appropriate
- 1.3 The report will set out, in section 2, the proposed changes in relation to the different parts of the Constitution and to seek approval by members of those proposed changes. Each section of the Constitution is set out below with information setting out details of the proposed change for which approval and/or comment is sought.
- 1.4 There have been some changes using delegated authority granted to the Monitoring Officer by Council on 20th May 2015 to reflect changes to officer's titles, typing or grammatical errors, old references and new legislation. The list of changes made using the Monitoring Officer's delegation are set out in the attached Appendix 1 for information and members are asked to note those changes.
- 1.5 There will be some changes to the Constitution to reflect the introduction of the Mayoral Combined Authority for West Yorkshire.

2. Information required to take a decision

PART 1 – SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

2.01 This provides a summary and explanation of what is included in the constitution. This has been reviewed and there are no current proposed changes.

PART 2 – ARTICLES

- 2.02 There are 16 articles that set out how the council operates. There have been amendments made by the Monitoring Officer to correct minor errors and update job titles, and these are shown in Appendix 1.
- 2.03 There is a planned review of the references to legislation and any updates will be made using Monitoring Officer powers of delegation.
- 2.04 There are no current requests for approval of any changes but members should be aware that the Policy Framework in Article 4 is currently being reviewed and a report will be brought to a future meeting of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and then to Council to consider this.

PART 3 - RESPONSIBILITY FOR FUNCTIONS

- 2.05 This part details the council's cabinet, committees' and other groups' responsibilities. This section also contains each individual Cabinet Member's specific responsibilities. There have been [six] amendments made by the Monitoring Officer to address changes required. These are detailed in Appendix 1 and include an amendment to the scheme of delegation to show the changes as a result of the appointment of two new strategic directors replacing the Strategic Director Economy and Infrastructure.
- 2.06 Council is asked to note that there may be some proposed changes to the terms of reference of the Personnel Committee, which will be the subject of a further report in due course.
- 2.07 Amendments to the terms of reference for the Health and Wellbeing Board are being considered in a separate report to this committee today.

PART 4 – RULES OF PROCEDURE

2.08 This section contains eight documents which describe how Councillors and Officers conduct themselves in meetings and make decisions about certain matters. There have been seven amendments made by the Monitoring Officer to address changes required, and these are detailed in Appendix 1.

Council Procedure Rules

- 2.09 **CPR 51** has been added to permit the Council to hold meetings remotely, following the implementation of *The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority and Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020.*
- 2.10 A new Protocol is referred to in CPR 51 and was included as a new protocol to the Constitution at the same time as the new CPR 51 (see paragraph 2.36). The ability to continue to hold remote meetings after May 6th 2021 is still uncertain and changes to this rule may need to be made once the position is clear.
- 2.11 There is a proposed amendment to **CPR 5** to add the words 'BY MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL' at the heading of rule 5(I).
- 2.12 There is a proposed amendment to **CPR 10(1)** to add the words 'relevant to its terms of reference.'

The amended rule (changes in italics) would be:

(1) Deputations on issues on which the Council has powers or duties or which affect the area of Kirklees may be received at any meeting of the Council (except the meetings of Annual, Budget or Extra-Ordinary Council) or at any meeting of an appropriate Committee, or Sub-Committee *relevant to its terms of reference*. The Mayor/Chair in consultation with the Chief Executive shall have discretion to decide whether or not to hear the deputation.

2.13 There is a proposed amendment to **CPR 16(2)** to add the words 'and Budget Council'.

The amend rule (changes in italics) would be:

(2) A meeting of the Council (except the Annual Meeting **and Budget Council**) shall terminate at 9.00 p.m. unless a Member moves, prior to 9.00pm, a motion that the meeting shall continue until (i) a later time (to be specified in the motion) or (ii) the conclusion of the business of the meeting. If the motion is seconded it shall be put to the meeting without comment.

2.14 There is a proposed amendment to **CPR 38(6)** to add the words 'and a Member of the Committee/Sub-Committee/ Panel which they are appointed to Chair'.

The amended rule (changes in italics) would be:

(6) The Chair and Deputy Chair of every Committee, Sub-Committee/ Panel and the Lead Member of each Scrutiny Panel shall be a Member of the Council **and a Member of the Committee/Sub-Committee/ Panel which they are appointed to Chair**.

- 2.15 The Council's petition scheme is being reviewed and any proposed changes will be the subject of a further report.
- 2.16 Following the discussions with CGAC members and Scrutiny Chairs about the West Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority (WYMCA) the outcome of which was discussed at the last meeting of this Committee member are asked to consider whether they wish to amend the Council Procedure Rules to make reference to holding at least an annual council meeting at which the Mayor is asked to attend. There is an earlier item on the agenda with the letter from the Chair of the Committee to the WYMCA and their response for information.

CPR 5 could be amended by adding a new 5(6) as follows: "In addition to the Annual Meeting of the Council (CPR1) and the ordinary meetings (CPR5 (1)) there shall be [at least] one meeting of Council convened each Municipal Year at which the mayor from time to time of the West Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority (WYMCA) shall attend to meet with Kirklees Councillors as an opportunity to discuss and report back on their work programme and outcomes. The meeting will cover only procedural items at (a) -(c) listed at CPR 5 (1) as well as any agenda items agreed by the Mayor and Chief Executive of Kirklees Council with the Mayor of WYMCA."

2.17 Members are asked to note that a number of typos and formatting errors have also been corrected in the Council Procedure Rules.

Access to Information Procedure Rules

2.18 There has been a minor amendment to the Rules, under the delegated powers of the Monitoring Officer, and this is detailed in Appendix 1.

2.19 Budget and Policy Framework Rules

There are no proposed amendments to these rules.

2.20 Executive Procedure Rules

There have been minor amendments to reflect changing job titles. These are listed in Appendix 1.

2.21 Financial Procedure Rules

There are proposed amendments and these will be the subject of a separate report to Council.

2.22 Contract Procedure Rules

There are proposed amendments and these will be the subject of a separate report to Council.

2.23 Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules

There are no proposed amendments to these rules.

2.24 Officer Employment Procedure Rules

There are no proposed amendments to these rules.

PART 5 – CODES and PROTOCOLS

2.25 This section sets outs the Council's Codes and Protocols in relation to a number of areas.

2.26 Members Code of Conduct

There are presently no proposed amendments to the Code of Conduct, but there is some ongoing work resulting from the recent consultation survey that was undertaken by the Monitoring Officer, as well as from the LGA's proposed model Code of Conduct.

An interim report was provided in March 2021 to the Standards Committee that made reference to the survey results and the LGA's Model Code of Conduct.

It is anticipated that a further report will be made to the Standards Committee over the summer, who will then make recommendations to CGA on any proposed changes.

2.27 Monitoring Officer Protocol

There are no proposed amendments to this protocol.

2.28 Protocol for Planning Committees and Sub-Committees

There are no proposed amendments to this protocol.

2.29 <u>Decision Making On Ward Issues – Procedural Advice to Cabinet</u> <u>Members</u>

It is proposed that this will be reviewed and will be referred initially to the Standards Committee, with any proposed changes for consideration. Any changes recommended by the Standards Committee will be put before the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and on to Council as appropriate.

2.30 <u>Protocol on the role of Representatives and Key Outside Bodies in</u> representing the interests of the Council

It is proposed that this will be reviewed and any recommended changes will then be presented in a further report to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and then to Council as appropriate.

2.31 Officers Code of Conduct

This will be subject to a review with a further report to be put before the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and then to Council as appropriate

2.32 <u>Protocol for Public Speaking at Planning Committees and Sub-</u> <u>Committees</u>

There are no proposed amendments to this protocol.

2.33 Licensing and Safety Committee Protocol

There are no proposed amendments to this protocol.

2.34 Councillors and Officers in Kirklees – A Protocol for Working Effectively

One of the areas that was featured in the recent standards survey concerned perceptions and experiences of officers in dealing with Councillors. When the survey responses are considered fully by the Standards Committee this protocol may need to be reviewed.

2.35 Safeguarding Protocol

There are no proposed amendments to this protocol.

2.36 Protocol for Online Meetings

This Protocol was added to the Constitution at the same time as the new Council Procedure Rule 51 (see 2.09-2.10 above) by the Monitoring Officer using delegated authority. There are no proposed amendments to this protocol, but member Page 154

be aware that changes may need to be made, depending on whether the powers to hold meetings continue after May 6th.

2.37 **Concurrent Functions Protocol**

This protocol is proposed to be added to the Constitution following the introduction of the Mayoral Combined Authority for West Yorkshire. This was considered here at the last meeting of this Committee and by Cabinet. When it is signed it will be added to the Constitution. The West Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority will be considering the protocol on 22 April 2021.

Implications for the Council 3.

It is essential the Council's Constitution is regularly reviewed and updated to ensure that it remains fit for purpose and to enable Councilmeetings to be conducted in a fair, business like and effective manner.

It is also essential that the Constitution complies with current legislation. Failure to do so could lead to challenges, unnecessary procedural delays and less transparency in the Council's democraticprocess.

- 3.1 Working with people N/A
- 3.2 **Working with Partners** N/A
- 3.3 Place Based Working N/A
- 3.4 **Climate Change and Air Quality** N/A
- 3.5 Improving Outcomes for Children N/A
- Other implications (eg Legal/Financial or Human Resources) 3.6 N/A

4. **Consultees and their opinions**

Various officers have been consulted.

Standards Committee has been briefed on the outcome of the consultation survey and understands that further work needs to be completed before any proposals for amendments to the Code of Conduct can be properly considered.

5. Next steps and timelines

This will be considered by Annual Council on May 19th 2021. Any feedback, Page 155 5.1

comments or recommendations from this committee will be included in the report to Annual Council.

5.2 Any amendments agreed by Council will be made to the Constitution.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

That it be recommended that CGA:-

- a. Notes the changes made to the Constitution in 2019-2021 listed in Appendix 1.
- b. Approves the proposed changes to the Councils constitution as set out in paragraphs 2.11, 2.12, 2.13, 2.14 and 2.16 and the accompanying relevant Appendices.
- c. Notes the further work being undertaken to keep the Council's Constitution under review.
- d. Notes the proposed further work in respect of standards and the Code of Conduct.
- e. Recommends to Council that they note and approve (as applicable) the above recommendations and delegate authority to the Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning to make appropriate amendments to the constitution which may be agreed by Council as well as any consequential amendments to the constitution to reflect the changes agreed.

7. Cabinet portfolio holder recommendation

N/A

8. Contact officer

Julie Muscroft – Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning 01484 221 000 julie.muscroft@kirklees.gov.uk

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions

10. Service Director responsible

Julie Muscroft – Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning 01484 221 000 julie.muscroft@kirklees.gov.uk

11. Appendices

Appendix 1 - Amendments 2019/2021 (Information only)

Appendix 2 – Track change copy of the Council Procedure Rules

Constitutional amendments 2019-2021

Changes made to the Constitution authorised by Council or by the Monitoring Officer under the delegation provided to her are set out in the table below.

Amendment	Authorisation	Date amended
PART 3 Responsibility for		
Functions		
Part 3 Section B amended	Monitoring Officer Delegation	12 th June 2019
Part 3.4 Section C amended –	Approved at Annual Council	7 th August 2019
changes to portfolio		
responsibilities		
Part 3.4 Section C amended –	Monitoring Officer Delegation	16 th April 2020
change to portfolio holder public		
health responsibilities		
Part 3.4 Section C amended –	Monitoring Officer Delegation	1 st May 2020
change to portfolio holder's		
responsibilities		
Part 3.4 Section C amended –	Monitoring Officer Delegation	18 th January 2021
changes to portfolio holders		
Part 3.4 Section F amended	Monitoring Officer Delegation	
PART 4 Rules of Procedure		
Part 4.1 Council Procedure	Approved at Annual Council	22 nd May 2019
Rules amended		
Part 4.1 Council Procedure	Monitoring Officer Delegation	1 st May 2020, 7 th July
Rules amended – virtual meetings		2020
Part 4.2 Access to Information	Approved at Annual Council	1 st April 2019
Procedure Rules		
Part 4.4 Executive Procedure Rules	Monitoring Officer Delegation	7 th April 2021
amended		
Part 4.6 Financial Procedure	Approved at Annual Council	11 th June 2019
Rules amended		
Part 4.7 Contract Procedure	Monitoring Officer Delegation	11 th June 2019
Rules minor amendments		
PART 5 Codes and Protocols		
Part 5.1 Code of Conduct	Approved at Annual Council	30 th May 2019
Part 5.11 – protocol for online	Monitoring Officer Delegation	12 th May 2020
meetings introduced		
Part 5.11 – protocol for online	Monitoring Officer Delegation	1 st June 2020
meetings amended		

COUNCIL PROCEDURE RULES

(Amended by Service Director, Legal Governance and Commissioning using delegated powers on 1^{st,} 14^{th,} 20^{th,} 21st May, 7th July 2020)

Introduction

Following the introduction of <u>The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels</u> (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority and Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020 meetings of the Council or any committees may now be held remotely.

Any references to being present at any meeting in these rules is now to be interpreted as including being in remote attendance at any meeting.

A new procedure rule, Rule 51, has been inserted and the existing rules should be interpreted in light of the provisions of that rule.

(A) Meetings of the Council

1. Annual Meeting of the Council

(1) Timing and Business

In a year when there is an ordinary election of Councillors, the Annual Meeting will take place within 21 days of the retirement of the outgoing Councillors. In any other year, provide that the Annual Meeting will take place in May. Within those limits the date, time and venue may be proposed by the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and will be determined by the Council.

At the Annual Meeting the agenda will be as follows:

CIVIC AND PROCEDURAL

- (a) choose a person to preside if the Mayor and Deputy Mayor are absent;
- (b) elect the Mayor;
- (c) appoint the Deputy Mayor;
- (d) approve as a correct record the Minutes of the previous meeting of the Council;
- (e) receive any announcements from the Mayor and the Chief Executive
- (f) following a local election (other than a by-election) receive the report of the Chief Executive upon:
 - a) The result of the elections of Councillors to the Wards of the Council
 - b) The acceptance of office of Councillors elected

ELECTION OF THE EXECUTIVE

(g) elect the Leader of the Council and determine his/her term of office (as necessary);

CONSTITUTIONAL BUSINESS

- (h) appoint, in accordance with paragraph (2) of this Rule the Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee, the Standards Committee and such other Committees as the Council considers appropriate to deal with matters which are neither reserved to the Council nor are executive functions (as set out in Part 3, of this Constitution);
- agree the scheme of delegation or such part of it as the Constitution determines it is for the Council to agree (as set out in Part 3 of this Constitution);
- (j) approve a programme of ordinary meetings of the Council for the year;
- (k) consider any other business set out in the notice convening the meeting; and
- no other business will be considered at the Annual Meeting other than in exceptional circumstances to be determined by the Mayor in consultation with the Chief Executive.

(2) Selection of Councillors on Committees

At the Annual Meeting, the Council will:

- (i) decide the size and terms of reference for those Committees to be established for the municipal year;
- (ii) decide, when relevant, the allocation of seats and substitutes to political groups in accordance with the political balance rules;
- (iii) receive nominations from Group Business Managers of Councillors to serve on each Committee;
- (iv) determine representation on outside bodies and where appropriate political ratios;
- elect Chairs and appoint Deputy Chairs (where appropriate) of the Council's Committees for the ensuing municipal year. If the Council does not make these appointments, Committees may appoint their own Chair and Deputy Chair (where appropriate) subject to confirmation at the next meeting of the Council;
- (vi) appoint to those Committees and outside bodies except where appointment to those bodies has been delegated by the Council or is exercisable only by the Cabinet.

2. Ordinary and Additional Meetings of Council, Notice of and Summons to Meetings

Dates of Council Meetings

- (1) All meetings of the Council, with the exception of:
 - any called as Extraordinary Meetings; or

 changes made to meeting dates as proposed by the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and agreed by Council during the municipal year,

shall be held on dates fixed by the Council at the Annual Meeting on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee.

Extraordinary Meetings

- (2) Those listed below may request the Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning to call Council meetings in addition to ordinary meetings:
 - (a) the Council by resolution;
 - (b) the Mayor, following consultation with the Chief Executive or following a written requisition signed by five Members of the Council;
 - (c) the Chief Executive, the monitoring officer and section 151 officer; or
 - (d) any five Members of the Council if they have signed a requisition presented to the Mayor and he/she has refused to call a meeting or has failed to call a meeting within seven days of the presentation of the requisition;

Venue and Start Time

(3) All ordinary meetings of the Council will be held at 5.30 p.m. in the Town Hall, Huddersfield, or at such other times and places as may be agreed in respect of particular meetings by the Mayor and the Leader of the Council or on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee.

Council Summons

(4) The date, time and venue for each Council meeting will be shown in the summons for the meeting which will be issued by the Service Director -Legal, Governance and Commissioning at least 5 clear days before a meeting. The summons will specify the business to be transacted and will be accompanied by reports where appropriate.

Chair of Meeting

(5) Any power or duty of the Mayor in relation to the conduct of a meeting shall be exercised by the Deputy Mayor or in their absence the person elected to preside at the meeting.

3. Budget Meeting

The Council may specify that one meeting will solely be the Council's budget meeting. At that meeting the only items will be to agree the budget, the capital programme and the level of Council tax for the following financial year, together

with any issues connected with the budget and anything else which the Mayor in consultation with the Chief Executive considers appropriate for inclusion.

4. Quorum of Council

- (1) The quorum for a Council meeting shall be one quarter of the total number of the Members of the Council, rounded up to the nearest whole number.
- (2) If there is not a quorum at a meeting, then consideration of any items of business not dealt with shall be adjourned to a date and time to be chosen by the Mayor at the time when the meeting is adjourned **or** to the next meeting of the Council.

5. Order of Business

- (1) There shall be two types of ordinary meeting of the Council,
 - one which focuses on Holding the Executive to Account and
 - one which focuses on Key Discussions.

The designation of each Council meeting shall be set (and published) at the start of the municipal year by the Chief Executive in consultation with the Group Leaders, but may be changed during the course of the year by the Chief Executive in consultation with the Group Leaders if it is considered necessary for the efficient operation of the Council, provided that no less than four ordinary meetings are designated as **Holding the Executive to Account**.

The content and running order of the business to be transacted at each ordinary meeting of Council may be altered in advance by the Chief Executive in consultation with the Mayor and Group Leaders if it is considered necessary or appropriate for the efficient operation of the Council.

The following items shall be included in all ordinary meetings of the Council in the order shown:

PROCEDURAL

- a) To choose a person to preside if the Mayor and Deputy Mayor are absent.
- b) Announcements by the Mayor or the Chief Executive.
- c) To receive apologies.
- d) To approve as a correct record and sign the Minutes of the previous meeting of the Council.
- e) To receive declarations of interest.
- f) To receive petitions submitted by Members of the Council.
- g) To receive any petitions/hear deputations from Members of the Public.

- h) To receive any public questions.
- i) To receive and consider any petitions referred in accordance with the Council's Petitions Scheme.
- j) To receive Minutes of meetings of the West Yorkshire Combined Authority.

DECISION MAKING

k) To deal with any matters expressly referred by Cabinet or a Committee to Council for approval.

WRITTEN QUESTIONS BY MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

- I) To deal with written questions by Members to the following under Rule 12:
 - The Leader, Deputy Leader and Cabinet Members
 - Chairs of Committees, Sub Committees and Panels
 - Spokespersons of Joint Authorities and External Bodies (as defined at Rule 13)
- (2) In addition to those items at (1) of this Rule, the following items shall be included in meetings designated as **Holding the Executive to Account** meetings (provided that there is sufficient such business at any one meeting), and such business shall follow on from that set out in (1) of this Rule as follows:

CABINET AND COMMITTEES

- m) To receive reports from Cabinet members in accordance with Rule 13.
- n) To deal with questions to Cabinet members generally, or in relation to minutes of Cabinet put to Council for information or to hear statements from Cabinet members in accordance with Rule 13.

MEMBER MOTIONS

- o) To receive responses to Motions agreed at previous meetings of Council
- p) To consider motions issued under Rule 14, if any, in the order which they have been received by the Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning.

GENERAL

- q) Other matters for consideration by Council including reports back on resolutions from previous Council meetings.
- r) To deal with any business expressly required by statute to be dealt with by the Council
- (3) In addition to those items at (1) of this Rule, the following items shall be included in meetings designated as **Key Discussion Meetings** (provided that there is

sufficient such business at any one meeting) and such business shall follow on from that set out in (1) of this Rule as follows:

KEY ISSUES

s) To receive presentations and/or reports on key issues and debate the same in accordance with Rule 18 (23).

OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY

t) To receive reports from Overview & Scrutiny Management Committee and its panels and to hold a debate in accordance with Rule (18 (22)) (Move before key discussion).

MEMBER MOTIONS

- u) To receive responses to Motions agreed at previous meetings of Council.
- v) To consider motions issued under Rule 14, if any, in the order which they have been received by the Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning.

GENERAL

- w) Other matters for consideration by Council including reports back on resolutions from previous Council meetings.
- x) To deal with any business expressly required by statute to be dealt with by the Council.
- (4) The order of items (k) to (m) or (o) (as appropriate) or (k) to (s) or (t) (as appropriate in the case of Key Discussion Meetings) may be changed or any of the items omitted at any one meeting:
 - a) by the meeting by means of a motion passed without discussion;
 - b) by the Chief Executive in consultation with the Mayor.
- (5) Any discussion falling within (s) above shall begin no later than 7:00 pm irrespective of whether the business before it on the agenda has concluded, such other business shall resume once the key discussion issue is complete.
- (6) In addition to the Annual Meeting of the Council (CPR1) and the ordinary meetings (CPR5 (1)) there shall be [at least] one meeting of Council convened each Municipal Year at which the mayor from time to time of the West Yorkshire Mayoral Combined Authority (WYMCA) shall attend to meet with Kirklees Councillors as an opportunity to discuss and report back on their work programme and outcomes. The meeting will cover only procedural items at (a) -(c) listed at CPR 5 (1) as well as any agenda items agreed by the Mayor and Chief Executive of Kirklees Council with the Mayor of WYMCA

6. Limitation of Business

The items of business for consideration at the Council meeting will be limited to those set out in the agenda for the meeting, with the exception of:-

- (a) items of business required by these Rules to be dealt with at the meeting or
- (b) items of urgent business for which the Mayor and Chief Executive shall have prior notice and which the Mayor in consultation with the Chief Executive considers appropriate for discussion at the meeting.

7. Minutes

Correct Record

(1) The Mayor shall put the motion "that the Minutes of the previous meeting or meetings be approved and signed as a correct record."

Accuracy

(2) No discussion shall take place on those Minutes except on their accuracy, and any questions on their accuracy shall be raised by motion. After any questions on the Minutes have been dealt with the Mayor shall sign the Minutes.

Submission to Council

(3) The Minutes of each Council meeting (including Extraordinary Council meetings convened in accordance with paragraph 3 of Schedule 12 to the Local Government Act 1972) shall be presented to the next scheduled Council meeting for approval.

8. Announcements by the Mayor, Leader of the Council, Cabinet Members and Chief Executive

- (1) No discussion shall take place on any announcement made by the Mayor or Chief Executive.
- (2) Any Member may propose that the subject matter of any announcement be referred to Cabinet or an appropriate Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel and such a motion, on being seconded, shall be put to the vote immediately.

9. Presentation of Petitions by Members of the Council and Members of the Public

Presentation of Petitions

- (1) Petitions on issues on which the Council has powers or duties or which affect the area of Kirklees may be presented by a Member or any member of the public to any meeting of the Council (except the meetings of Annual, Budget or Extra-ordinary Council) or an appropriate Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel meeting.
- (2) When a petition is received at a Council meeting no discussion shall take place on the item.

Referral of Subject Matter

(3) The Mayor may direct that the subject matter of a petition be referred to an appropriate Service Director for investigation and report to Cabinet or an appropriate Committee.

9a. Council's Petition Scheme – Council Debates

In accordance with the Council's Petition Scheme (as approved by Cabinet on 6 June 2012), if a validated petition contains more than 3000 signatures, the Petition Organiser (or their representative) will be permitted five minutes to present their petition to Council and the subject matter will then be debated by Council for a maximum of 15 minutes.

10. Deputations

Receiving of Deputations

- (1) Deputations on issues on which the Council has powers or duties or which affect the area of Kirklees may be received at any meeting of the Council (except the meetings of Annual, Budget or Extra-Ordinary Council) or at any meeting of an appropriate Committee, or Sub-Committee <u>relevant to its terms</u> <u>of reference</u>. The Mayor/Chair in consultation with the Chief Executive shall have discretion to decide whether or not to hear the deputation.
- (2) All deputations should be submitted at least 24 hours prior to the meeting.

Deputations which will not be received

- (3) A deputation will not be received if the Chief Executive considers that it includes references to the following:
 - (a) Matters which in the opinion of the Chief Executive are likely to involve the disclosure of confidential or exempt information.
 - (b) Information relating to complaints made under statutory provisions which have not been finally dealt with.
 - (c) Information concerning the merit of applications or other matters currently before the Council, Cabinet or a Committee, Sub-committee, Panel or Officers for determination in respect of which the Council is under a duty to act quasi judicially.
 - (d) Information of a personal nature or which is defamatory, offensive, frivolous, repetitive or vexatious.
- (4) Deputations with the sole or predominant purpose of promoting any company's or individual's own business interests or financial position will not be permitted.

Size of Deputation and Speech

- (5) The deputation shall not exceed five persons and the speech shall not exceed five minutes.
- (6) When a deputation is received at a Council meeting, no discussion shall take place on the item but the relevant Cabinet Member shall respond to the deputation. The Cabinet Member's response shall not exceed five minutes.
- (7) The Mayor shall have the discretion to allow any other Member of the Council to respond to a deputation in exceptional circumstances. For example, in order to respond to personal attacks made during the course of a deputation.

Such response shall not exceed five minutes.

Referral of Subject Matter

(8) The Mayor may direct that the subject matter of a deputation be referred to an appropriate Service Director for investigation and report to Cabinet or an appropriate Committee.

11. Questions by Members of the Public at Council, Committee, Sub-Committee and Panel meetings

Who Can Ask A Question?

- (1) (a) Any Member of the public resident in Kirklees may, subject to the provisions of this Rule, ask the Leader, or any Members of Cabinet, a question on any issue which comes within that individual's area of responsibility and which affects the area of Kirklees.
 - (b) The Cabinet Member may, subject to the provisions of this Rule, ask that a question be referred to the Mayor or any Chairs of a Committee or any joint authority spokesperson and the Mayor, Chair or joint authority spokesperson shall respond within a reasonable period of time to such question.
 - (c) At any Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel meeting, any such Member of the public may similarly ask the Chair of that body a question on any issue over which that body has any powers or duties.

When Questions Cannot Be Asked

- (2) Questions may not be asked at:
 - (a) the Annual Council Meeting;
 - (b) the Budget Council Meeting;

or during the period from:

- (c) the announcement of a General Election to polling day (inclusive); or
- (d) the publication of the notice of ordinary elections for the Council to polling day (inclusive).

Questions Which Will Not Be Answered

- (3) Questions will not be answered if the Chief Executive considers that they include references to the following:
 - (a) Matters which in the opinion of the Chief Executive are likely to involve the disclosure of confidential or exempt information.
 - (b) Questions relating to complaints made under statutory provisions which have not been finally dealt with.

- (c) Questions about the merit of applications or other matters currently before the Council, Cabinet or a Committee, Sub-Committee, Panel or Officers for determination in respect of which the Council is under a duty to act quasi judicially.
- (d) Questions of a personal nature or which are defamatory, offensive, frivolous, repetitive or vexatious.

Questions To Be Within Terms of Reference

(4) The Chair or Leader may decline to answer a proposed question if in his or her opinion it is not within the terms of reference of the Cabinet, Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel concerned or is not relevant to the functions of the Cabinet, Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel concerned.

Time Allowed for Questions

(5) The period allowed for the asking and answering of public questions at any one meeting shall not exceed 15 minutes. Any Member of the Cabinet, Committee or Panel may move an extension of this period should there be questions unanswered. Such a motion shall be moved and seconded and be put without discussion. At any one meeting no person may ask more than two questions and no more than two questions may be asked on behalf of one organisation. A questioner may also put one supplementary question to the Member for each original question asked. Any question which cannot be dealt with during public question time will be dealt with by a written answer.

Answers to Questions

(6) The Member to whom the question has been put may nominate another Member to answer (if that Member agrees).

The Member to whom the question has been put may not refuse to answer the question.

An answer may take the form of:

- (a) a direct oral answer; or
- (b) a reference to a publication, where the desired information is contained in a publication of the Council, the Cabinet or a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel; or
- (c) a written answer where the reply to the question cannot conveniently be given orally.

Recording in Minutes

(7) The Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning shall record in the Minutes of the meeting the question(s) and the name of the respondent.

Questions Ruled Out of Order

(8) If the Chair is of the opinion that the question is of a personal nature, or that in the interests of the Council it is undesirable or is otherwise out of order, he or she shall not allow the question to be put. This right of refusal also applies to the Chair at a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel meeting.

Referral of Subject Matter

(9) In the case of public questions presented to Council meetings, there shall be no discussion on the question or the answer but a Member may propose that the subject matter of the question be placed on the Agenda for the next ordinary meeting of Cabinet or an appropriate Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel. Such a motion shall be moved and seconded and put without discussion.

12. Written Questions by Members

The exemptions as set out at CPR 11 (3) also apply to this Rule (CPR 12).

The following provisions shall apply to written questions by Members which must be received by the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning by 10.00 a.m. on the working day before the Council meeting.

- (1) Any member of Council may put a written question to the Leader of the Council, a member of the Cabinet, a Chair of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel or a spokesperson of a Joint Committee or External Body, as defined at Rule 13 (4). Subject to the Mayor's/Chair's discretion, a 3 minute time limit applies for individual questions to be put.
- (2) The Mayor/Chair in consultation with the Chief Executive may determine that a question shall not be put where the question appears defamatory, vexatious or requires the disclosure of confidential or exempt information.
- (3) Following consideration of any questions arising from Rule 12 (1) above, questions will be timetabled in the order which they are received by the Governance Team.
- (4) If a Member who has submitted a question in accordance with Rule 12 is not present at the meeting at the time when the question(s) submitted is/are due to be put to a Member the question(s) will fall.
- (5) The Member to whom the question has been put shall give an oral answer at the Council meeting or may nominate at any time before or during a meeting another Member to answer if that Member agrees.
- (6) An answer may take the form of:
 - (a) a direct oral answer; or
 - (b) a reference to a publication of the Council which contains the desired information; or
 - (c) a written answer circulated to all Members within 7 days of the Council meeting.

- (7) The period allowed for written questions at any one meeting shall not exceed 30 minutes. A 5 minute time limit shall apply for individual responses to questions. The same time limit shall also apply to individual responses to supplementary questions, subject in both cases to the Mayor's discretion to increase the time allowed for responses in appropriate circumstances.
- (8) Where written questions are not addressed within the above timescale, then the question will be answered by written reply, and the response shall be copied to all Members of the Council, unless the Member asking the question specifically requests (within 48 hours of the meeting concluding) that the question is referred to the next relevant Cabinet / Committee / Sub-Committee / Panel meeting for reply. Any such questions will only be responded to if the Member who put forward the original question to the Council meeting is in attendance at the Cabinet / Committee / Sub-Committee / Panel meeting to ask the question.

Written questions to spokespersons of Joint Authorities or any Other Bodies not dealt with within the above timescale will be answered by means of a written reply within 7 days of the meeting and be circulated to all Members of the Council.

- (9) When an answer to a written question has been given, the Member who asked it may ask one supplementary question relating to the same topic. Such a supplementary question must follow straight on from the Member's answer to the original question. In circumstances where the responding Councillor has elected, pursuant to Rule 12(6)(c), to provide a written answer to a question, no supplementary question will be permitted.
- (10) A written question, as well as any supplementary question, must be relevant to the Terms of Reference or powers or duties of Cabinet or of the relevant Committee / Sub-Committee / Panel /Joint Committee or External Body or affect the area of Kirklees and should not be of a personal nature or one which is defamatory, offensive, frivolous, repetitive or vexatious.
- (11) The Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning shall record in the Minutes of the meeting the question(s) and the name of the respondent. This will not include any supplementary question and the answer thereto. Supplementary questions and answers will be recorded as part of the webcast and held on the public webcast facility for a period of 12 months.

13. Procedure at Council Meetings in Relation to Reports and/or Minutes of Cabinet and Committees

- (1) Minutes for Information / Reports which require approval
 - (i) Any matter expressly referred to Council by Cabinet or a Committee for determination shall be dealt with first.

(ii) Minutes of meetings of Cabinet, Committees, and WYCA meetings shall be presented to Council meetings for information and as a basis for questioning and comment. There shall be no need for any motion or vote to receive them. If the minutes are not considered due to lack of time they shall be deemed to have been presented to Council and will not, therefore, require resubmission.

(2) Questions / Comments on Cabinet Minutes

- (i) The Minutes of Cabinet shall be submitted to Ordinary meetings of the Council followed by those of the Cabinet Committee Local Issues.
- (ii) Prior to the start of questions to Cabinet Members, Portfolio Holders may make a report, not exceeding 10 minutes in length per Cabinet Member, setting out his / her Portfolio Plan for the municipal year, or on progress against that Plan. Comments and statements by Cabinet Members shall not exceed 30 minutes in duration including any questions arising from the information provided. All Cabinet Members will be required to make Council aware of their Portfolio Plan at the start of the municipal year either verbally or in writing circulated to all Members and to report on progress against that Plan at least once in the municipal year.
- (iii) Questions may be asked by any Member of any Cabinet Members whether on a specific matter contained within the minutes or any matter generally which is in the portfolio of the Cabinet Member. There is no restriction on the number of questions Members may ask within the allotted time but each individual Member is only permitted to ask one question together with one supplementary question at any one time.
- (iv) Any member may, in addition to or instead of exercising their rights under Rule 13(2)(iii), comment once for a maximum of five minutes on any item within the Cabinet minutes presented to the meeting.
- (v) The portfolios will appear in alphabetical order on the Agenda and questions will be addressed to the Cabinet Member whose portfolio is at the top of the list. Once questions to that Cabinet Member have been completed, his or her portfolio will fall to the bottom of the list and questions will be addressed to the second, third etc., until the allotted time is completed whereupon the portfolio of the Cabinet Member being questioned will fall to the bottom of the list. At the next meeting the list will begin where it ended at the previous meeting, subject to the portfolio which is the subject of a progress report to the meeting being at the top of the list. During this item Members will have the opportunity to question Cabinet Members (and other Members appearing on the schedule) on meetings/discussions with external organisations. Any such question will be answered immediately in the manner provided for in Rule 13(4).
- (vi) Subject to 5(i) of this Rule, Cabinet members will have a right of reply before questions are put to the Cabinet member next in alphabetical order.

- (vii) In circumstances where the Leader has no specific portfolio allocated to him/her the Agenda will provide that he/she heads the list of Cabinet Members for the purposes of Rule 13(2)(v). Once questions to the Leader have been completed he/she will fall to the bottom of the list and questions to Cabinet Members with specific portfolios will proceed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 13(2)(v).
- (3) Questions / Comments on Committee Minutes
 - (i) The Minutes of other Committees submitted to Ordinary meetings of the Council shall be set out in alphabetical order.
 - (ii) Any Member may comment on any item within the Committee minutes presented to the meeting
 - (iii) Any Member may ask the chair of the relevant Committee a question upon any item within that Committee's Terms of Reference.
 - (iv) The Chair of Cabinet, a Cabinet Committee or Cabinet Member or the Chair of a Committee may make a statement at the time that the report/Minutes is/are considered on any matter within the Terms of Reference or which is relevant to the function of Cabinet or that Committee, or which is a matter of importance.
- (4) Questions to Chairs of Committees/Sub-Committees/Panels, Lead Members of Standing Scrutiny Panels and Spokespersons of Joint Committees and External Bodies

(The exemptions as set out at CPR 11 (3) also apply to this Rule (CPR 13)

- (i) Any Member may ask the Chair of the relevant Committee/Sub-Committee/Panel or the Lead Member of a Standing Scrutiny Panel a question upon any item within the Terms of Reference of that Committee/Sub-Committee/ Panel or Standing Scrutiny Panel (as applicable). Any Member may also ask a question of the relevant spokesperson for any of the Joint Committees or external bodies (including regional and sub-regional bodies) identified in Rule 13(4)(ii).
- For the purposes of this Rule, questions may be asked of spokespersons or representatives of the following Joint Committees or External Bodies:
 - (a) Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing
 - (b) Kirklees Active Leisure
 - (c) West Yorkshire Combined Authority (and its Committees)
 - (d) West Yorkshire Fire and Rescue Authority
 - (e) West Yorkshire Police and Crime Panel
 - (f) West Yorkshire Joint Services Committee

(The Council's Monitoring Officer may update the above list as appropriate).

(iii) The list to persons (by virtue of position) to whom questions can be asked will be set out in the agenda in alphabetical order and questions

will be addressed in the order listed. At the next meeting, the list will begin where it ended at the previous meeting.

- (5) Time Permitted
 - Subject to the time limit for speaking set out in CPR 13 (2) the maximum time permitted for consideration of matters in CPR (1) – (3) including comments and questions on Minutes to Cabinet Members shall be a maximum of 60 minutes, and the time permitted for comments and questions to Chairs of Committees/Sub Committees/Panels and representatives on outside bodies shall be a maximum of 30 minutes, provided that there is provision under Rule 5 for consideration of issues under CPR 13.

14. Notices of Motion

Submission of Motions

(1) Every notice of motion (with the exception of those proposed in accordance with Rules 15, 18(16) and (19) shall be submitted in writing and delivered to the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning by 9.00 a.m. on the sixth working day before the date of the Council meeting. Each motion must be signed by not less than two Members of the Council. Motions (including re-submitted Motions pursuant to CPR 16(5)) will only be accepted for the next scheduled Council meeting (except Annual and Budget Councils) from 10.00am onwards following the day of the previous Council meeting. Any motions re-submitted will be listed on the agenda in the same order as they were listed for the previous meeting. Any further (new) motions will be listed after re-submitted Motions. The Chief Executive, in consultation with the Mayor, shall have authority to re-order the Motions as appropriate. The Chief Executive will inform Group Leaders when such action is being taken.

Recording of Motions

(2) The Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning will record the date and time of receipt of each motion in a register. This register shall be open to inspection to every Member of the Council.

Motions Which Have Revenue Effects

(3) No Motion may have the effect of increasing the expenditure or reducing the revenue of the Council other than in the form of a reference to Cabinet or the appropriate Committee for consideration. (This provision does not apply for the setting of the Council Tax).

Relevance

(4) Every motion shall be relevant to some matter in relation to which the Council has powers or duties and which affects the area of Kirklees.

Motions Not Accepted

(5) If notice is given of any motion which, in the opinion of the Chief Executive is

out of order, illegal, irregular or improper, the Chief Executive in consultation with the Mayor shall determine whether to accept its inclusion on the agenda. If a motion is not deemed acceptable the Chief Executive shall inform the Members who gave notice of the item.

Withdrawal

(6) A Member who has given notice of motion may subsequently withdraw by writing to the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning.

Inclusion on Council Agenda

(7) The Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning shall set out in the agenda for each Council meeting the motions received and accepted in the order they were received.

Moving of Motions

(8) If a motion set out in the summons is not moved either by the Member who gave notice or by another Member on their behalf, it shall be treated as withdrawn and shall not be considered again without fresh notice. Alternatively, the Council may consent to postpone consideration of a motion to the next meeting.

Receipt of Amendments

- (9) Any proposed amendment to a motion which has been included in the summons for a meeting, shall be delivered to the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning in accordance with the following timescales:-
 - (a) by 10.00am on the day of Council if the meeting is to start at 5.30 p.m. or
 - (b) by 2.00 p.m. on the day before a Council meeting which is to start in a morning.

Motions on Identical Subjects

(10) Where motions have been submitted to Council by different groups which relate to the same subject matter, then the movers shall be given the opportunity to agree a composite motion by 2.00 p.m. on the second working day before the date of the Council meeting. Notice of the composite shall be given to the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning who will notify the groups or individual Members to allow them to consider the proposals.

Alterations to Motions and Amendments

(11) Alterations to the wording of any motion or amendment (made in accordance with Council Procedure Rule 18(11) may be made with the agreement of the Members moving and seconding the motion or amendment and with the meeting's consent' provided that when such alterations are agreed copies shall be made available. Only alterations which could be made as an amendment may be made.

Need for Debate

(12) With the exception of those moved under (5) of this Rule, no motion made under this Rule may be voted on unless there has been a debate.

15. Motions and Amendments Which May Be Moved Without Notice

The following motions and amendments may be moved without notice:

- (1) Appointment of a Chair of the meeting at which the motion is moved.
- (2) Questioning the accuracy of the Minutes of the previous meeting of the Council.
- (3) To change the order of business in the Agenda.
- (4) Reference to Cabinet a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel for further consideration.
- (5) Appointment of Leader or a Committee, or Member thereof arising from an item on the Agenda for the meeting.
- (6) That leave be given to withdraw a motion.
- (7) Motions and amendments in respect of urgent business under Rule 6.
- (8) That the Council proceed to the next business.
- (9) Motions under Rule 11(5) and 11(9) as to questions by electors at Council Meetings.
- (10) Amendments to any motion to approve the recommendations of Cabinet or a Committee.
- (11) That the question be now put.
- (12) Amendments to any Motion except amendments to notices of motion pursuant to Rule 14(8) and (9) or where notice is required under Rule 19.
- (13) That the debate be now adjourned.
- (14) That the Council do now adjourn.
- (15) Adoption of reports of Officers and any consequent resolutions.
- (16) Suspending these Rules in accordance with Rule 47.
- (17) Motion to exclude the public.
- (18) That a Member named under Rule 21 be not heard further or leave the

meeting.

- (19) Giving consent or leave of the Council where the consent or leave of the Council is required by these Rules.
- (20) That the subject matter of an announcement made by the Mayor, or the Chief Executive under Rule 8 be referred to Cabinet or the appropriate Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel.
- (21) Motions under Rule 16 to continue a Council meeting after 9.00 p.m.
- (22) That the Council do now adjourn for discussion in smaller groups or in some other form.

16. Termination and Adjournment of Meeting

- (1) The Mayor, in consultation with the Chief Executive, may adjourn the meeting at any time and may incorporate a scheduled break of the meeting as required.
- (2) A meeting of the Council (except the Annual Meeting and Budget Council) shall terminate at 9.00 p.m. unless a Member moves, prior to 9.00pm, a motion that the meeting shall continue until (i) a later time (to be specified in the motion) or (ii) the conclusion of the business of the meeting. If the motion is seconded it shall be put to the meeting without comment.
- (3) If the motion is passed the meeting shall continue until the time specified or until the conclusion of the business of the meeting.
- (4) At 9.00 p.m. or such later time as the Council has agreed, the Mayor shall have discretion to grant an additional period of time to allow the item under consideration at that time to be concluded. Otherwise, the Mayor shall
 - a) allow no further points of order to be raised by any other Member.
 - (b) interrupt the discussion of the item being considered by the meeting.
 - (c) allow the proposer of the motion then under consideration a maximum of five minutes to reply to the debate unless he/she seeks leave to withdraw the motion.
 - (d) put (without discussion) all of the questions necessary to dispose of that motion, unless the motion is withdrawn.
 - (e) put (without discussion) all of the questions necessary to complete the consideration of any reports of Cabinet or any Committee, which are on the Agenda for the meeting, unless the Member appointed to preside in any such body (or a person on his/her behalf) indicates a wish to the contrary.
- (5) Any Motion given under Rule 14 not considered at an Ordinary Council meeting due to time constraints shall automatically be deemed withdrawn unless the Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning

receives written confirmation (from the Member or Group who submitted the Motion) by 5pm on the fifth working day following that Council meeting that the Motion should be rolled over for consideration at the next Ordinary Council meeting.

- (6) Where proceedings are in progress either at 9.00 p.m. or at a later time (specifically agreed by the Council in accordance with a motion to that effect), the provisions of Rule 24(3) as to recorded votes shall not apply.
- (7) Following any processes outlined above, the Mayor shall finally close the meeting.

17. Opposition Priority Business

- (1) This Rule applies where there is a majority group of members of the Council.
- (2) A minority group may require that any one item of business placed on the Agenda for any Council meeting be treated as opposition priority business. Such a requirement will only be considered if the Leader of that Group has submitted it in writing to the Chief Executive at least seven days before the Council meeting.
- (3) Where the Chief Executive receives more than one such request for a meeting, he/she shall decide which shall be selected so as to ensure that as far as is possible each minority group's share of opposition priority business reflects the relative size of those groups in the period from the last Annual Meeting of the Council.
- (4) Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning shall indicate on the Agenda which item of business (if any) is to be treated as opposition priority business.
- (5) If consideration of an item of opposition priority business has not begun two hours after the start of the meeting it will be brought forward and considered immediately after the conclusion of the item of business then under discussion.

18. Rules of Debate

Motions and Amendments

- (1) A motion or amendment shall not be discussed unless it has been proposed and seconded. Unless notice of the motion or amendment has already been submitted in accordance with Rules 14 and 19, the Mayor may also require that it be written out and handed to him/her before it is discussed further or put to the meeting.
- (2) Members when seconding a motion or amendment may, if they then declare their intention to do so, reserve their right to speak until a later period in the debate on the motion or any amendment.

Seconders Speech

(3) The Member seconding the motion or amendment and reserving the right to speak shall further indicate to the Mayor during the debate when he/she wishes to speak.

List of Names of Those Wishing to Speak

- (4) During the debate Members should indicate their wish to speak by use of their individual voting console. The Mayor shall have absolute discretion to alter the order of those wishing to speak and may close the list at any time. This provision does not apply to:
 - the Mayor
 - the mover of the original motion
 - the seconder of the original motion who has reserved the right to speak
 - Members rising on a point of order or to provide a personal explanation
 - persons moving motions and amendments under Rule 15

Addressing the Mayor

(5) Unless the Mayor indicates otherwise, a Member must stand and address the Mayor while speaking. If two or more Members rise, the Mayor shall request one to speak and the other(s) to be seated. While a Member is speaking the other Members shall remain seated and be silent, unless rising on a point of order or in personal explanation.

Content and Length of Speeches

- (6) No speech of a Member of the Council in moving a motion to adopt the report of Cabinet or a Committee, or a motion under Rule 14 shall exceed 10 minutes and no other speech on any item before Council shall exceed 5 minutes, except:-
 - (a) by consent of the Council, or
 - (b) The Leader, or the Leader's nominee's annual budget speech on the setting of the amounts of Council Tax.

Additional Time For Speeches

(7) If the Mayor is of the opinion that the subject matter is of special importance or the Member requests additional time, the Mayor may permit the Member to continue for as long as he/she allows.

When a Member May Speak Again - Adoption of Reports

(8) On a motion to adopt the report of Cabinet or a Committee, a Member may speak once in general regarding the report. In addition, he/she may move or

second or speak to one amendment only on each item in the report requiring a decision by the Council.

When a Member May Speak Again - Other Motions

(9) On any other motion a Member shall speak only once whilst the motion is the subject of debate. A Member may also move, second or speak to one amendment. If consideration of an amendment begins before a Member has had the opportunity to speak on the motion he/she may still exercise the right to speak on the motion.

Exceptions to Speaking Only Once

- (10) The requirement that a Member shall only speak once shall not prevent a Member from speaking:
 - (i) in exercise of a right to reply,
 - (ii) on a point of order,
 - (iii) by way of personal explanation.

Amendments to Motions

- (11) An amendment shall be relevant to the motion and shall be either:
 - (a) to refer a subject of debate to Cabinet or a Committee, for consideration or reconsideration;
 - (b) to leave out words;
 - (c) to leave out words and insert or add others;
 - (d) to insert or add words;

The omission, insertion or addition of words must not have the effect of blocking the motion which is under consideration by the Council. In addition the amendment must not have the effect of increasing the expenditure or reducing the revenue of the Council other than in the form of a referral to Cabinet or the relevant Committee for consideration. (This provision does not apply for the setting of the Council Tax).

Discussion of Amendments

(12) Except where the voting procedure in Rule 24(6) applies only one amendment may be moved and discussed at a time and no further amendment shall be moved until the amendment under discussion has been disposed of. However, the Mayor may permit two or more amendments to be discussed together if he/she considers that this would be helpful in the circumstances. Where two or more amendments are discussed together they shall be voted upon in the order in which they were moved.

Motion as Amended

(13) If an amendment is lost, other amendments may be moved on the original motion. If an amendment is carried, the motion as amended shall take the place of the original motion and shall become the motion upon which any further amendment may be moved.

Withdrawal of Motion/Amendment

(14) A motion or an amendment may be withdrawn by the proposer with the consent of the seconder and of the Council (which shall be decided upon without debate). No Member may speak on it after the proposer has been granted permission for its withdrawal.

Right of Reply

(15) The proposer of a motion shall have the right to reply at the close of the debate on the motion, immediately before it is put to the vote. If an amendment is moved, the proposer of the original motion shall have also the right to reply at the close of such debate on the amendment and shall not otherwise speak on the amendment. Such a reply shall be confined to matters raised in the debate on the motion or amendment, as the case may be. The proposer of an amendment shall have no right to reply to the debate on the amendment is carried the proposer of that amendment (now the substantive motion) shall have a right of reply at the close of the debate and on any subsequent amendment.

Motions which may be moved during debate

- (16) When a motion is under debate no other motion shall be moved except the following:-
 - (a) to amend or withdraw the motion;
 - (b) to adjourn the meeting;
 - (c) to adjourn the debate;
 - (d) to proceed to the next business
 - (e) that the question be now put;
 - (f) that a Member be not further heard on the item of business before the Council;
 - (g) by the Mayor under Rule 21(2);
 - (h) to exclude the public;
 - (i) to withdraw or amend proceedings in accordance with paragraph (14) of this Rule.

Closure Motion

- (17) A Member may move without comment at the conclusion of a speech of another Member "That the question be now put", "That the debate be now adjourned" or "That the Council do now adjourn". If such a motion is seconded, the Mayor shall proceed as follows:-
 - (a) On a motion "that the question be now put", the Mayor shall put this motion to the vote, unless he or she is of the opinion that the matter

before the meeting has not been discussed sufficiently. If the motion 'that the question be now put' is voted on and carried, the Mayor will allow the proposer of the original motion the right to reply under paragraph (15) above before putting the motion under discussion to the vote.

(b) On a motion "to adjourn the debate or meeting". The Mayor shall put the motion for an adjournment to the vote without giving the mover of the original motion the right to reply, if he or she is of the opinion that the matter before the meeting has not been sufficiently discussed and cannot reasonably be discussed at that meeting.

Point of Order and Personal Explanation

- (18) A Member may rise on a point of order or in personal explanation and shall be entitled to be heard immediately. A point of order shall relate only to an alleged breach of one of these Rules or the law and the Member shall specify the Rule or the law and the way in which it has been broken. A personal explanation shall be confined to some material part of a speech by the Member in the Council meeting which may appear to have been misunderstood in the present debate. A personal explanation may not be made in any other circumstances and in particular reference in a speech to another Member does not give that Member any right of personal explanation except in circumstances specified above.
- (19) The ruling of the Mayor on a point of order or on the admissibility of a personal explanation will be final.

Relaxation by the Mayor of Rules of Debate

(20) Before the start of the debate on any item or motion the Mayor may determine, after consultation with the Chief Executive, that any of the requirements of this Rule shall be relaxed or waived during the debate on that item or motion.

Mayor's Authority

- (21) Whenever the Mayor rises during a debate, a Member who is standing and speaking shall sit down and the Council shall be silent. Afterwards, a Member may continue his or her speech unless the Mayor determines otherwise.
- (22) The time permitted for consideration of scrutiny reports under Rule 5 (3) (n) shall be a maximum of 60 minutes.
- (23) The time permitted for consideration of key issues shall be a maximum of 60 minutes
- (24) The time permitted under (22) and (23) of this Rule may be extended at the discretion of the Mayor in consultation with the Chief Executive.

Mayor's Casting Vote

(25) The Mayor, or in their absence, the person presiding at the Council meeting,

shall have a second or casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

19. Motion to Make Statutory Calculations and to set Amounts of Council Tax

Motion referred from Cabinet

(1) At least 14 days before the date fixed for calculating the amounts required under Sections 32 to 36 of the Local Government Finance Act, 1992, and setting the amounts of Council Tax, the Chief Executive shall distribute to all Members of the Council the motion which has been proposed by the Cabinet for the Council, together with the draft Revenue Budget.

Motion distributed by the Leader

(2) If the Cabinet is not able to recommend a motion to the Council meeting, the Leader shall distribute to all Members of the Council at least 14 days in advance a motion to be presented to the Council meeting together with the draft Revenue Budget. This motion must be presented in the names of the Chair of the Cabinet and be supported by at least two other Members of the Council.

Amendments

(3) An amendment to a motion proposed under paragraph (1) above, cannot be moved unless it has been submitted and deemed to be financially sound and sustainable by the Chief Executive no later than 7 days prior to the date of the Budget Meeting. The Notice of such an amendment must be delivered to the Chief Executive and must specify the terms of the proposed amendment and the effect which it will have on the draft Revenue Budget.

Amendments to the Budget Motion cannot be accepted unless the Chief Executive is satisfied, upon the advice of the Service Director - Finance, that the proposed amendment is financially sound and sustainable.

Notification of Amendments

(4) The Chief Executive shall inform all Members of the Council of any amendments received and the order of receipt. The amendments shall be considered at the meeting in the same order that they have been received by the Chief Executive.

Debating the Motion and Amendments

(5) (i) The Mover of any Amendment to the Budget Motion shall speak for no longer than ten minutes, or for the same time taken by the Mover of the Budget Motion, whichever is the longer.

(ii) If a motion or an amendment described in paragraph (1), (2) and (3) above is not carried at the Council meeting, further motions and amendments may be moved and seconded without notice for consideration and determination. Copies of these additional motions or amendments must be made available to each Member of the Council by the mover or seconder before any debate begins.

(iii) In the event that an amendment is approved, thereby becoming the substantive motion, this resolution shall become the Council's budget and no further amendments shall be debated or voted upon.

(iv) In order to engage in a full debate about the Budget and amendments these rules will allow reference to be made by a member in the Budget debate, to the Budget Motion and / or any amendments submitted by a political group related to the budget during their contribution to the debate whether that be when speaking on the Budget Motion or an amendment to it.

Limitations

(6) The introduction of a new motion or amendment on the day of the Council meeting by a Political Group represented on the Council will not be permitted unless it gave notice of a motion or an amendment under paragraph (1), (2) and (3) above for inclusion on the summons for the meeting.

Recording of Votes relating to Council Tax etc.

- (7) Immediately after any vote is taken at a Budget Decision Meeting of the Council on any decision or amendment relating to the approval of the General Fund, or the statutory calculation for the setting of the Council Tax, there must be recorded in the minutes of the proceedings of that meeting the names of the persons who cast a vote for the decision or against the decision or who abstained from voting,
- (8) For the purposes of Rule 19 (7)
- a) "Budget Decision" means a meeting of the Council at which it:
 - makes a calculation (whether originally or by way of substitute) in accordance with any of sections 31A, 31B, 34 to 36A, 42A, 42B, 45 to 49, 52ZF, 52ZJ of the Local Government Finance Act 1992(b); or
 - (ii) issues a precept under Chapter 4 of the Part 1 of that Act;

and includes a meeting where making the calculation or issuing the precept as the case may be was included as an item of business on the agenda for that meeting.

20. Motion affecting persons employed by the Council

If a question arises at a meeting of the Council on the appointment, promotion, dismissal, salary, superannuation or conditions of service, or as to the conduct of any person employed by the Council, it shall not be considered until the Council has determined whether or not the public and press shall be excluded.

21. Members Conduct

Member not be heard

(1) If at a Council meeting any Member of the Council (in the opinion of the

Mayor) persistently disregards the ruling of the Mayor or behaves irregularly, improperly, offensively or obstructs the business of the Council, the Mayor or any other Member may move "That the Member named be not heard further on the item of business before the Council". If the motion is seconded it shall be determined without discussion.

Member to leave the meeting

(2) If the named Member continues his or her misconduct after a motion under paragraph (1) above has been carried, the Mayor shall either move "That the Member named do leave the meeting" (in which case the motion shall be put and determined without seconding or discussion), or adjourn the meeting for as long as he/she considers necessary.

General Disturbance

(3) In the event of general disturbance which in the opinion of the Mayor renders the despatch of business impossible, the Mayor may decide to adjourn the meeting of the Council for as long as he/she considers necessary.

Mayor's Power to Adjourn

(4) The provisions of this Rule do not limit the Mayor's power to adjourn the meeting at any time under Rule 16(1).

22. Disturbance by the Public

If members of the public interrupt the proceedings of any meeting, the Mayor shall warn them regarding their conduct. If they continue the interruption, the Mayor shall order their removal from the room. In case of general disturbance in any part of the room open to the public, the Mayor shall order that part to be cleared.

23. Previous Decisions and Motions

Motion to rescind a previous decision

(1) No motion to rescind any decision taken within the preceding six months, and no motion or amendment with the same effect as one which has been rejected within the preceding six months, shall be proposed unless notice has been given in accordance with Rule 14 and has been signed by at least 10 Members of the Council. When any such motion or amendment has been disposed of by the Council, no similar motion may be proposed within a further period of six months.

Motion similar to the one previously rejected - exceptions

(2) This Rule shall not apply to motions moved on a recommendation of Cabinet or a Committee, or to motions or amendments moved in accordance with Rule 19.

24. Voting

Show of Hands / Voting Equipment

(1) Voting at Council meetings shall be as directed by the Mayor, either by a show of hands or by use of the electronic voting equipment unless a Ballot is agreed under paragraph (4).

Casting Vote

(2) The Mayor, or in his/her absence the Deputy Mayor or the Chair at the time the vote is taken shall have a second or casting vote.

Recorded Vote

(3) Any Member of the Council may request that a recorded vote be taken on an item to record how each Member present at the meeting intended or decided to vote. This request for a recorded vote will only be acceptable if it is supported by at least five other Members and is made before the Mayor has announced the result of the vote.

Ballots

(4) The vote will take place by ballot at the request of any Member supported by at least five other Members. The Mayor/Chair will announce the numerical result of the ballot immediately the result is known.

Right to require individual votes to be recorded

(5) At any meeting of the Council a Member may require that his or her decision in voting for or against or abstaining on an item on the Agenda be recorded in the Minutes of the meeting. This will be effective only if it is proposed by the Member before the Mayor has announced the result of the vote.

Voting on Appointments (including Mayor and Leader)

(6) If there are more than two persons nominated for any appointment to be filled by the Council (including the election of the Mayor and the Leader) and there is no overall majority vote in favour of one person, the following procedure will apply. The name of the person who has received the least number of votes will be struck off the list of nominations and a fresh vote will be taken. This procedure will continue until a majority vote is given in support of one of the persons nominated.

25. Failure to Attend Meetings

(1) In accordance with the Local Government Act 1972, if a Councillor attends no meetings of the Authority for six months the Chief Executive will tell the Council (unless the Member has been granted leave of absence by the Council). The Council will consider whether the absence was caused by some reason approved by them. If they are not satisfied about the cause of the failure, the Member will cease to be a Member of the Council.

- (2) For the purpose of this Rule a meeting of the Authority shall include:-
 - * the Council, Cabinet or any Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel; or
 - * any Joint Committee or Joint Board which has Council functions delegated to it;
 - * any other body at which the Member represents the Council.

26. Interests of Members which are not Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

- (1) Any Member who has an interest which is not a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest as described in paragraph 5 of the Council's Code of Conduct in any matter shall comply with the requirements of that Code in respect of that interest ("Other Interest").
- (2) A Member of the Council may declare in a register kept by the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning his/her membership of any organisation which requires details of its aims, duties or membership to be kept secret. This register will be open to public inspection during office hours.

27. Interpretation of these Rules

The ruling of the Mayor, after consultation with the Chief Executive, as to the construction or application of any of these Rules, or as to any proceedings of the Council shall be final.

(B) Members and Officers Etc

28. Leaders and Business Managers

- (1) Members of the Council may be chosen by each of the political groups on the Council to act as the Leaders, Deputy Leaders and Business Managers of those groups.
- (2) The names of the Leader, Deputy Leader and Business Manager appointed by a political group represented on the Council shall be notified to the Chief Executive. The powers of a Leader shall also be exercisable by the Deputy Leader in the absence of the Leader.

29. Inspection of Documents

(1) A Member of the Council may, for the purposes of his/her duty as a Councillor, on application to the Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning, inspect any document which has been considered by the following subject to the provisions of the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985 and the Local Government Act 2000 being met in relation to items determined as exempt information:

Council a Committee a Sub-Committee a Panel For the same purposes a Member may also request that he or she be supplied with a copy of the document. This will be provided if it is practicable.

- (2) Members should not inspect or request a copy of any document relating to a matter in which they have an interest, either a disclosable pecuniary interest or an other interest, as defined in the Council's Code of Conduct. The Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning may decline an application from a Member to inspect a document which would be protected by privilege arising from the relationship of solicitor and client in the event of legal proceedings.
- (3) Copies of all reports and minutes associated with the following meetings shall be kept by the Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985 and the Local Government Act 2000.

Council a Committee a Sub-Committee a Panel

These shall be open to inspection by any Member of the Council during office hours subject to the provisions of those Acts being met in relation to items determined as exempt information.

- (4) The Chief Executive or any Officer of the Council may decline a Member's request to inspect a document, if it contains confidential information. The only exceptions to this rule will be if the Member has a legal right to inspect a document or has obtained the consent of the Cabinet (for matters within its remit) or the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (for all other matters).
- (5) All requests to inspect documents will be dealt with in accordance with the Council's Access to Information Procedure Rules. Rights in respect of documents under the control of the Cabinet are set out in Rules 26 and 27 of the rules.

30. Orders Regarding Works; Inspection of Lands, Premises, etc.

A Member of the Council shall not issue any order regarding any works which are being carried out by or on behalf of the Council. In addition he or she shall not claim, by virtue of being a Member of the Council, any right to inspect or to enter upon any land or premises which the Council has the power or duty to inspect or enter.

31. Representation of the Council on Other Bodies

If any Member of the Council is nominated or appointed by or on behalf of the Council to serve as a Member of another body, the appointment shall stand until the next Annual Meeting of the Council or until the first meeting thereafter of the Cabinet or Committee making the nomination or appointment unless:

(a) the constitution of the other body makes different provisions

- (b) the Council (or the Cabinet, in the case of nominations made by it) at any other time resolves otherwise
- (c) the Member resigns from the outside body by the method required by the body or, if none, by notifying in writing to the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning.

32. Interest of Officers in Contracts

The Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning shall keep a register to record the details of any Officer of the Council who has given notice of a pecuniary interest in a contract as described by Section 117 of the Local Government Act 1972. This register shall be open to inspection by any Member of the Council during office hours.

33. Third Party Recording¹ of Committees, Boards and Panels

- (1) The Council wants to be open and transparent in the way in which it conducts its decision-making.
- (2) Recording is allowed at all meetings of the authority² to enable those not present to see or hear the proceedings either as they take place (or later) and to enable the reporting of those proceedings.
- (3) Filming or other recording of all meetings of the authority, whilst those meetings are to the public, is permitted^{3 4}.
- (4) Those wishing to record proceedings should, as a courtesy, inform the chair (or clerk) of the meeting of their intentions to record prior to the commencement of the meeting.
- (5) Recordings may only be taken overtly from the area designated for the public and;
 - a. Recording devices must be in silent mode;
 - b. No flash or additional lighting is permitted;
 - c. Recordings must be taken from one fixed position and must not obstruct others from observing proceedings.
- (6) The Chair of a meeting has the authority to instruct that recordings be stopped where⁵:
 - a. The press and public have been excluded from the meeting due to the nature of (exempt or confidential) business being discussed;
 - b. There is public disturbance or a suspension/ adjournment of a meeting;

³ In accordance with any regulations relating to such matters.

¹ This includes both video and audio recording.

² Including full Council, committees (boards and panels) established by full Council.

⁴ All agendas will indicate that records may be made at the meeting by third parties; signage will also be displayed indicating this.

⁵ In all cases recording equipment must be switched off.

- c. The recording has become disruptive or distracting to the good order and conduct of the meeting;
- d. Continued recording is against the wishes of an individual⁶.

34. Confidentiality of Meetings and Recording of Proceedings

- (1) The Council's meetings will be held in public unless the Access to Information Procedure Rules permit the public to be excluded. Those Rules also deal with public access to documents.
- (2) Any person attending a meeting may take written notes of the proceedings.
- (3) A Member or employee of the Council shall not disclose to any person any document or any matter contained in any document which is marked "Confidential" or "not for publication" except with the permission of the Council, Cabinet, Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel which considered the item, or if the person concerned has a legal right to inspect the document.

(C) Relating To Committees, Sub-Committees, Panels Etc

35. Appointment of Committees, Sub-Committees and Panels

- (1) The Council at its Annual Meeting will establish those Committees which are required by law and such other Committees as are deemed necessary to carry out the work of the Council during the municipal year. The Council may at any other time establish new Committees, which are considered necessary to carry out the work of the Council.
- (2) The Council subject to any statutory provision:-
 - (i) shall not appoint any Member of a Committee so as to hold office later than the next Annual Meeting of the Council;
 - (ii) may at any time dissolve a Committee or alter its membership.
 - (iii) shall not appoint the Leader, the Deputy Leader of the Council or any Members of the Cabinet as members of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee or its Panels;
 - (iv) shall require the post holders of Scrutiny Lead Panel Members Children (including those who attend Children Homes Regulations 44 visits) and Adoption Panel Members to undertake an Enhanced DBS check in accordance with the DBS policy. The Monitoring Officer may require other members to undertake an enhanced DBS check at her discretion where such checks are justified.

Appointment of Sub-Committees, Panels etc.

(3) At the first meeting of a Committee in the municipal year, it shall establish such Sub-Committees or Panels as are considered necessary. Committees subject to any statutory provision,

⁶ Where members of the public raise an objection to being recorded, then those individuals will not be filmed. However continued audio recording will be permitted where the contributions are material to the resolutions to be made.

- (i) shall not appoint any Member of a Sub-Committee or Panel so as to hold office later than the next Annual Meeting of the Council.
- (ii) may at any time dissolve a Sub-Committee or Panel or alter its membership, and
- (iii) may delegate to any such Sub-Committee or Panel any power or duty delegated to the Committee by the Council.
- (4) A Committee may establish other Sub-Committees or Panels at any time in the municipal year.

Membership of Committees, Sub-Committees, Panels etc.

(5) The Members on each Committee, or Sub-Committee or Panel shall (so far as legally required)be selected by each of the Political Groups represented on the Council, on the basis of their proportional representation at the date that the Committee, or Sub-Committee, or Panel is appointed.

Proportional Representation of Political Groups not to apply

(6) The Council may determine that proportional representation shall not apply to any Committee, and any Committee may make a similar determination with respect to any of its Sub-Committees or Panels subject to compliance with the requirements of Section 17 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.

Substitute Members

(7) At the Annual Meeting of the Council a panel of substitute Members will be established, to be available to replace Members of Committees, and Sub-Committees, (except the Health and Well-being Board, the Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee, the Overview and Scrutiny Panels, District Committees, Employee Relations Sub Committee, the Standards Committee and the Standards Sub-Committee) at each meeting during the municipal year as and when required. The names of those Members included on the panel of substitutes will be placed on every notice for a relevant Committee, or Sub-Committee meeting.

Changes to the Substitute Panel and Members of a Committee, Sub-Committee and Panel

- (8) The Business Manager to each Group shall provide the Service Director -Legal, Governance and Commissioning within six clear working days of notice of
 - (i) any change(s) to the names of those Members included on the panel of substitutes approved by the Annual Council Meeting; and
 - (ii) any change(s) to the membership of a Committee or Sub-Committee, which do not involve a member of that substitutes panel.

Notice of Substitutes cannot be revoked

(9) After notice of a substitution has been given for a Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel meeting it cannot be revoked. Once a Committee or Sub-Committee, or Panel has begun the Member who has been substituted will only be entitled to attend the meeting as an observer. If a Committee or Sub-Committee or Panel meeting is adjourned the change(s) in membership will stand for the purpose of the reconvened meeting.

Membership of a Sub-Committee or Panel to include persons who are not Members of the parent Committee

- (10) The membership of a Sub-Committee or Panel may include persons who are not Members of the Committee by which the Sub-Committee or Panel was appointed.
- (11) Except in cases required by law or permitted by law and agreed by the appointing body, no co-opted member of any Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel shall be entitled to vote on any matter considered by it.

36. Observer Attendance by Councillors at Committees, Sub-Committees or Panels

- (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) below a Councillor who is not a Member of a Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel may attend any meeting as an observer. That Councillor shall have the same speaking rights as any Member of that Committee Sub-Committee or Panel. The Councillor cannot:-
 - (a) attend for any item of business in which he or she has a disclosable pecuniary interest as defined in the Council's Code of Conduct for Members and Co-optees ("the Code") unless an appropriate dispensation has been granted by the Council's Monitoring Officer.
 - (b) attend for any item of business on the Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel agenda which personally relates to them as a Councillor or otherwise.
 - (c) remain in a meeting of the Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel after receiving advice from the Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning that he or she should be excluded from the meeting.
 - (d) remain with a Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel which is exercising a quasi- judicial or administrative function when it is considering its decision.
- (2) Any Member attending a meeting of a Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel shall under the Agenda Item of "Membership of Committees, Sub-Committees etc." identify themselves as an observer.
- (3) Councillors who attend a Planning Committee or Sub-Committee but who:
 (a) Are not members of that Planning Committee or Sub-Committee; or

(b) Are members of that Planning Committee or Sub-Committee but who have indicated that they will not be voting on an application because, for example, they believe that they may have predetermined it or wish to make representations rather than participate in the determination of the application, shall be entitled to speak once for a maximum of five minutes.

37. Attendance by Members of the Public - Permission to Speak

Any member of the public attending a Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel (or any other meeting open to the public) may, with the permission of the Mayor/Chair, speak on any item of business to be transacted at that meeting. This speaking right shall not apply to persons who have presented a deputation on the same subject matter at the same meeting. That person shall not be permitted to remain in the meeting when consideration is being given to confidential or exempt information.

38. Appointment of Chairs and Deputy Chairs of Committees and Sub-Committees/Panels, Lead Members of Scrutiny Panels and Appointments to Outside Bodies, etc.

- (1) At the Annual Meeting of the Council, the Council will -
 - appoint the Chairs and if considered appropriate the Deputy Chairs of Committees. In default of such appointments by the Council, every Committee, shall be empowered to make the appointment subject to confirmation by the Council;
 - (ii) appoint the Lead Members of the Standing Overview and Scrutiny Panels;
 - (iii) appoint the Members of Outside Bodies, except where membership is appointable by the Cabinet or a Committee, and
 - (iv) agree the dates of meetings of Committees, Sub-Committees, and Panels for the Municipal Year. The alteration of a date may be determined by the respective Chair in consultation with the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning provided that 7 days' notice of the revised date can be given.
- (2) The Council may at any other time appoint the Chairs (and if considered appropriate the Deputy Chairs of Committees) and the Lead Members of Scrutiny Panels, for the remainder of the Municipal Year.
- (3) At the first meeting of each Committee in the Municipal Year the Chair and if considered appropriate Deputy Chair of its Sub-Committees or Panels shall be appointed for that year.
- (4) Any Committee shall when appointing a Sub-Committee, or Panel under Rule 35(4), also appoint a Chair and if considered necessary a Deputy Chair.
- (5) In the absence of the Chair and Deputy Chair or Lead Member of the Scrutiny Panel (where appropriate) from a meeting, a Chair shall be chosen for the duration of that particular meeting or until the official Chair, Deputy or

Lead Member (as recognised by Council) arrives. The Chair, Deputy Chair or Lead Member (as appropriate) will then assume the Chair when the item under discussion at the time of his or her arrival has been dealt with.

- (6) The Chair and Deputy Chair of every Committee, Sub-Committee/ Panel and the Lead Member of each Scrutiny Panel shall be a Member of the Council and a Member of the Committee/ Sub-Committee/ Panel which they are appointed to Chair.
- (7) A Member of a Committee, Sub-Committee, or Panel may resign membership and the Chair or Deputy Chair of a Committee, Sub-Committee/Panel/ Sub-Group or the Lead Member of a Scrutiny Panel, may resign office by giving notice in writing to the Chief Executive. Any such resignation shall take effect on the date of receipt of the notice.
- (8) The removal from office of the Chair or Deputy Chair of a Committee may only be agreed by the Council on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee. The removal from office of the Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee or any Lead Member of a Scrutiny Panel may only be agreed by Council on the recommendation of that Committee. Only the Committee which appointed a Sub-Committee or Panel may remove the Chair or Deputy Chair of that Sub-Committee or Panel from office.
- (9) No Member of the Cabinet may be appointed as Chair of Appeals Panel, Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, Licensing and Safety Committee, a Planning Area Sub-Committee, Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee (or as the Chair of Health Scrutiny Panel), or Standards Committee.

39. Quorum of Committees, Management Boards, Sub-Committees and Panels

- (1) Except where ordered by the Council, or authorised by statute, business shall not be transacted at a meeting of any Committee, unless at least one third of the number of the body are present, rounded up to the next whole number if one third is not a whole number.
- (2) Except where ordered by the Council, or authorised by statute or by the Committee which has appointed it, business shall not be transacted at a meeting of any Sub-Committee or Panel unless at least one third of the number of the Sub-Committee or Panel are present, rounded up to the next whole number if one third is not a whole number.
- (3) If the Chair declares there is not a quorum present then the meeting will adjourn immediately. Remaining business will be considered at a date and time fixed by the Chair. If no such date is fixed the business will be considered at the next meeting.
- (4) Where a Committee or Sub-Committee sits to consider an appeal, only those Members who are eligible to attend shall count for the purpose of a quorum.
- (5) No quorum may be less than two Members.

- (6) Committees, Sub-Committees and Panels shall be entitled to meet and transact business prior to the appointment of Co-opted Members.
- (7) Co-opted Members of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel shall only be counted for the purposes of a quorum at a meeting, if the Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel has no delegated powers and can only make recommendations.

40. Meetings of Committees, Sub-Committees and Panels and Agenda Papers

- (1) Every scheduled meeting of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel shall be summoned by the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning through the issue of a notice for the meeting where practical at least 7 days prior to the meeting. The items of business for consideration at the meeting will be set out in the Agenda for the meeting. No additional items of business will be allowed unless the Chair for the meeting determines that they are urgent.
- (2) The Leader of each Political Group (or in his/her absence the Deputy Leader of each Group) shall notify the Chief Executive, in writing, not less than 14 days before the date of the intended meeting to which the item should be submitted of any item(s) which he/she wishes to include on the Agenda of any Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel of the Council. The notification shall include such information as is necessary to enable the Chief Executive to determine whether the subject matter requires consideration by the Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel. The Chief Executive shall determine the appropriate body to which the item shall be referred and notify the Group Leader (Deputy Group Leader) of the date of that meeting which shall be the next available meeting. Any item which, in the opinion of the Chief Executive is out of order, illegal, irregular or improper shall not be accepted and the decision of the Chief Executive shall be final.
- (3) The Chair (or Deputy Chair) of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel with the approval of the Leader of the Council, may instruct the Service Director – Legal, Governance and Commissioning to call a meeting of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel at any time.
- (4) An additional meeting of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel can be summoned if the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning receives a request in writing from at least half of the Members of the Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel to do so. Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning in consultation with the Chair may also summon a special meeting upon any emergency. The summons for such meetings shall set out the business for the meeting and no other items of business will be considered.

41. Procedure Rules to apply to Committees, Sub-Committees and Panels

Procedure Rules9, 10, 11, 15 and 18 (except those parts which relate to speaking more than once) 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27 and 34 shall, with any necessary modifications, apply to meetings of Committees, Sub-Committees and Panels.

42. Voting in Committees, Sub-Committees or Panels

- (1) Voting at a meeting of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel shall be by a show of hands or by use of the electronic voting equipment, where appropriate. Alternatively the Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel may require the Service Director - Legal, Governance and Commissioning to take a vote by ballot on any motion or amendment which is put to the meeting.
- (2) The Chair at a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel meeting shall have a second or casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- (3) If there are more than two persons nominated for any appointment to be filled and there is no overall majority in favour of one person the following procedure will apply. The name of the person (or persons, if equal) who has received the least number of votes will be struck off the list of nominations and a fresh vote will be taken. This procedure will continue until a majority vote is given in support of one of the persons nominated.
- (4) At any meeting of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel (including joint bodies etc.) a Member may require that his or her decision in voting for or against a question (or his or her abstention from voting) be recorded in the Minutes of the meeting. Such a requirement must be proposed by the Member immediately after the vote is taken.
- (5) At any meeting of a Strategic Planning Committee or a Planning Sub-Committee a recorded vote of decisions on Planning Applications shall take place.

43. Working Parties, etc

- (1) Any Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel may establish a Working Party or Sub-Group (which may include Officers) to undertake a detailed study of any matter(s). A Working Party or Sub-Group shall not have delegated powers and shall not constitute a formal Sub-Committee.
- (2) The terms of reference for any Working Party or Sub-Group shall state their objectives and dates etc. for reporting on their findings.
- (3) The Chair (and Deputy Chair) of a Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel responsible for establishing a Working Party or Sub-Group if not appointed in their own right, shall be entitled to attend and speak at all meetings.

44. Reports to Council

- (1) The Chair may request the Service Director Legal, Governance and Commissioning to include in the report of a Committee, a reference to any particular matters which were considered in the meeting.
- (2) In accordance with the Agenda for the Council meeting.
 - (a) The Chair of a Committee, (or in their absence any other Member of the Committee) shall propose a motion to seek the Council's approval on

any matter expressly referred by the Committee, to Council for determination.

(b) The Mayor (or in his/her absence the Deputy Mayor or any other Member of the Council) shall propose a motion to seek the Council's approval to the receipt of any report of a meeting of Cabinet or any Committee.

45. Reports of Sub-Committees and Panels

A report of the proceedings of a Sub-Committee or Panel meeting shall be presented to the next convenient meeting of the parent Committee or Cabinet.

(D) Miscellaneous

46. Variation and Revocation of Procedure Rules

- (1) Any motion to add to, vary or revoke these or any other Procedure Rules shall, when proposed and seconded, stand adjourned without discussion to the next ordinary meeting of the Council.
- (2) Paragraph (1) of this Rule shall not apply to any review of Procedure Rules proposed at the Annual Meeting of the Council or to a specific recommendation by the Cabinet or a Committee to the Council to add to, vary or revoke any Procedure Rules.

47. Suspension of Procedure Rules

- (1) At any meeting a motion may be moved to suspend the use of any of the preceding Procedure Rules for any item(s) of business included on the Agenda for that meeting. The Motion should specify the relevant Council Procedure Rule/s to be suspended.
- (2) A motion to suspend Procedure Rules shall not be moved without notice unless at least one half of the Members of the Council, Committee, Sub-Committee or Panel are present.

48. Standards of Conduct in Public when representing the Council

Members have an obligation when taking part in Council and Committee meetings etc, held in public to comply with the protocol on standards of conduct in public approved by the Standards Committee and incorporated in Part 5 of the Constitution.

49. Appointment of Leader or Mayor Other than at Annual Meetings of Council

(1) In the event that the Leader of the Council resigns part way through his or her term of office, or is incapacitated (to such an extent that they are no longer able to reasonably carry out their duties and responsibilities as Leader) or otherwise dies in office the Deputy Leader will act as Leader of the Council in accordance with Article 7 of the Council Constitution until such time as an election takes place and a new Leader of the Council is successfully elected. Such an election shall take place at the next possible meeting of Council or at an Extraordinary Meeting of Council convened for such a purpose.

(2) In the event that the Mayor resigns from office part way through his or her term of office or otherwise dies in office the Deputy Mayor shall act in his or her place for the remainder of the Mayors term of office.

50. Relevant Definitions

"Municipal Year" defines the period between each meeting of Annual Council, which normally take place during May.

"Group Leaders" is the term referring to the Leader of each political group which is represented on the Council.

"Key Discussion" is the description of format for a presentation followed by a discussion and debate which takes place over 60 minutes at ordinary meetings of the Council which are designated as Key Discussion meetings.

"Council Petitions Debate" is the description of part of the Council's Petition Scheme as referred to in CPR 9a, which provides that if a petition is validated to be containing 3000 signatures (or more) from different persons on a subject matter that is relevant to the powers and duties of Kirklees, a debate on the matter shall be scheduled at a meeting of Council.

51. Remote Meetings

- The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority and Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020 make provision for remote attendance at, and remote access to, council meetings held on or before 7 May 2021.
- (2) The regulations enable the council to hold meetings without all, or any, of the members being physically present in a room. This allows for remote meetings through electronic, digital, virtual locations, live webcast, live interactive streaming, video and telephone conferencing.
- (3) The 'place' at which the meeting is held may be a council building, or where the organiser of the meeting is located, or an electronic, digital or virtual location, a web address, or a conference call telephone number.
- (4) In order for members to be able to attend meetings of the council remotely, they need not be physically present, provided they are able to hear and be heard (and, where possible, see and be seen by) other councillors and members of the public attending remotely or in person.
- (5) The procedure rules in this constitution apply to remote meetings in the same way as they do for other meetings of the council except where they conflict, in which case this procedure rule takes precedence over other procedure rules in relation to the governance of remote meetings.

Process

- (6) The council facilitates remote attendance and access to its meetings through the medium of Microsoft Teams Live, which enables the following to take place:
 - (a) Contributions to be received from people using a wide variety of devices, not all of whom are on the council network;
 - (b) Being accessible to both participants and members of the public who are not taking an active role but just observing;
 - (c) Presentations and documents (maps, plans, etc) to be displayed and spoken to.
- (7) Before the meeting, any document to be referred to during the meeting should be shared with participants and published (where appropriate) in advance on the council's website, and those presenting should ensure that every page and slide is numbered, wherever possible.
- (8) All participants should refer separately to Part 5.11 of the Constitution, the Protocol for Online Meetings.
- (9) The Chair and the Officer of the Council assisting the meeting may:
 - (a) Pause (adjourn) the meeting by taking down the stream (live feed) from public viewing and then resuming it when needed.
 - (b) Mute someone speaking at any time.
 - (c) Mute everyone speaking except themselves at any time.
 - (d) Allocate different levels of access to people logging in
 - (e) Allow the committee to deliberate in private by using available technology to ensure only those members and officers can participate. The live stream can then be resumed when needed.

Questions by members of the public

(10) Only written questions from the public may be considered at remote meetings. Any questions should be submitted in accordance with the deadline as set out on the published agenda. The Leader or relevant Cabinet Member will provide an oral response to any questions received, or if they are not able to do so, a written response will be provided. A maximum of 4 written questions may be submitted per person.

Voting

(11) To undertake a vote at a remote meeting, the Chair, or an Officer of the Council supporting the meeting, will perform a roll-call of all Members present and ask them to state their voting intention (For, Against or Abstain). At the conclusion of the vote the Chair or Officer shall announce whether the motion has been passed or lost.

Access to information

(13) The requirement to ensure meetings are open to the public includes access by remote means, including video conferencing, live webcast

and live interactive streaming. Where a meeting is accessible to the public through such remote means, the meeting is open to the public whether or not members of the public are able to attend the meeting in person.

(14) Any requirements for the authority to ensure publication, posting or making available a document for inspection at offices of the council include publication on the council's website.

This page is intentionally left blank

Agenda Item 11



Name of meeting:	Corporate Governance and Audit Committee
	22 April 2021

Title of report: Informing the Audit Risk Assessment for Kirklees Metropolitan Council

Purpose of report

The report updates Members on the final accounts and audit processes for 2020/21.

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Not applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's</u> Forward Plan (key decisions and private reports)?	No
The Decision - Is it eligible for "call in" by Scrutiny?	No
Date signed off by Strategic Director & name	Not applicable
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance, IT and Transactional Services?	Eamonn Croston - 14/4/2021
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Governance and Commissioning Support?	Julie Muscroft - 14/4/2021
Cabinet member portfolio	Not applicable

Electoral <u>wards</u> affected: Not applicable Ward councillors consulted: Not applicable

Public or private: Public

GDPR: This report contains no information that falls within the scope of General Data Protection Regulations.

1. Summary

1.1 The Council's external auditor Grant Thornton (GT) has asked that council officers complete the attached 'Informing the audit risk assessment for Kirklees Council 2020/21' (Appendix A), which consists mainly of a schedule of issues entitled: "Question" (by GT) "Management Response" (by KMC officers) 1.2 These relate to the following topics:

General Enquiries of Management Internal Control Fraud Fraud Risk Assessment Laws and Regulations Impact of Laws and Regulations Litigation and Claims Related Parties with whom the council has or records transactions Accounting Estimates Accounting Estimates - General Enquiries of Management

- 1.3 They have also requested that the council officers complete the attached 'Accounting estimate management summary letter' (Appendix B). This covers the use of accounting estimates across key accounting areas including: Operational Land and Buildings valuation, Council Dwellings valuation, Investment Properties valuation and LGPS net liability valuation.
- 1.4 External Audit will use these assurance letters to support their overall opinion on the Audited Statement of Accounts and Annual Governance Statement which will be presented to this Committee for approval on 24 September 2021.
- 1.5 The auditors want this committee to affirm that they believe these assertions to be true (or have no reason to believe that they are untrue). The documents are attached.

2. Information required to take a decision

- 2.1 The Committee need to read the statements and assertions
- 2.2 If there are questions arising they can ask officers for an explanation.

3. Implications for the Council

- 3.1 Working with People N/A
- 3.2 Working with Partners N/A
- 3.3 Placed based working N/A
- 3.4 Climate Change & Air Quality N/A
- 3.5 Improving Outcomes for Children N/A
- 3.6 **Other (e.g. Legal/Financial or Human Resources)** These assertions related to the annual statement of accounts enable the appointed auditors to ensure that they are satisfied that the Council

funds are also properly accounted for, and the financial position presented by the accounts is reasonable, true and fair.

4. Consultees and their opinions

The responses were completed by the Service Director Finance, Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning, Head of Accountancy and Head of Risk & Internal Audit.

5. Next steps

The auditors will consider the responses and use this in providing their opinion on the Audited Statement of Accounts and Annual Governance Statement which will be presented to this Committee for approval on 24 September 2021.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

For Corporate Governance and Audit Committee to agree the risk assessment document, and for it to be formally submitted to Grant Thornton.

7. Cabinet portfolio holder's recommendations

Not applicable

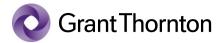
8. Contact officer

James Anderson Head of Accountancy

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions None

10. Service Directors responsible

Eamonn Croston 01484 221000 Julie Muscroft





Informing the audit risk assessment for Kirklees Council 2020/21



The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect your business or any weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.





Table of Contents

Section	Page
Purpose	4
General Enquiries of Management	6
Fraud	9
Fraud Risk Assessment	10
Laws and Regulations	15
Impact of Laws and Regulations	16
Related Parties	18
Accounting Estimates	20
Accounting Estimates - General Enquiries of Management	

Page 2008 2008 3 © 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP | Kirklees Council 2020/21



Purpose

The purpose of this report is to contribute towards the effective two-way communication between Kirklees Council's external auditors and Kirklees Council's Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, as 'those charged with governance'. The report covers some important areas of the auditor risk assessment where we are required to make inquiries of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee under auditing standards.

Background

Under International Standards on Auditing (UK), (ISA(UK)) auditors have specific responsibilities to communicate with the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee. ISA(UK) emphasise the importance of two-way communication between the auditor and the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and also specify matters that should be communicated.

This two-way communication assists both the auditor and the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee in understanding matters relating to the audit and developing a constructive working relationship. It also enables the auditor to obtain information relevant to the audit from the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee and supports the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee in fulfilling its responsibilities in relation to the financial reporting process.

Communication

As part of our risk assessment procedures we are required to obtain an understanding of management processes and the Authority's oversight of the following areas:

· General Enquiries of Management

© 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP | Kirklees Council 2020/21

• Fraud,

209

- Laws and Regulations,
- DRelated Parties, and م Accounting Estimates.

Orant Thornton

Purpose

This report includes a series of questions on each of these areas and the response we have received from Kirklees Council's management. The Corporate Governance and Audit Committee should consider whether these responses are consistent with its understanding and whether there are any further comments it wishes to make.



General Enquiries of Management

Question	Management response
1. What do you regard as the key events or issues that will have a significant impact on the financial statements for 2020/21?	COVID pandemic impact: continued estimation uncertainty e.g. asset valuations, reflected in 'material valuation uncertainty' disclosures in the SoA notes. High Needs budgetary pressures, Minimum Revenue Provision in-year 'unwind', long-term net pension liability and asset valuations.
2. Have you considered the appropriateness of the accounting policies adopted by Kirklees Council? Have there been any events or transactions that may cause you to change or adopt new accounting policies?	Accounting Policies are reviewed annually for continuing appropriateness. Updates are made as necessary to bring in to line with Code requirements.
3. Is there any use of financial instruments, including derivatives?	No complex financial instruments are used. See Stat Accounts disclosures
4. Are you aware of any significant transaction outside the normal course of business?	No
C C	O Grant Thornton

General Enquiries of Management

Question	Management response
5. Are you aware of any changes in circumstances that would lead to impairment of non-current assets?	No.
6. Are you aware of any guarantee contracts?	See Contingent Liabilities working papers
7. Are you aware of the existence of loss contingencies and/or un-asserted claims that may affect the financial statements?	No.
8. Other than in house solicitors, can you provide details of those solicitors utilised by Kirklees Council during the year. Please indicate where they are working on open litigation or contingencies from prior years?	The WYLAW and EMLawshare panels of local authority solicitors and a panel of insurance specialist lawyers chosen by or in agreement with our insurers



General Enquiries of Management

Question	Management response
9. Have any of Kirklees Council's service providers reported any items of fraud, non-compliance with laws and regulations or uncorrected misstatements which would affect the financial statements?	Νο
10. Can you provide details of other advisors consulted during the year and the issue on which they were consulted?	Treasury Management (Arling Close) and Tax advice (PWC for VAT).





Matters in relation to fraud

ISA (UK) 240 covers auditors responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements.

The primary responsibility to prevent and detect fraud rests with both the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee Management, with the oversight of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, needs to ensure a strong emphasis on fraud prevention and deterrence and encourage a culture of honest and ethical behaviour. As part of its oversight, the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee should consider the potential for override of controls and inappropriate influence over the financial reporting process.

As Kirklees Council's external auditor, we are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error. We are required to maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit, considering the potential for management override of controls.

As part of our audit risk assessment procedures we are required to consider risks of fraud. This includes considering the arrangements management has put in place with regard to fraud risks including:

- · assessment that the financial statements could be materially misstated due to fraud,
- process for identifying and responding to risks of fraud, including any identified specific risks,
- communication with the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee regarding its processes for identifying and responding to risks of fraud, and
- mmunication to employees regarding business practices and ethical behaviour.

We need to understand how the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee oversees the above processes. We are also required to make in miries of both management and the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee as to their knowledge of any actual, suspected or all ged fraud. These areas have been set out in the fraud risk assessment questions below together with responses from Kirklees Council's magaement.



Question	Management response
1. Have Kirklees Council assessed the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements due to fraud?	There are limited areas where accounting judgements and estimates are used. These areas are identified and reviewed in conjunction with the external auditor, to mitigate the risk.
How has the process of identifying and responding to the risk of fraud been undertaken and what are the results of this process?	The council has a routine internal audit plan designed to provide assurance a part of which is assessment of fraud risk. IA investigate internal and supplier fraud. There is a fraud team that investigates customer fraud. Activity during 20/21 has been restricted somewhat by coronavirus restrictions and a limited audit plan has concentrated on providing core assurance. Fraud resources have been deployed significantly but not exclusively on business rate grant fraud, and some tenancy matters
How do the Authority's risk management processes link to financial reporting?	Risk management processes identify and look to mitigate risk. Corporate risk matrices are created by senior managers, approved by Cabinet and council and linked into the budget making process at Annual Council. In year activity risk monitoring is undertaken by executive team and Cabinet(LMT), alongside discussion of performance and budget monitoring. This also operated in a somewhat modified form in 20/21.
2. What have you determined to be the classes of accounts, transactions and disclosures most at risk to fraud? Page 215	Treasury management –borrowing; (high risk high control) Customer fraud Cash fraud Mandate fraud (payment fraud subset) Tenancy fraud Covid related grant and rebate fraud

Question	Management response
3. Are you aware of any instances of actual, suspected or alleged fraud, errors or other irregularities either within Kirklees Council as a whole or within specific departments since 1 April 2020? As a management team, how do you communicate risk issues (including fraud) to those charged with governance?	Issues would be investigated by IA and reported to CGAC if seen as "routine". A very significant fraud would be reported through senior management, Cabinet and Council on an urgent as appropriate basis. There were widespread suspicions of fraud on business rate based national grant schemes, mainly detected and not paid. There are others under suspicion, 1 set of cases being investigated formally with a view to prosecution
4. Have you identified any specific fraud risks?Do you have any concerns there are areas that are at risk of fraud?Are there particular locations within Kirklees Council where fraud is more likely to occur?	See above
5. What processes do Kirklees Council have in place to identify and respond to risks of fraud?	The council has a routine internal audit plan designed to provide assurance a part of which is assessment of fraud risk. IA investigate internal and supplier fraud. There is a fraud team that investigates customer fraud.
Page 2	



Question	Management response
 6. How do you assess the overall control environment for Kirklees Council, including: the existence of internal controls, including segregation of duties; and the process for reviewing the effectiveness the system of internal control? If internal controls are not in place or not effective where are the risk areas and what mitigating actions have been taken? What other controls are in place to help prevent, deter or detect fraud? 	The Council has an internal audit function that reports to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (CGAC), & to management, which operates in compliance with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards(PSIAS). There is an agreed, risk based audit plan, which is reported on quarterly and is subject on an annual opinion. Although there were some qualifications, the 2019/20 IA opinion was that internal control arrangements are sound. CGAC also received information on audit work in the subsidiary organization, Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Itd, (KNH) in year, which is carried out as a part of the councils overall assessment of assurance and internal audit. The annual governance statement & quarterly review of the action plan are reported through CGACIt is intended that a similar reporting will take place in April or May 2021 in relation to the financial year 20/21. It is envisaged that an unqualified internal audit opinion will be issued, but noting the constraints under which the operations of the council and its audit function have been operating during the year.
Are there any areas where there is a potential for override of controls or inappropriate influence over the financial reporting process (for example because of undue pressure to achieve financial targets)?	The council has a routine internal audit plan designed to provide assurance a part of which is assessment of fraud risk. IA investigate internal and supplier fraud. There is a fraud team that investigates customer fraud. This risk of override of controls is deemed minimal. Senior Management are not incentivised based on financial performance. Also senior management (the Executive Team) do not have direct access to input (journal) on to the financial ledger. There is also a strong culture of honesty and integrity.
Are there any areas where there is potential for misreporting?	See answer above (Q2), but the risk of material misstatements is deemed small.



Question	Management response
 8. How do Kirklees Council communicate and encourage ethical behaviours and business processes of it's staff and contractors? How do you encourage staff to report their concerns about fraud? What concerns are staff expected to report about fraud? Have any significant issues been reported? 	The Council's employee handbook sets out expectation on staff conduct and ethical behaviour (issued to all new staff on the council intranet). KNH have the same or similar processes. There is a whistleblowing arrangements that are (reasonably well) publicised and used. There are procedures intended to detect inappropriate actions, such as money laundering and terrorism (as required by legislation). Contractual documents, tenders etc, recognise the importance of fraud mitigation and control, and procurement staff have specific training regarding this matter. Whistleblowing Procedures. (Records are available for inspection). Customer complaints processes. Whistleblowing, subject to triage, assessment, investigation and reporting back. Annual reporting of whistleblowing is reported to CGAC.
 9. From a fraud and corruption perspective, what are considered to be high-risk posts? How are the risks relating to these posts identified, sessed and managed? C ND. Are you aware of any related party relationships transactions that could give rise to instances of and? 	Treasury management –borrowing; (high risk high control) Customer fraud Any roles handling cash Supplier payment: Mandate fraud (payment fraud subset) Tenancy fraud Emergency government grant schemes (with poor statutory obligatory rules) Related parties are recognised and assessments made. The nature of the related parties should not create any unusual risk of fraud as related party transactions are generally performed in accordance with normal council procedures.
How do you mitigate the risks associated with fraud	

Question	Management response
11. What arrangements are in place to report fraud issues and risks to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee? How does the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee exercise oversight over management's processes for identifying and responding to risks of fraud and breaches of internal control? What has been the outcome of these arrangements so far this year?	Reported as a matter of routine to CGAC (and in other government return). See earlier responses.
12. Are you aware of any whistle blowing potential or complaints by potential whistle blowers? If so, what has been your response?	All Whistleblowing or those of the nature of WB are investigated, including those that are anonymous.
13. Have any reports been made under the Bribery Act?	No
Page	
210	

14 © 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP | Kirklees Council 2020/21



Law and regulations

Issue

Matters in relation to laws and regulations

ISA (UK) 250 requires us to consider the impact of laws and regulations in an audit of the financial statements.

Management, with the oversight of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee, is responsible for ensuring that Kirklees Council's operations are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations including those that determine amounts in the financial statements.

As auditor, we are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error, taking into account the appropriate legal and regulatory framework. As part of our risk assessment procedures we are required to make inquiries of management and the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee as to whether the entity is in compliance with laws and regulations. Where we become aware of information of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance we need to gain an understanding of the non-compliance and the possible effect on the financial statements.

Risk assessment questions have been set out below together with responses from management.





Impact of laws and regulations

Question	Management response
1. How does management gain assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with?	The Monitoring Officer (Director of Legal, Governance and Commissioning) and the Head of Legal services have procedures in place to monitor statutory compliance on all obligations, proposals and initiatives.
What arrangements does Kirklees Council have in place to prevent and detect non-compliance with laws and regulations? Are you aware of any changes to the Authority's regulatory environment that may have a significant impact on the Authority's financial statements?	The Monitoring Officer and colleagues in Legal Services and Insurance provide updates on ongoing and potential litigation and claims
2. How is the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee provided with assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with?	By reporting from the above to the Council, Cabinet and Executive Team.
3. Have there been any instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulation since 1 April 2020 with an on-going impact on the 2020/21 financial statements?	Yes, relating to non-compliance with FPRs; laws and regulations; and cases of fraud. These have been reported to Council/Cabinet/Executive Team/CGAC as appropriate.
4. Is there any actual or potential litigation or claims that would affect the financial statements?	No items that would materially affect the 20-21 accounts.
Page	
221	



Impact of laws and regulations

Question	Management response
5. What arrangements does Kirklees Council have in place to identify, evaluate and account for litigation or claims?	The Monitoring Officer and colleagues in Legal Services and Insurance provide updates on ongoing and potential litigation and claims.
6. Have there been any report from other regulatory bodies, such as HM Revenues and Customs which indicate non-compliance?	No



Related Parties

Issue

Matters in relation to Related Parties

Kirklees Council are required to disclose transactions with entities/individuals that would be classed as related parties. These may include:

- entities that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by Kirklees Council;
- associates;
- joint ventures;
- an entity that has an interest in the authority that gives it significant influence over the Authority;
- key management personnel, and close members of the family of key management personnel, and
- post-employment benefit plans (pension fund) for the benefit of employees of the Authority, or of any entity that is a related party of the Authority.

A disclosure is required if a transaction (or series of transactions) is material on either side, i.e. if a transaction is immaterial from the Authority's perspective but material from a related party viewpoint then the Authority must disclose it.

ISA (UK) 550 requires us to review your procedures for identifying related party transactions and obtain an understanding of the controls that you have established to identify such transactions. We will also carry out testing to ensure the related party transaction disclosures you make in the financial statements are complete and accurate.



Related Parties

Question	Management response
 Have there been any changes in the related parties including those disclosed in Kirklees Council's 2019/20 financial statements? If so please summarise: the nature of the relationship between these related parties and Kirklees Council whether Kirklees Council has entered into or plans to enter into any transactions with these related parties the type and purpose of these transactions 	See 2019-20 Financial Statements. Work to re-confirm related parties and transactions to support disclosures in the 20-21 Financial Statements is in progress.
2. What controls does Kirklees Council have in place to identify, account for and disclose related party transactions and relationships?	Forms to disclose Directorships. Letters to all councillors (or emails as appropriate) to remind them annually to update interests.
3. What controls are in place to authorise and approve significant transactions and arrangements with related parties?	As there are limited real associated parties- these controls arise through the normal course of business (KNH), and by normal decision making- eg through Cabinet – in all other cases (eg KSDL)
What controls are in place to authorise and pprove significant transactions outside of the ormal course of business?	The Council does not undertake transactions outside of the normal course of business,. At the start of the coronavirus crisis, some decisions on emergency actions were taken by the chief executive under delegated powers, all of which were subsequently ratified through the normal governance processes. Since summer 2020, few decisions have been taken on this emergency basis, and as far as is practicable all decisions are being taken through normal governance powers (including delegated officer decision making)

Accounting estimates

Issue

Matters in relation to Related Accounting estimates

ISA (UK) 540 (Revised December 2018) requires auditors to understand and assess an entity's internal controls over accounting estimates, including:

- The nature and extent of oversight and governance over management's financial reporting process relevant to accounting estimates;
- · How management identifies the need for and applies specialised skills or knowledge related to accounting estimates;
- · How the entity's risk management process identifies and addresses risks relating to accounting estimates;
- · The entity's information system as it relates to accounting estimates;
- · The entity's control activities in relation to accounting estimates; and
- · How management reviews the outcomes of previous accounting estimates.

As part of this process auditors also need to obtain an understanding of the role of those charged with governance, which is particularly important where the estimates have high estimation uncertainty, or require significant judgement.

Specifically do Corporate Governance and Audit Committee members:

• Understand the characteristics of the methods and models used to make the accounting estimates and the risks related to them;

Oversee management's process for making accounting estimates, including the use of models, and the monitoring activities undertaken by management; and

Evaluate how management made the accounting estimates?

We would ask the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee to satisfy itself that the arrangements for accounting estimates are adequate.



Accounting Estimates - General Enquiries of Management

Question	Management response
1. What are the classes of transactions, events and conditions, that are significant to the financial statements that give rise to the need for, or changes in, accounting estimate and related disclosures?	Valuation, depreciation and impairment of non-current assets (including PFI). Valuation of defined benefit net pension liability.
2. How does the Authority's risk management process identify and addresses risks relating to accounting estimates?	Annual risk assessment, identifying and addressing risks as part of closedown processes.
3. How do management identify the methods, assumptions or source data, and the need for changes in them, in relation to key accounting estimates?	Use of guidance materials: CIPFA Code of Practice, RICS.
4. How do management review the outcomes of previous accounting estimates?	Assessed as part of annual closedown procedures. Historic valuations assessed against subsequent sales proceeds as part of year-end assurance/valuation process.
Were any changes made to the estimation processes 2020/21 and, if so, what was the reason for these? Φ Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν Ν	None as yet.

Accounting Estimates - General Enquiries of Management

Question	Management response
6. How do management identify the need for and apply specialised skills or knowledge related to accounting estimates?	Technical experts utilised where appropriate eg use of in-house (or external if required) experts for land/property valuations.
7. How does the Authority determine what control activities are needed for significant accounting estimates, including the controls at any service providers or management experts?	In discussion internally within the finance function and externally with regional technical accountants groups and audit.
8. How do management monitor the operation of control activities related to accounting estimates, including the key controls at any service providers or management experts?	Management review the output and the underlying assumptions underpinning them, challenging any discrepancies.
 9. What is the nature and extent of oversight and governance over management's financial reporting process relevant to accounting estimates, including: - Management's process for making significant a accounting estimates - The methods and models used - The resultant accounting estimates included in the N financial statements. 	Accounting estimates are discussed at Corporate Governance & Audit Committee, as part of the approval of financial statements. External audit reports also provide a focus on the key areas (asset valuations and pensions liability). Financial Statements training sessions provided to members have also incorporated these areas.

Accounting Estimates - General Enquiries of Management

Question	Management response
10. Are management aware of transactions, events, conditions (or changes in these) that may give rise to recognition or disclosure of significant accounting estimates that require significant judgement?	No new items for 2020-21 Financial Statements. Ongoing issues re non-current asset valuations.
11. Are the management arrangements for the accounting estimates considered reasonable?	Accounting estimates are kept under review throughout the year by the central accountancy team and, formally reviewed each year by the Head of Accountancy and Service Director- Finance in preparation of the financial statements.
12. How is the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee provided with assurance that the arrangements for accounting estimates are adequate?	Covered as part of the external audit work and reporting.





© 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP

'Grant Thornton' refers to the brand under which the Grant Thornton member firms provide assurance, tax and advisory services to their clients and/or refers to one or more member firms, as the context requires. Grant Thornton UK LLP is a member firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd (GTIL). GTIL and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. GTIL and each member firm is a separate legal entity. Services are delivered by the member firms. GTIL and each member firms of , and do not obligate, one another and are not liable for one another's acts or omissions.

APPENDIX B

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

Operational Land and Buildings valuation estimate

Question	Management response		
1. Were any risks identified relating to the material accuracy of this accounting estimate for the financial year and, if so, how were these	There is a risk that valuations do not accurately reflect the market and the Statement of Accounts therefore do not give a true and fair view.		
risks addressed?	To mitigate this, valuations are carried out by external registered Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) valuers, in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Following this, the asset revaluations are critically reviewed by the Central Finance team with any significant variances from previous valuations or expectations, queried and discussed with the valuers.		
	The outbreak of Covid-19 has impacted on the global financial markets and market activity. A material valuation uncertainty was disclosed in the property valuer's report in 2019-2020.		
 How do management select, or design, the methods, used in respect of this accounting estimate, including the models used? 	 Other land and buildings including surplus assets are valued as part of a 3-year rolling programme at fair value or depreciated replacement cost. 		
Were any changes made to these methods or models in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	 Community assets, vehicles, plant and equipment, infrastructure and assets under construction are valued at depreciated historical cost. 		
	 Intangibles are valued at amortised cost 		
	 The Council monitors the value of assets that have been revalued over the last 3 years, to ensure all assets have been revalued within this 3-year timeframe. 		
	• Valuers undertake an impairment review to ensure assets no valued haven't materially changed in value and that assets which have been valued, haven't changed in value between the date they were valued (usually December) and year end (31 March).		
	 No changes are anticipated to these methods or models in 2020-2021 		
3. How do management select the assumptions used in respect of this accounting estimate? Were any changes made to these assumptions in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the	Assumptions are selected by the valuer in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Management review these assumptions and challenge where necessary.		
change?	No changes are anticipated in 2020-2021.		
4. How do management select the source data used in respect of this accounting estimate?Were any changes made to this source data in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the	The list of assets to value come from the rolling programme from the Asset Register system (Logotech).These are then reviewed by the interval valuer from the disposals and acquisitions team.		
change?	Relevant plans are extracted from the Kompass system along with site areas and information from the asset management system K2.		
	No changes were made to the source data in 2020-2021		
5. Were any specialised skills or knowledge used in respect of this accounting estimates, and if so how were these specialist skills procured?	The valuer advises on the accounting estimates used in the valuations. The valuer is sourced through a tender process.		

6. How do management monitor the operation of control activities in relation to this accounting estimates, including the control activities at any service providers or management experts?	As detailed in Q1, the asset revaluations are critically reviewed by the Central Finance team with any significant variances from previous valuations or expectations, queried and discussed with the valuers.		
7. In management's opinion, are their adequate controls in place over the calculation of this accounting estimate, including those at any service provider or management expert used, and if so how is the robustness of the key controls assessed?	Yes, valuations are carried out in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Central Finance review the revaluations and assumptions along with internal valuers who also undertake a more in-depth review. As the internal valuers are RICS registered valuers this extra scrutiny will help to ensure the robustness of figures included in the Statement of Accounts. Formal sign off by all parties.		
8. Were any changes made to the key control activities this year? If so please provide details.	No		
9. How do management consider the estimation uncertainty related to this accounting estimate and address this uncertainty when selecting the point estimate to use?	Management use the valuers professional opinion on the valuation of each asset and do not select a point estimate to calculate fluctuations in other land and buildings values. Management also monitor the impact of COVID-19 and in 2019-2020, the valuers alerted management to the fact that valuations had been reported on the basis of "material valuation uncertainty".		
10. How do management consider the sensitivity of the estimate to the methods and assumptions used and identify the range of reasonably possible outcomes for disclosure in the financial statements?	Central Finance review the revaluations and assumptions along with internal valuers who also undertake a more in-depth review. A range of possible outcomes is not considered as management use the valuers professional opinion on the factors used in the valuation.		

Council Dwellings valuation estimate

Question	Management response
1. Were any risks identified relating to the material accuracy of this accounting estimate for the financial year and, if so, how were these risks addressed 2	There is a risk that valuations do not accurately reflect the market and the Statement of Accounts therefore do not give a true and fair view.
risks addressed?	To mitigate this, valuations are carried out by external registered RICS valuers, in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Following this, the asset revaluations are critically reviewed by the Strategic Finance team with any significant variances from previous valuations or expectations, queried and discussed with the valuers.
	The outbreak of Covid-19 has impacted global financial markets and market activity has been impacted. A material valuation uncertainty was disclosed in the property valuer's report in 2019-2020.
2. How do management select, or design, the methods, used in respect of this accounting estimate, including the models used?	Dwellings undergo a full valuation every 5 years including site visits by a qualified registered RICS valuer.
Were any changes made to these methods or models in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	In terms of method, a beacon valuation approach is used. The dwellings are divided into asset groups (a collection of property with common characteristics such as sheltered housing). Asset groups are further subdivided into archetype groups based on uniting characteristics material to their valuation, such as numbers of bedrooms. The archetype groups are valued on the beacon principle. A sample property, "the beacon" is selected, which is representative of the archetype group, and a detailed inspection carried out. The beacon property is valued on an existing use-social housing basis. This valuation is defined as the 'Beacon Valuation'.
	In between full valuations, the valuer uses comparables for that year whilst also taking into account knowledge of the market or specific information on individual assets.
	No changes are anticipated to these methods or models in 2020-2021.
3. How do management select the assumptions used in respect of this accounting estimate?	Assumptions used by the valuer are in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.
Were any changes made to these assumptions in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	No changes are anticipated in 2020-2021
4. How do management select the source data used in respect of this accounting estimate? Were any changes made to this source data in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the	The housing data file is a living file that is adjusted for sales and additions each valuation, changes are flagged to the valuers. The base stock figures are reconciled back to the stock figures in the annual accounts, and these in turn are reconciled back to the universal housing system.
change?	For non housing assets on the HRA valuation these are reconciled back to the central asset register for the HRA
	provided by central finance each year.
5. Were any specialised skills or knowledge used in respect of this accounting estimates, and if so how were these specialist skills procured?	The valuer advises on the accounting estimates used in the valuations.
	The valuer is sourced through a tender process
6. How do management monitor the operation of control activities in relation to this accounting estimates, including the control activities at any service providers or management experts?	As detailed in Q1, the asset revaluations are critically reviewed by the Strategic Finance team with any significant variances from previous valuations or expectations queried and discussed with the valuers.

7. In management's opinion, are their adequate controls in place over the calculation of this accounting estimate, including those at any service provider or management expert used, and if so how is the robustness of the key controls assessed?	Yes, valuations are carried out in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Central Finance review the revaluations and assumptions along with internal valuers who also undertake a more in-depth review. As the internal valuers are RICS registered valuers this extra scrutiny will help to ensure the robustness of figures included in the Statement of Accounts. Formal sign off by all parties.
8. Were any changes made to the key control activities this year? If so please provide details.	No
9. How do management consider the estimation uncertainty related to this accounting estimate and address this uncertainty when selecting the point estimate to use?	Management use the valuers professional opinion on the valuation of the Beacons and do not select a point estimate to calculate fluctuations in other land and buildings values. Management also monitor the impact of COVID-19 and in 2019-2020, the valuers alerted management to the fact that valuations had been reported on the basis of "material valuation uncertainty".
10. How do management consider the sensitivity of the estimate to the methods and assumptions used and identify the range of reasonably possible outcomes for disclosure in the financial statements?	Central Finance review the revaluations and assumptions along with internal valuers who also undertake a more in-depth review. A range of possible outcomes is not considered as management use the valuers professional opinion on the factors used in the valuation.

Investment Properties valuation estimate

Question	Management response
1. Were any risks identified relating to the material accuracy of this accounting estimate for the financial year and, if so, how were these	There is a risk that valuations do not accurately reflect the market and the Statement of Accounts therefore do not give a true and fair view.
risks addressed?	To mitigate this, valuations are carried out by external registered RICS valuers, in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Following this, the asset revaluations are critically reviewed by the Strategic Finance team with any significant variances from previous valuations or expectations queried and discussed with the valuers.
	The outbreak of Covid-19 has impacted on the global financial markets and market activity. A material valuation uncertainty was disclosed in the property valuer's report in 2019-2020.
2. How do management select, or design, the methods, used in respect of this accounting estimate, including the models used?	Investment properties (including shops) are valued annually at fair value or depreciated replacement cost by qualified valuers if the value is greater than £250k. Those below this are valued as part of the 3 yearly rolling programme.
Were any changes made to these methods or models in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	Valuers undertake an impairment review to ensure that assets which have been valued haven't changed in value between the date they were valued (usually January) and year end (31 March).
	No changes are anticipated to these methods or models in 2020-2021.
3. How do management select the assumptions used in respect of this accounting estimate?	Assumptions used by the valuer are in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.
Were any changes made to these assumptions in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	No changes are anticipated in 2020-2021
4. How do management select the source data used in respect of this accounting estimate?	The list of assets to value comes from the Asset Register system (Logotech)These are then reviewed by the interval valuer from the disposals and acquisitions team.
Were any changes made to this source data in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	Relevant plans are extracted from the Kompass system along with site areas and information from the asset management system K2.
5. Were any specialised skills or knowledge	No changes were made to the source data in 2020-2021. The valuer advises on the accounting estimates used in the valuations.
used in respect of this accounting estimates, and if so how were these specialist skills procured?	The valuer is sourced through a tender process.
6. How do management monitor the operation of control activities in relation to this accounting estimates, including the control activities at any service providers or management experts?	As detailed in Q1, the asset revaluations are critically reviewed by the Central Finance team with any significant variances from previous valuations or expectations, queried and discussed with the valuers
7. In management's opinion, are their adequate controls in place over the calculation of this accounting estimate, including those at any service provider or management expert used,	Yes, valuations are carried out in accordance with RICS guidance and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.
and if so how is the robustness of the key controls assessed?	Central Finance review the revaluations and assumptions along with internal valuers who also undertake a more in-depth review.
	As the internal valuers are RICS registered valuers this extra scrutiny will help to ensure the robustness of figures included in the Statement of Accounts. Formal sign off by all parties. Pag

6

8. Were any changes made to the key control activities this year? If so please provide details.	No
9. How do management consider the estimation uncertainty related to this accounting estimate and address this uncertainty when selecting the point estimate to use?	Management use the valuers professional opinion on the valuation of each asset and do not select a point estimate to calculate fluctuations in other land and buildings values. Management also monitor the impact of COVID-19 and in 2019-2020, the valuers alerted management to the fact that valuations had been reported on the basis of "material valuation uncertainty".
10. How do management consider the sensitivity of the estimate to the methods and assumptions used and identify the range of reasonably possible outcomes for disclosure in the financial statements?	Central Finance review the revaluations and assumptions along with internal valuers who also undertake a more in-depth review. A range of possible outcomes is not considered as management use the valuers professional opinion on the factors used in the valuation

7

LGPS net liability valuation estimate

Question	Management response		
1. Were any risks identified relating to the material accuracy of this accounting estimate for the financial year and, if so, how were these risks addressed?	There is a risk that the pension liability estimate is inaccurate and therefore the Financial Statements do not give a true and fair view.		
risks addressed?	The outbreak of Covid-19 has impacted on the global financial markets and market activity. A material valuation uncertainty was disclosed in the pension fund's property valuation report in 2019-2020.		
2. How do management select, or design, the methods, used in respect of this accounting estimate, including the models used?	The liability estimate is calculated by an actuarial expert, taking into account changes in retirement ages, mortality rates and discount rates.		
Were any changes made to these methods or models in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	No changes are anticipated to this method or model in 2020- 2021.		
3. How do management select the assumptions used in respect of this accounting estimate?	The actuary selects the assumptions and management reviews the reasonableness of these assumptions.		
Were any changes made to these assumptions in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	No changes are anticipated to this method or model in 2020- 2021.		
4. How do management select the source data used in respect of this accounting estimate?	The Pension Fund provides data on pension benefits and membership numbers, to enable the actuary to undertake their estimate.		
Were any changes made to this source data in 2020/21, and if so what was the reason for the change?	No changes are anticipated to this method or model in 2020- 2021.		
5. Were any specialised skills or knowledge used in respect of this accounting estimates, and if so how were these specialist skills procured?	An actuary advises on the accounting estimates. The actuary is procured through a tender exercise		
6. How do management monitor the operation of control activities in relation to this accounting estimates, including the control activities at any service providers or management experts?	Management review the assumptions and officers discuss these assumptions with the West Yorkshire Technical Accountants Group, compromising of five other authorities, to ensure a consistent view.		
7. In management's opinion, are their adequate controls in place over the calculation of this accounting estimate, including those at any service provider or management expert used, and if so how is the robustness of the key controls assessed?	Yes. As detailed in Q6, in addition to management reviewing the assumptions, officers discuss these assumptions with the West Yorkshire Technical Accountants Group compromising of five other authorities, to ensure a consistent view		
8. Were any changes made to the key control activities this year? If so please provide details.	No		
9. How do management consider the estimation uncertainty related to this accounting estimate and address this uncertainty when selecting the point estimate to use?	The outbreak of Covid-19 has impacted on the global financial markets and market activity. A material valuation uncertainty was disclosed in the pension fund's property valuation report in 2019-2020		
10. How do management consider the sensitivity of the estimate to the methods and assumptions used and identify the range of reasonably possible outcomes for disclosure in the financial statements?	The actuary provides sensitivity analysis for several assumptions including discount rate and life expectancy of scheme members		



Name of meeting:CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & AUDIT COMMITTEEDate:22nd APRIL 2021Title of report:QUARTERLY REPORT OF INTERNAL AUDIT Q4 2020/21JANUARY 2021 to MARCH 2021

Purpose of report.

To provide information about internal audit work in quarter 4 of 2020/21

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	not applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the Council's Forward Plan (key decisions and private reports?)	not applicable
The Decision - Is it eligible for call in by Scrutiny?	not applicable
Date signed off by Strategic Director & name	not applicable
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance IT and Transactional Services?	not applicable
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal Governance and Commissioning Support?	
Cabinet member portfolio	not applicable

Electoral wards affected: All

Ward councillors consulted: None

Public or private: Public with a private appendix

The appendix to this report is recommended for consideration in private because the information contained in it is exempt information within part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 namely that the report contains information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information). The public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information and providing greater openness in the Council's decision making.

Have you considered GDPR? Yes

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report sets out the activities of Internal Audit in the final quarter of 2020/21.
- 1.2 This includes work in both Kirklees Council and its controlled subsidiary Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Ltd.

- 1.3 As reported previously, Internal Audit staff have continued to work throughout the pandemic, but much of the work undertaken has been unplanned (e.g., supporting the business grants schemes,) rather than routine, planned work. An initial somewhat reduced and later significantly reduced plan has been brought before this Committee.
- 1.4 To assist with the requirement for the Head of Internal Audit to produce an annual opinion on the robustness of the council's arrangements and systems to achieve internal control, governance and risk management, for consideration by this committee, the reduced prioritised plan has been substantially completed.
- 1.5 The year-end outcome is that from the reduced list of reviews 71% have a positive assurance opinion. This figure, which is lower than the long-term average, or target, is boosted somewhat by a set of all positive school outcomes, and the arrangements for core controls, subject to some caveats, remain reasonable strong.
- 1.6 The work in the period found sound arrangements for the core payroll system (including KNH), and accounts receivable, but there were continuing concerns about some aspects of account payable arrangements, and parts of reconciliation processes. There were concerns also about aspects of the controls relating to markets income, plant and equipment hire (KNH) and the voice network contract. Nine schools were reviewed, 8 of which achieved substantial assurance, and one adequate.
- 1.7 A review of procurement category management found that there were concerns about a lack of management information, impacting on the ability to enforce routine procurement compliance. At a more strategic level there are concerns about single source/not directly competitive procurement. There are equal strategic concerns about the use of grants, on a single basis, where procurement would be a more appropriate route. Routine work into grants found a lack of evidence collection.
- 1.8 Internal Audit also continued with its activity to support information governance, the stronger families and monthly pay projects, and in the preparation of information for the national fraud initiative.
- 1.9 Monitoring of the implementation of matters addressed in the Annual Governance Statement (for 2019/20) will take place and be reported to a future meeting.
- 1.10 In quarter 4 a large amount of time continued to be spent in supporting the implementation of the most recent statutory and local discretionary business grant schemes- which now include an obligation to carry out additional checking prior to payment. The investigation of suspected fraud in respect of the original scheme continues.
- 1.11 It was agreed at March 2018 Council that this committee consider any surveillance activities under the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000. There are none this quarter.

2. Information required to take a decision

2.1 The detail of the audit work performed this quarter is contained within the private Appendix.

3. Implications for the Council

- 3.1 Working with People None directly
- 3.2 Working with Partners None directly
- 3.3 Place Based Working None directly
- 3.4 Improving outcomes for children– None directly
- 3.5 **Climate change and air quality-** None directly

3.6 **Other (e.g., Legal/Financial or Human Resources)-** Although each of the sub categorisations above suggest no direct implications, the work of internal audit covers all aspects of the Council's operations, including elements of the above, either specifically, indirectly or on a commissioned basis. The main issues relate to those areas highlighted above- where there are risks associated with basic processing arrangements and delivering sound governance and control.

4. Consultees and their opinions

There are no consultees to this report although heads of service/directors are involved in and respond to individual pieces of work

5. Next steps and timelines

5.1 To consider if any additional activity is sought. (Limited assurance audit outcomes are routinely followed up)

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

- 6.1 Members are asked to note the Internal Audit Quarterly Report and determine if any further action is sought on any matter identified.
- 6.2 Members are asked to consider what additional areas of assurance they may wish beyond those shown in the detailed report.
- 6.3 Members are also asked to note that there has been no Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act activity during the period quarter 4 2020/21.
- 7. **Cabinet portfolio holder's recommendations** Not applicable

8. Contact officer

Martin Dearnley, Head of Risk & Internal Audit (01484 221133 x73672)

9. **Background Papers and History of Decisions** Previous Quarterly Reports, Audit Plan, and confidential appendix.

10. Service Director responsible Not applicable



Name of meeting: Corporate Governance & Audit Committee Date: 22nd April 2021

Title of report: Annual Report of Internal Audit 202021 & Issues for 2021/22 Purpose of report; To provide information about Internal Audit activity and the effectiveness of the system of internal control, and conclusions on the control environment and assurance provided in 2020/21, and on matters that relate to Internal Audit activity in 2021/22

Key Decision - Is it likely to result in spending or saving £250k or more, or to have a significant effect on two or more electoral wards?	Not applicable
Key Decision - Is it in the <u>Council's Forward</u> <u>Plan (key decisions and private reports)?</u>	Not applicable
The Decision - Is it eligible for "call in" by Scrutiny?	Not applicable
Date signed off by Director & name Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Finance?	Not applicable
Is it also signed off by the Service Director for Legal, Governance & Commissioning?	Not applicable
Cabinet member portfolio	Not applicable

Electoral wards affected: All Ward councillors consulted: Not applicable Have you considered GDPR; Yes Public

1. Summary

- 1.1 This report provides information about Internal Audit activity in the year to 31st March 2021 and notes the outcome of the annual review of the effectiveness of the Council's system of internal control. It provides an "opinion" on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's framework of governance, risk management and internal control, and advises as regards compliance with the requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and Code of Ethics.
- 1.2 The report provides an Audit Plan for 2021/22 and indicates potential priorities for the year and a draft 2021/22 Audit Charter.

2. Information required to take a decision

2.1 The year 2020/21 was not standard in many respects. The extent of "routine" internal audit assurance work was significantly curtailed as described in more detail in the report below.

- 2.2 Nevertheless, based on an objective assessment of the Council's framework of governance, risk management and control it is concluded that overall, the Council has sound arrangements to operate its business effectively.
- 2.3 This is however based on limited coverage of planned audit activity during the year, and from some unplanned work which assists in ascertaining assurance, and is formed in part in the absence of any knowledge of material adverse issues raised or identified in respect of other areas of operation.
- 2.4 The opinion is based on the operations of Kirklees Council, and its wholly owned subsidiary Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Ltd. This Committee takes responsibility as Audit Committee for both organisations.
- 2.5 The substantially reduced internal audit routine activity has concentrated on areas of operation where there are higher material risks- such as by volume and value of financial transactions, and by reference to work in recent years, where operations, as far as are practical have not been materially changed during 2020/21. The integrated financial systems which have proved robust and have been practically operated remotely "as normal", also help in reaching this positive assurance assertion. Assurance statements, as to the extent of declared changes in practice from "normal" have been obtained, and these have not revealed any significant variations.
- 2.6 However there are several observations and qualifications which are highlighted in the report which should be addressed.
- 2.7 This Committee also needs to review, and indicate that it is content as regards, the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The attached report contains material intended to assist the Committee in reaching a decision.
- 2.8 The report notes that following the external assessment undertaken at the end of the 2017/18 year (which attributed the operation with the highest standard which is" generally conforms"), assessment against the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and Code of Ethics has been undertaken this year internally by the Head of Risk as Head of Internal Audit. The assessment has been undertaken against the CIPFA recommended assessment criteria, and the outcomes from this assessment are included in the report.
- 2.9 Each year the Committee needs to consider and approve an Internal Audit Strategy & Charter. A proposed 2021/22 version is attached. (Those of any significance are shown by "track change")
- 2.10 A draft Audit Plan for 2021/22 is included within the papers. This audit plan was the subject of consultation with Kirklees Strategic and Service Directors although there was not significant comment or feedback. It reflects the practicality that what was normal in the years up to 2019/20 will not return, certainly not in 2021/22, and possibly never. For a large part of 2021/22 the operations and ability to engage the audit process will be restricted, by a combination of government requirements, and the councils practices; Even assuming that "normality" returns later in the year, decisions in relation to the way which the council operates administratively- for example working from home- will change the way that audit work can be delivered, will require changes in our approach and in the interaction with clients- some of this requires changes to financial procedure rules- proposed for 2021/22. It also probably means that work will take longer, impacting on overall achievement within any set of resources.
- 2.11 The possibility of the need to react to changing events also needs to be recognised suggesting a cautious approach to planned work, and a substantial

amount of contingency, providing opportunities to divert resources to control and assurance-based work across the organisation.

2.12 This Committee may need in the future to consider if they are happy with the level of assurance that is available, or to seek additional resources to gain satisfaction in relation to the control environment.[A small amount of additional budget was allocated for Internal audit in the 2021/22 budget round, although this may not be enough]

3. Implications for the Council

- 3.1 Working with People None directly
- 3.2 Working with Partners None directly
- 3.3 Place Based Working None directly
- 3.4 **Improving outcomes for children** None directly
- 3.5 **Climate change and air quality- None directly**
- 3.6 **Other (e.g., Legal/Financial or Human Resources)-** Although each of the subcategorisations above suggest no direct implications, the work of internal audit covers all aspects of the Council's operations, including elements of the above, either specifically, indirectly or on a commissioned basis. The main issues relate to those areas highlighted above - where there are risks associated with basic processing arrangements and delivering sound governance and control.

4. Consultees and their opinions

4.1 Not applicable, although very senior managers have been consulted individually on the draft plan.

5. Next steps & Timelines

- 5.1 This report informs the preparation of the Annual Governance Statement for 2020/21.
- 5.2 Audit activity in 2021/22 will concentrate on major areas of risk and control, based on a prioritised risk assessment. Resources will remain available to investigate significant areas of concern on a reactive basis.

6. Officer recommendations and reasons

The Committee is asked to confirm it is content with the:

- (a) Effectiveness of its internal audit function, and to note its conformance with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards and Code of Ethics
- (b) Effectiveness of the Council's overall system of internal control
- (c) Effectiveness of the broader control environment, risk management and governance arrangements of the Council (subject to the observations contained within the report).
- (d) 2021/22 Internal Audit Strategy and Charter and approve this document
- (e) Proposed Audit Plans for 2021/22; and
- (f) Give authority for the Head of Internal Audit to vary the proposed audit plan as is considered necessary, subject to reporting back as a part of the quarterly review process

7. Cabinet portfolio holder recommendation

Not applicable.

8. Contact officer

Martin Dearnley, Head of Risk 01484 221000 (73672)

9. Background Papers and History of Decisions

The Annual Report of Internal Audit 2020/21 is attached.

10. Service Director responsible

Not applicable.

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

CORPORATE SERVICES: RISK SERVICE

INTERNAL AUDIT

ANNUAL REPORT OF INTERNAL AUDIT 2020/21 & ISSUES FOR 2021/22

1. Introduction

1.1 This report assesses the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's governance, risk management and control environment arrangements during 2020/21 and provides a summary of the activities and performance of Internal Audit during the year. The report also recommends a risk-based Audit Plan for 2021/22 and discusses other issues that relate to that year.

2. About Internal Audit

- 2.1 The scope of Internal Audit's activity is established by the Council's Financial Procedure Rules and the Internal Audit Strategy and Charter. These rules include a right for Internal Audit to have free and unrestricted access to carry out work as is considered appropriate by the Head of Internal Audit (the Head of Risk).
- 2.2 Internal Audit reviews the Council's assurance framework for governance, risk management and business systems and controls. Some assurance is obtained through the work of other agencies such as the councils Health and Safety team.

Internal Audit time is spent.

- (a) Assessing arrangements for financial control.
- (b) Assessing arrangements for other business and organisational controls such as IT.
- (c) Investigating allegations that the Council's business activities may not be operating in the ways intended.
- (d) On work related to contracting strategy and contractor appraisals.
- (e) To a very limited extent on value for money.
- (f) Resolving a range of finance and control related issues (the most significant of which are reported in the Quarterly Reports).
- (g) On aspects of fraud prevention such as the biennial National Fraud Initiative (although customer fraud is currently investigated by others).
- (h) Contributing generally and providing advice to Council wide and Service specific matters related to governance, risk, financial and business control. Whilst Internal Audit work can provide some assurance about business processes, it is not resourced in a way to assess the judgement of other professionals.

- 2.3 Quarterly Reports on the activities of Internal Audit have been provided to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee. These reports provide
- (i) an opinion about the level of assurance that can be taken from each planned audit on the arrangements in operation at the time of each audit.
- (ii) an opinion about follow-up of earlier Internal Audit work.
- (iii) information about investigations, and other internal audit activity. Implementation of the agreed recommendations should provide a satisfactory degree of control in all cases.
- 2.4 These reports during 2020/21 reflected an inability to deliver the normal volume of work. They have however included some additional information to assist in assessment of the control environment, and risk and governance arrangements.

3. Summary of Audit Work in 2020/21

	ASSURANCE >	Substantial	Adequate	Limited	None
ACTIVITY					
Core Financial Sy	vstems &	28%	36%	36%	0%
Arrangements					
Other Financial &	Business	33%	17%	50%	0%
Controls					
Schools		75%	25%	0%	0%
OVERALL ASSU	RANCE	45%	26%	29%	0%
Positive assurance	e	71%			
Negative assuran	се			29%	

3.1 Most audit work concludes with an assurance-based opinion,

- 3.2 29 % of work concluded with an adverse opinion against a corporate target of 20%. This was 18% in 2019/20 and 22% in 2018/19. The concentration on core areas may have reflected on the opinion, although conversely, the remote working approach may also mean that some sample checking has been reduced and other assessments that have been routine have not been done.
- 3.3 There were some areas of significant operation about which only limited assurance could be provided this year. These included certain aspects (but not all):
 - Accounts payable
 - Procurement

There were also concerns about other areas where there were issues, including

- Taxi Licencing
- Grounds Maintenance,

And at follow up stage areas including

- Direct payments (for adult or childrens social care)
- Asbestos Management
- 3.4 The "unusual" nature of 2020/21 meant that a very substantial amount of normal audit time was spent on assisting with oversight and control of the governments business rates-based grant schemes- which has consumed about one quarter of

all internal audit resources during the year. A smaller amount of time was also spent on other administrative tasks, which were an organisational priority, when IA work was difficult to achieve. In addition, overall productivity was affected by the operational methods of the council- such as a default position of working from home- impacting on both the auditor and auditee, and an inability to deliver some routine work- such as school financial audits, though the normal methodsvisiting the site- or at all (a limited number of school audits have been carried out- in a way time consuming to both the audit client and us as providerremotely) (see also 3.17)

- 3.5 There were a small number of investigations reported during the year, detailed in the quarterly reports, including into allegations about food safety, management of housing tenancies, some planning related issues, and a substantial piece about the approach to various aspects of environmental enforcement. There was also some assurance/verification work around implementation of some covid related operational policies and practices.
- 3.6 Audit time has also been spent on routine projects and activities such as:
 - Support to governance and control arrangements generally.
 - Preparation of the Annual Governance Statement and monitoring progress in relation to matters identified.
 - Monitoring and updating Contract Procedure Rules (CPRs) and Financial Procedure Rules (FPRs).
 - Financial appraisal and scoring of applicants for contracts and other aspects of assessing or approving the Council's contractual arrangements.
 - Support to the Information Governance Board, and implementation of GDPR /Data Protection Act
 - Forming a part of the Whistleblowing assessment process by carrying out initial assessment of whistleblowing to decide on the extent to which an allegation may have sufficient merit to justify further investigation.
 - Verification/certification relating to grants, such as Highways Incentive Funds.
 - Support to corporate projects (such as waste management, housing strategy)
 - Assessing write off arrangements/testing proposed debt write-offs.
 - Monthly pay project
 - Troubled Families grant analysis
 - SAP control updates

And on coronavirus related activity

- Oversight of the government business rate grant schemes (several)
- Controls as a part of these schemes (e.g., validity verification)
- Some processing and assessment
- Assessment of more general business control arrangements
- Certification, or assistance, in relation to some coronavirus grant claims by the council
- 3.7 Although the Council has kept in place its core control arrangements, there are some concerns about some activities that have taken place during the year. The governments very major grant schemes have been operated within the rules established by government; in the early phases of these grants the level of

permissible controls were lacking, although more recent versions of support, with greater targeting, have come with a more robust regime. The council has taken steps within the scheme parameters to prevent or detect fraud and inappropriate behaviour; in a small number of cases grants have been withheld; in a very small number of cases investigations are progressing with a view to prosecution. It is also possible that due to an asserted inability to carry out verification checks, some right to buy disposals have progressed without appropriate due diligence.

- 3.8 In some instances, grants provided by the council using its own or government assistance funds have been provided on an urgent basis; the circumstances leading to such grants often meant that usual upfront verification was not possible. This is understandable. Harder to justify is an absence of post implementation monitoring, including in the use of the funds. On the basis of urgency several grants and contracts have been proposed on a sole supplier basis, where there was no open competition, or clear grant scheme, but where it was thought appropriate to fund, sometimes extensive, projects without the usual controls. Not all of these have gone ahead; whilst the unusual circumstances of 2020/21 cannot be ignored, it is important for the council to ensure that its normally robust arrangements for procurement, project and financial control are not regularly or routinely ignored or substituted by processes that may not be fair and open. There are other minor control issues that have been indicated in the quarterly reports.
- 3.9 Further progress has been made on implementing the Risk Management Statement. Whilst some of the directorate and service-based information remains of variable quality, and is still not routinely updated, a more structured approach to Risk Panel meetings and assessments has been followed, and reporting was improved during much of 2020/21, and whilst the final reporting on to Leadership Management Team was not consistent, regular interaction has taken place with corporate scrutiny processes. The Corporate Risk Matrix, which lists the "fairly stable" set of risks and threats to the organisation, was amended somewhat to reflect the pandemic, although many of the broad themes of the matrix remained constant. In the absence of full cross council engagement, and as the service matrix system still cannot be relied upon as the core source of the quarterly reporting of emerging risks and threats, separate information collection from directors, the risk panel, and various sources, remains key to risk reporting and assessment. Good practice expects that any Internal Audit planning will recognise the risk management processes of the organisation. However, where risk management arrangements do not provide an assured picture, audit planning is adjusted to recognise this.
- 3.10 Although the Council used a risk-based audit plan in achieving the coverage of business and activity areas on which this opinion is based, the assurance framework delivered by Internal Audit is necessarily not comprehensive. Whilst coverage of financial (and commercial) business process and governance is risk based, it does not assess the areas that involve professional judgement, particularly in relation to care related services and some other assessments that relate to individual needs.

- 3.11 The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee can gain wider governance assurance from some other sources, (E.g., health & safety, information governance and corporate complaints/ombudsman) although this could perhaps be more structured and extensive.(e.g. Ofsted, CQC reports)
- 3.12 From April 2019, the audit work that relates to the housing and construction management organisation Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Ltd (a wholly owned subsidiary of the council) was fully integrated into the planning and audit delivery and reporting structures of the Council. This arrangement has continued in 2020/21, with the same constraints as has applied to the council due to the unusual circumstances of the year. KNH operations transferred back to the council from 1st April 2021.
- 3.13 Work continues to be performed for Kirklees Active Leisure(KAL). Outcomes are reported to KAL's own Audit Committee. Audit work is also carried out for West Yorkshire Fire & Rescue Service (WYFRS), who make substantial use of Kirklees financial systems., WYFRS has its own Audit Committee.
- 3.14 There was no working with Calderdale Council's Internal Audit team during the year.
- 3.15 Staffing in the Internal Audit team was stable, although the placement student was not replaced. There are 10 substantive staff (8.4 full time equivalents), plus a trainee accountant.
- 3.16 As noted in 2.1, the Financial Procedure Rules and the Audit Strategy and Charter document allow Internal Audit unrestricted access to consider areas of activity as they see fit in providing this audit opinion. At no point during the year has any Officer or Member sought to influence or restrict the scope or areas of activity of any piece of work.
- 3.17 The conclusions reached in all the work presented are those of Internal Audit. The remote working methods have resulted in a greater use of virtual records and information. Whilst much of this is very powerful, some of the normal forms of information gathering, by direct observation, and sight of paper records have been reduced, and in some cases sample sizes have also been reduced
- 3.18 Internal Audit operates within the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS), which is a derived form of the international internal auditing standards. Internal compliance testing indicates that the operation was in accordance with PSIAS standard during 2020/21. The function was subject to an external assessment at the end of the financial year 2017/18. The assessment concluded that the activity operated at the highest standard "generally conforms" to the PSIAS and Code of Ethics. Issues raised related to the time devoted by the Head of Internal Audit, the post holder's role in relation to risk management, training and skills, and performance indicators, including 2022/23. Appendix 2 provides additional information.

- 3.19 During 2020/21 the Head of Audit & Risk carried out some wider organisational duties that might be considered to conflict with the purely independent role of the Head of Internal Audit. These relate to roles in relation to council corporate risk management processes, supervision of the insurance function, and project advice relating to council investments. Any conflicts are handled by independent reporting, and the conflict is stated in any internal audit reports- such as the quarterly reports.
- 3.20 As noted above, 2020/21 was not normal. The audit planned work achieved was substantially smaller than usual. whilst it had a higher rate of negative outcomes, it was perhaps more focused. As noted in the quarterly reports, there has been an attempted reliance on assurance statements, although this must be considered to have been only partially successful.
- 3.21 What information then exists to reach an opinion on the overall control environment that applied in 2020/21
- (1) The core assurance work for 2020/21- 64% of which was positive, and of the residual, only some aspects raised issues that were of concern, and all the other assurance work in 2002/21, giving the overall 71% positive opinion
- (2) The continued use of core control systems, largely in their designed form, which when reviewed 84% in 2019/20, and 73% in the previous year, had positive outcomes
- (3) Other assurance information provided to the Committee during the year, e.g., from the Investigator of Regulatory Powers, from the external auditor regarding their work on the 2019/20 accounts and internally re Information Governance, Health & Safety and Customer Complaints.
- (4) The Head of Internal Audits wider knowledge- heavily subordinate to the other 3 aspects above- about the broad operation of the control environment of the organisation.
- 3.22 From work during 2020/21 most of the assessments of the Council's governance, risk management, financial and business controls that were examined were sound and effective. However, as noted above work in year on routine assurance was necessarily very limited. There are also a much larger number of concerns and potentially continuing issues than in previous years, particularly about the robustness of compliance with the spirit as well as the letter of contract and financial procedure rules.
- 3.23 Nevertheless, it is concluded that (subject to the observations above) the Council can be considered to have an adequate control environment.

4. Performance Measures of Internal Audit

4.1 There is very little comparative benchmarking available about the costs of Internal Audit. Comparison of staffing numbers locally suggest that taking account of Council (and other) activity, the Kirklees IA team remains smaller than others, some of which have recently looked to strengthen their internal audit coverage.

- 4.2 The very unusual circumstances of 2020/21 means that the usual reporting criteria- such as reports competed on time, or within a certain number of days are not appropriate measures for the year. These control measures will be reported again at the end of 2021/22 if the year proves to be closer to normal. Otherwise, it may be necessary to reset a reasonable set of benchmarks of performance, by consultation with similar providers.
- 4.3 A quality assessment (15% sample) based on the consistent assessment criteria did find that all the work was compliant with the standards

5 Effectiveness of the system of Internal Control

- 5. 1 The Accounts & Audit Regulations (England) require an Authority to conduct an annual review of the effectiveness of their system of internal control. An understanding of the arrangements of Internal Audit supports the ability to utilise the opinion of the Head of Internal Audit on the internal control environment as a key source of evidence in the Annual Governance Statement. As noted previously, the systems of assurance about internal control come from a wider source than just internal audit, although it is a primary source of assurance.
- 5.2 Financial Procedure Rule 5.6 requires the Head of Audit & Risk to review the systems of Internal Audit on an annual basis. The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) make it a responsibility of the Head of Internal Audit to carry out periodic internal reviews and every 5 years have an external review of the Internal Audit function and report these to this Committee. The standard is complex and the recommended evaluation criteria (as codified by CIPFA) are quite cumbersome, and some are difficult to evaluate. Information about these reviews, finding and actions are provided at Appendix 2 to this report.
- 5.3 Members can gain assurance from several routes including their assessment of this and other reports (particularly the four quarterly reports). They can also gain assurance using factors such as performance indicators, quality assurance and consultation with senior management, although it is acknowledged that for 2020/21, again, this information is very limited.

6. Internal Audit in 2021/22

6.1 The responsibility for an effective audit function is a shared responsibility between the organisation, and its Head of Internal Audit, with the organisation recognising the importance of adequate and effective arrangements for governance, risk management and internal control, and the Head of Internal Audit ensuring an independent function looking to achieve best practice, that effectively engages with the organisation and the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

A draft plan is presented for consideration by this committee at appendix 1. There are no Service specific audit plans, although operational staff, heads of service and directors are still expected to participate in audit planning, delivery, and response to findings. The performance targets for Internal Audit are at Appendix 3. The schedule of key systems, organisational and business controls is attached as Appendix 4.

- 6.2 Every activity will still at least theoretically- be in view for internal audit, albeit this will be over a timescale of longer than 5 years. Under resourcing for some years, and the very serious impairment to a normal set of assurance reviews for 2020/21 means that there is an accumulating list of audits that should be priorities.
- 6.3 The Plan for 2021/22 is prepared around objectives to.
 - a) Look at high value or high-risk activity and core systems and basic financial operations, and any that have not been reviewed in 2020/21, and or have been subject to changes in processes or procedures
 - b) Identify and document the wider assurance environment that operates across the organisation and determine if additional processes are needed to achieve a full set of entity control and assurance.
 - c) Ensure basic compliance with processes.
 - d) Have resources to investigate fraud and inappropriate behaviour
 - e) Carry out work contributing to the organisational objective of understanding and improving value for money.and
 - f) Complete the new approach to risk management
 - 6.4 The plan is based on a reasonable level of productivity during the year, and no further diversion of resources, or significant impediments to delivery of work. If these cannot be fulfilled, this will impact on the overall delivery of work.

The substantial uncertainty does mean that this Committee need to recognise that there is no certainty that the whole plan, or indeed a substantial part of the draft plan will be delivered. There must be a recognition of the need for flexibility, and to provide the Head of Internal Audit with authority to flex the plan to meet organisational needs in relation to assurance that processes being operated are sound and free from inappropriate actions or influences.

- 6.5 It had been planned to review the council's fraud investigation arrangements during 2020/21; although some work was carried out this was not completed during 2020/21; this will need further attention in 2021/22, to ensure that the council's arrangements for investigating fraud are both effective and efficient. This will of necessity involve fraud awareness and prevention, as well as investigation.
- 6.6 Audit work will be performed in accordance with the Audit Strategy and Charter, the 2021 version is shown at Appendix 6 for approval. (Substantial changes are shown by "track" marking)

7. Conclusions

7.1 This report has summarised the activities of Internal Audit during 2020/21. Detailed information has been provided to Corporate Governance & Audit Committee during the year.

- 7.2 Despite difficulties during the year, there is sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the Council's system of governance, risk management and internal control is effective and that the opinion of the Head of Internal Audit on the internal control environment can be relied upon as a key source of evidence in the compilation of the Annual Governance Statement, although there are caveats.
 (a) That the assurance coverage is risk based and not absolute across the entire range of organisational activity and
 (b) Other matters as described in this report.
 - (b) Other matters as described in this report.
- 7.3 The proportion of audit work which resulted in an assessment providing at least adequate assurance is 71%. The remaining 29% consists entirely of "limited assurance", with no (0%) "no assurance" this year.
- 7.4 There are no areas where, following audit recommendations, management have formally chosen to refuse to implement recommendations for action (and accordingly overtly accepted the potential consequences as a risk).
- 7.5 The opinion from the work performed the scope of which does not cover every area of entity risk - is that, although there are some weaknesses in some systems of control, which may have worsened somewhat during the difficult year, the overall framework of the Council's governance, risk, business and financial systems, processes, controls, and its management of assets, remains sound.
- 7.6 It is concluded that overall, the Council has an adequate and effective control environment.

8. Annual Governance Statement

- 8.1 Information generated by Internal Audit forms a key part of the Council's assessment of the quality of its organisational and business controls and the degree of assurance that can be placed upon their operational effectiveness. This information is used in preparing the Council's Annual Governance Statement which accompanies the Statement of Accounts.
- 8.2 The positive opinion that the Council's arrangements provide an adequate and effective control environment needs to be considered in the context of the breadth of assurance provided by Internal Audit, and the comments contained in this report. There are several areas that might appropriately be escalated to the Annual Statement of Governance and these are covered in the separate report to be considered by the Committee.

Contact Officer

M E Dearnley – Head of Internal Audit; (Head of Risk) – 01484 221000 - x 73672

DRAFT INTERNAL AUDIT PLAN 2021/22 (101)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

Child Protection and Family Support (4)

External Residential Placements Leaving Care Purchasing Cards Direct Payments (follow-up)

Learning and Early Support (40)

High Schools x 3 Special Schools x 3 Primary Schools x 30 Troubled Families Grant Claims School Exclusion Pathway Careers Partnership SEND

Customers and Communities (4)

Digital Transformation Prevent/ Counter Extremism/ Community Tensions Modern Slavery Community Investment Fund (follow-up)

CORPORATE STRATEGY, COMMISSIONING & PUBLIC HEALTH

Strategy and Innovation (6)

Cyber Security Partnership Governance# Communications Policy IT Disaster Recovery Plan IT Network Access Controls Voice Network Contracts (follow-up)

Governance and Commissioning (5)

Data Protection Compliance Decision Making per Constitution Corporate Counter Fraud & Corruption# CPR Compliance Risk Management#

Finance (4)

Financial Management/FPR Compliance NDR Liability including Relief Data Verification Bank Reconciliation (follow-up)

People Services (7)

Anti-Discrimination & Staff Inequality Attendance Management Mandatory Staff Training Agency Labour BACS Bureau Category Management (follow-up) Creditors System (follow-up)

Public Health (4)

Wellness Model Healthy Child Contract Business Continuity Health & Safety

ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Environment (6)

School Meals Income Collection Car Parks Income & Fine Collection School Transport Building Control Approvals Grounds Maintenance External Income (follow-up) Taxi Licensing & Enforcement (follow-up)

GROWTH AND REGENERATION

Growth & Housing (2)

Housing Register Homeless Management

Homes & Neighbourhoods (8)

Transfer of budgets/ expenditure in SAP Data Migration from Snowdrop to SAP Rent Setting Safeguarding Stores including van stocks Asset Data Cleansing Procurement of Works (follow-up) Plant and Equipment Hire (follow-up)

Economy and Skills (3)

Right to Buy Asbestos Management (follow-up) Markets Income (follow-up)

ADULTS

Adults Social Care Operation (5)

Charging for Social Care Assurance re Transformation Emergency Duty Team Safeguarding Direct Payments (follow-up)

CORPORATE (3)

Safeguarding Climate Change Emergency# No Recourse to Public Funds (follow-up)

Notes

- Given the continuing constraint on resources, and operating methods, the audits listed above are the proposed core menu from which a priority list of work based on capacity and skills will be drawn.
- The draft plan has been prepared in accordance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards
- Follow up audits relate to audits in 2020/21 which produced a *Limited Assurance* opinion
- Audits marked # relate to Significant Governance Issues expected to feature in the 2020/21 AGS
- The audit planning process is risk based and attributes a score to each activity in the audit universe. Whilst most audits proposed above have a high "risk" score some lower risk audits have been scheduled to give a broader picture of the control environment across the organisation.

Recommendations from the External Assessment of Internal Audit 2018

Actions linked to these matters were reported to Corporate Governance & Audit Committee on 25th January 2019

	Recommendations	Progress
1	Time devoted by the head of internal audit to the strategic and operational management of the function.	2020/21 outcome is like that for 2019/20, with slightly more time spent on corporate projects and less on investigations- See table that follows
2	Promoting a split between the creation and management of risk information, and the separate roles of internal audit in challenging entity risk identification and assessment and supporting this Committee in its role in overseeing risk arrangements.	Head of Risk continues to have role in risk management. There is a clearer set of activities re Risk Management, such as the risk panel.
3	Accessing the skills necessary to address speciality work areas (e.g., cyber-IT) and more generally to secure a sustainable workforce. (2.1).	Recognition that super-speciality skills not practically available, but as a recognition of workforce development trainee accountants recruited in 2019 and 2020.
4	Increasing the number of performance measures that are used to assess the effectiveness of internal audit (3.1)	Some additional information provided for those charged with governance. Monitoring targets/comparatives are not valid or appropriate for 2020/21.
5	The need to improve feedback/ client engagement information (4.2)	New survey arrangements were no more successful than previous arrangements. Still a need to improve client feedback in 2021/22, although there is equally an absence of any adverse commentary.
6	Making sure that process documentation is fully completed. (8.1)	Ongoing supervisions and quality checking.

Time spent analysis by Head of Audit & Risk			2020/21 %
			all year
Specific IA projects, investigations	15	8	
General Advice	Childrens	1	1
	Adults & Public Health	2	5
(#) advice includes corporate projects	Place	17	21#
(*) includes Business Rate Grants	Corporate	4	10*
	KNH & Housing	8	6
Procurement & FPRs & CPRs		11	13
Risk Management			7
Trust Funds			10
CGAC advice			5
Management & Supervision	21	14	

Annual Review of Internal Audit - 2020

	Recommendations	Actions	Update
1	The Covid 19 national emergency has caused some IA staff to be deployed into assisting with the processing of grant payments. (4 Ethics)	Ensure sufficient separation to be sure that there is no unreasonable conflict when independent post payment audit checking is required	Achieved; to the extent that further review work is required - e.g., by HM Government, this will be independent of those carrying out processing
2	The level of resource available for internal audit may be insufficient (3; Principles). There may be some skill gaps- e.g., re IT ((2010 planning)	Review IA resource and determine of it is inadequate, or the organisation otherwise understands the extent of risk	Opportunity to perform more routine work in second half of year enabled enough work to form an opinion for year 20/21.

3	Explore potential for more rotation of assignments to avoid over familiarity (1130 Impairment)	To be considered on a personal basis based on skill and knowledge	Was not practical in 2020/21 circumstance but will be pursued in 21/22
4	Explore further options to obtain customer feedback (1311 assessment)	Recent changes not totally successful. Consider other options	Was not practical in 2020/21 circumstance but will be pursued in 21/22
5	Coordinate work with external auditor (2050 coordination)	To discuss with external auditor	Some reliance based on external audit work in 20/21, to avoid duplication, but rules applicable to external audit do not permit reliance on IA work
6	Is there an adequate audit brief for each audit? (6.3/2200 Engagement Planning)	To consider if client and auditor are clear about objectives, scope etc of each audit	Still requires more work; needs emphasis in 21/22 to drive quality

Annual Review of Internal Audit - 2021

-				
	Recommendations	Actions	Timescale	
1	Explore potential for more rotation of assignments to avoid over familiarity (1130 Impairment) from 2020(No3)	To be considered on a personal basis based on skill and knowledge	Through 2021/22	
2	Explore further options to obtain customer feedback (1311 assessment) From 2020 (No4)	Consider other options	Summer 2021	
3	Is there an adequate audit brief for each audit? (6.3/2200 Engagement Planning) From 2020 (No6)	To consider if client and auditor are clear about objectives, scope etc of each audit	Through 2021/22	
4	Potential concern that skill mix does not match workload and aspirations (1200 Proficiency)	Assess skills and options and report back	Autumn 2021	
5	Improve corporate reporting to senior management (20101 Planning/ 2060 Reporting)	Agree with Chief Executive what reporting should be provided to ET	Summer 2021	
6	Additional work required on "other assurance" sources (2050 Coordination)	Additional work required on "other assurance"	Autumn 2021	

Appendix 3

INTERNAL AUDIT PERFORMANCE TARGETS 2021/22

The operating methods did not make pursuing these targets practical in 2020/21, or initially in 2021/22; they will be reintroduced part way through the year if appropriate- or new performance measures identified.

Objectives	Performance Measures
Achieve planned audit work as adjusted	90% of planned priority
	audits achieved*
Achieve each planned audit within	80% of planned work
budgeted time allowed	achieved within initial time
	budget
Achieve high level of work quality and	90% good or better
customer satisfaction	responses to customer
	questionnaires
Delivery of completed audit work	85% of draft reports issued
	within 10 days of
	completion of site work

(*) Based on a full year; achievement needs to be pro-rata to new normal operating period, adjusted for any impacts of changed working arrangements.

KEY CORPORATE SYSTEMS 2021/22

Financial Systems & Controls

Payroll (SAP) Debtors (SAP) Procurement / Creditors (SAP) Council Tax Business Rates Council Tax Reduction Scheme (residual Benefits) Housing Rents Treasury Management Payments for Social Care School Payments Internal Recharging

Key Organisation & Business Controls

Code of Corporate Governance Contract Procedure Rules Financial Procedure Rules Contract Management HR Operations Risk Management IT Controls Performance Management Systems Partnership Governance Emergency & Business Continuity Planning Information Security Health & Safety Fraud, Bribery & Corruption Risk Corporate Complaints Whistleblowing

DETAILED PERFORMANCE STATISTICS FOR 5 YEARS

	2020/21	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18	2016/17
Number of days spent on planned and unplanned audit work		1,376	894	976	1,372
Number of financial processes and systems examined	14	32	11	16	42
Percentage offering limited assurance/ *unsatisfactory.	36%	16%	27%	44%	19%
Number of location/ establishment audits undertaken. Percentage offering limited	0	0	0	3	14
assurance/ *unsatisfactory.		n/a	n/a	0%	21%
Number of school audits undertaken Percentage offering limited	12	29	34	35	34
assurance/ *unsatisfactory.	0%	10%	6%	3%	18%
Follow up audit work carried out Percentage offering limited	12	13	9	18	19
assurance/ *unsatisfactory.		31%	55%	44%	21%
Number of business control audits undertaken		15	14	12	12
Percentage offering limited assurance/ *unsatisfactory.	50%	27%	36%	18%	17%
Number of investigations into irregularity		7	2	5	5
Number of management, governance or value for money studies	5	3	0	4	26
Number of grant audits, consultancy, projects	17#	13	19	11	
Completed formal tasks		112	89	104	152
Overall percentage of reported audits providing only limited assurance/ *unsatisfactory (corporate target 20%)	29%	18%	22%	22%	19%

includes "non audit/ assurance" tasks

KIRKLEES COUNCIL

INTERNAL AUDIT STRATEGY & CHARTER

2021-22

Page 261

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY- INTERNAL AUDIT STRATEGY & CHARTER

- 1. Internal Audit supports the organisation, and its management in achieving its objectives. Its work will involve.
 - a) Assurance about the internal financial and (other) business controls, and the council's broader assurance framework... programme of planned assurance based internal reviews, and other more ad hoc assurance based work and projects
 - b) 'Consultancy' work, as commissioned, relating to business, financial and process controls and value for money, efficiency, and effectiveness.
 - c) Development of anti-fraud, anti-corruption and anti-bribery measures and investigation of any suspicions of inappropriate behaviour.
 - Information, advice, advocacy, and training in respect of best practice in achieving a high level of internal control, including Financial and Contract Procedure Rules.
 - e) Contributing to corporate/high impact projects, particularly those involving partnership and procurement.

Internal Audit coverage will apply to all the Council's direct operations, all wholly owned or controlled organisations or subsidiaries, including limited companies, and other partnership bodies (where the Council so determines).

- Internal Audit work will address all the business controls of the organisation, prioritised based on risk. This involves a full coverage of all aspect of the Council's operation, including financial systems, processes and activities, <u>all</u> <u>other business processes</u>, risk management, governance arrangements, information management and appropriate use of technology.
- 3. Internal Audit activity will be planned, carried out and reported within a general philosophy of providing evidence-based analysis and helpful advice to all levels of management and achieving positive consequential progress.
- 4. Except where otherwise agreed, written reports will provide summary information, detail on any findings of note, conclusions and recommendations to advise and inform managers of all levels.
- Establishing effective systems of operation and implementation of audit recommendations is the responsibility of management. It is not the role of Internal Audit to act as a proxy for appropriate performance management of, or by, senior management.

- 6. Internal Audit will follow up the implementation of accepted recommendations in all cases where there were concerns about a system, process, or activity, or where recommendations result from an investigation. Other agreed recommendations may be followed up on a sample basis
- Internal Audit will co-ordinate the overall corporate assessment of business controls and risk management. It will help develop and monitor the Risk Management Statement.
- Internal Audit will operate in accordance with the (mandatory) Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and the supplementary CIPFA guidance. Internal audit officers will act with independence, objectivity and integrity and respect the confidentiality of organisational information.

CONTENTS

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Objectives of Internal Audit
- 3. Independence, Responsibilities and Authority
- 4. Performance Management and Quality Control
- 5. Audit Reporting
- 6. Internal Audit Delivery
- 7. Partnership; Obtaining & Providing Assurance to Others

Appendix 1 Control Environment (definition)

Appendix 2 Financial Procedure Rules (extract)

- Appendix 3 Role of the Audit Committee
- Appendix 4 Audit Planning, Resourcing & Reporting (detail)
- Appendix 5 Public Sector Internal Audit Standards
- Appendix 6 Statement of the Responsibilities of Management

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Local Authorities are required under the Local Government Acts and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 to have a continuous internal audit of their financial and other business controls. It will be delivered in compliance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS). This is mandatory guidance which states the fundamental requirements for the professional practice of internal auditing and for evaluating the effectiveness of Internal Audit's performance. These standards in local authorities are supplemented by additional guidance from CIPFA that has regulatory authority for local government in the UK.
- 1.2 The PSIAS require that there is a formal Internal Audit Charter defining the purpose, authority and responsibilities of Internal Audit, which must be consistent with the PSIAS definition of internal audit, code of ethics and professional standards.
- 1.3 The main purpose of Internal Audit is to support the organisation in achieving its objectives, and particularly to play a key role in the Council's Corporate Governance arrangements in ensuring Members and Corporate Managers have adequate assurance that they are meeting their responsibilities.
- 1.4 This document has been prepared to set out:
 - The objectives of Internal Audit
 - The scope of its operation
 - Its rights and responsibilities
 - The responsibility of others
 - The Audit planning process
 - The Audit reporting process
- 1.5 This Strategy and Charter will be regularly presented to senior management and reviewed regularly by the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee. Its purpose is to set out the purpose, nature, objectives, outcomes and responsibilities of the internal audit service.

2. OBJECTIVES OF INTERNAL AUDIT

2.1 Internal Audit's objectives can be defined as:

"Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes". (PSIAS) This definition goes beyond basic compliance by evaluating and improving the effectiveness of the entire risk, control and governance arrangements (including financial and non-financial control systems). As an independent appraisal function Internal Audit can offer assurance on the effectiveness of internal control arrangements, contributing to the efficient use of resources and generally helping management to monitor performance, improve operational efficiency and target objectives. These actions will add value by supporting the organisation in achievement of the Council's objectives.

- 2.2 Specifically the role is to provide:
 - Assurance, principally by a review of the control environment The 'control environment' comprises the business systems which are operated to implement the Council's statutory obligations and its policies and objectives. This includes systems and processes, governance and decision making, and risk identification and management. It involves the review of all the major financial and accounting systems and practices, and controls of other kinds (such as purchasing and human resources). For financial controls it involves a more detailed review of information, records, assets and other resources to identify appropriate financial stewardship. (See Appendix 1). It also includes matters relating to organisational ethics, use of technology and matters such as management of data and information.
 - Consultancy Undertake, when commissioned, other reviews and projects which use investigative, analytical and consultancy skills. This work can be specific or involve on-going advice and may include value for money related activity. Where this advice is provided it is given notwithstanding the responsibility to provide assurance as above. Any work performed will be accepted only within the competencies of staffing.
 - Assurance and Investigation into suspected Fraud, Corruption and Bribery-It is essential that Internal Audit has awareness of issues of fraud, bribery and corruption, as a part of gaining assurance about the control environment (as above). In some circumstances it may be appropriate for Internal Audit to undertake investigations into suspected irregularity, fraud, or corruption. Internal Audit also prepares and maintains the Corporate Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Strategy, and provides guidance for managers and Members and thus helps promote good corporate governance and the highest ethical standards. It also coordinates the Council's approach to the mandatory national fraud initiative. (NFI).
 - *Advice* Provide operational advice on the development of processes and systems and on the interpretation of the Council's rules (principally Financial Procedure Rules and Contract Procedure Rules).
- 2.3 Audit advice and recommendations are given in all cases without prejudice to the right of Internal Audit to review the relevant policies, procedures and operations at a later date.
- 2.4 The Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining appropriate risk management processes, control systems, accounting records and governance arrangements. Internal Audit advises the Council on whether effective and efficient arrangements exist, cumulating in the annual opinion

of the Head of Internal Audit, which informs the Annual Governance Statement. Optimum benefit to the Council should arise when Internal Audit work in partnership with management to

- improve the control environment
- achieving organisational objectives.

3. INDEPENDENCE, RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITY

An effective internal audit function must be independent, objective and unbiased.

3.1 Authority

Internal Audit has authority to:

- Enter at all times any Council premises, land or location from which Council services are provided; (including those of partners and contractors)
- Have access to all property, records, documents, correspondence, data (in all forms) relating to all activities of the Council.
- Require and receive explanations in respect of any matter; and
- •___Require any employee of the Council, without prior notice, to produce cash, stores or any other property for which they are responsible.
- Require the assistance of any employee, such as by the attendance at meetings (of any form), submission of information in any required media, or any other reasonable action to enable internal audit to fulfil its role and objectives

The rights and responsibilities of Internal Audit are set out in Financial Procedure Rules (an extract is included at Appendix 2)

3.2 Responsibilities of the Head of Internal Audit

(The Head of Internal Audit has the formal title in the Council's structure of Head of Risk)

The Head of Internal Audit.

- Reports functionally to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee which operates as the Audit Committee of the Council, and issues reports under his own name.
- Reports managerially to the Chief Executive, Service Director for Finance and Service Director, Legal Governance & Commissioning (Monitoring Officer) and for supervisory purposes to the Service Director, Legal Governance & Commissioning.
- Has the right to communicate directly with any Strategic or Service Director, or any other Council officer. The Head of Internal Audit may also communicate with any Cabinet Member or Councillor, or other person.

- Has the right to communicate confidentially with the Chair of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee on any matters.
- Must advise the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee on any matter where any significant risk or threat to the organisation, identified through audit assurance work, has not been adequately addressed by management.
- Is responsible for the delivery of the internal audit function and achievement of the standards described within this document.

The Head of Internal Audit has responsibility for ensuring compliance with statutory requirements, in particular the Data Protection and Freedom of Information Acts, and Council Policy concerning records management in operation of the internal audit activity. All audit work will be done in accordance with the principles of this-Data Protection/Freedom of Information legislation, unless certain exemptions apply to individual circumstances, so that, for example, personal data will be kept securely and disposed of correctly when it is no longer required for audit purposes. Information collected by way of audit work will be stored on paper and or electronically. Permanent file data, such as system notes will be kept until it is no longer valid. Reports, correspondence working papers and supporting evidence will be kept up to 6 years, but normally until after the next audit of the activity is completed, (or longer where an Audit Manager considers that this is necessary to facilitate service provision).

The Head of Internal Audit will ensure that audit work is shared with Strategic Directors, Service Directors and other senior managers and their appointees, and commissioning officers for investigations and reviews. Additionally, summaries will be provided to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee, individual Members or others (e.g., whistle-blowers) who refer matters to Internal Audit, the external auditor and to other authorities and agencies to facilitate joint and partnership working as appropriate. Audit work will (except when otherwise agreed) be treated as confidential, but in certain circumstances may be wholly or partially subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

Operationally, Internal Audit reports to the Chief Executive, statutory Chief Financial Officer and Monitoring Officer.

Internal audit work at Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Ltd (KNH), a wholly owned and controlled (teckal) subsidiary of the Council, is carried out in the same way as a Council service, and is under the direction of the Council Corporate Governance & Audit Committee, with management input by officers of the company, as with a Council service, and some involvement by the Board of KNH, as necessary to enable them to discharge their responsibilities as Directors.

3.3 **Responsibilities of Internal Audit**

The responsibilities and objectives of Internal Audit are as follows:

- To provide soundly based assurances to management on the adequacy and effectiveness of their internal control, risk and governance arrangements, including ethics, information management and technology.
- To review, appraise and report on the extent to which the assets and interests of the Authority are accounted for and safeguarded from loss.
- To review, appraise and report on the suitability and reliability of financial and other management data and information.
- To assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the Authority's procurement, contract and partnership arrangements.
- To support schools in achieving high standards of control and governance.
- To assess the corporate risk management processes.
- To evaluate the risk of fraud and how it is managed and controlled. To provide corporate fraud and irregularity prevention, detection and investigation services in accordance with the Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Strategy.
- To reach conclusions about the effectiveness of the Council's control environment, and to recommend improvements to management.
- To contribute to assurances in relation to the robustness and reliability of internal controls and governance to support the Annual Governance Statement (AGS).
- To support the achievement of efficiency, value for money and effective change management.
- To provide advisory and consultancy services intended to add value and improve value for money, governance, risk management and control processes.
- To provide advice in respect of the development of new or significant changes to existing programmes and processes including the design of appropriate controls. This is usually through membership of groups, boards or working parties as well as direct contact with officers within Services.
- To support effective procurement.
- To support activities of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee to discharge its responsibilities.
- To support the Service Director of Finance as the Council's Chief Financial (s151) Officer and all senior management in meeting their corporate responsibilities.
- To monitor the implementation of agreed recommendations.
- To plan, manage and operate the internal audit function in an efficient and effective manner.

3.4 Responsibilities and expectations of Internal Auditors

Internal Auditors must exhibit the highest level of professional objectivity in gathering, evaluating, and communicating information about the activity or process being examined, working with honesty, diligence and responsibility. They must always observe the law and respect and contribute to the legitimate and ethical objectives of the Council.

Objectivity:

Internal Auditors must make a balanced assessment of all the relevant circumstances and not be, or appear to be, unduly influenced. This means.

- Not taking part in any activity or relationship that may impair or be presumed to impair their unbiased assessment.
- Declaring any real or perceived interests on an annual basis, or at any time that they recognise any impairment to the objectivity.
- Not accepting anything that may impair or be presumed to impair their professional judgement such as gifts, hospitality, inducements or other benefits from employees, clients, suppliers or other third parties.
- Disclosing all material facts known to them that, if not disclosed, may distort the reporting of activities under review.
- Not using information obtained during duties for personal gain and.
- Complying with the Bribery Act 2010.

Confidentiality:

Internal Auditors must.

- Act prudently when using information acquired in the course of their duties and protecting that information and.
- Not use information (derived or obtained through their official role) for any personal gain.

All records, documentation and information accessed while undertaking internal audit activities are to be used solely for the conduct of these activities. The Head of Internal Audit and all internal audit staff are responsible and accountable for maintaining the confidentiality of the information they receive during their work.

Integrity:

In the conduct of audit work, Internal Audit staff will:

• Comply with relevant professional standards of conduct and perform their work with honesty, diligence and responsibility.

Competency:

Internal Auditors are expected to be competent in their role by:

- Possessing the knowledge, skills and technical proficiency relevant to the performance of their duties.
- Being skilled in dealing with people and communicating audit, risk management and related issues effectively.
- Maintaining their technical competence through a programme of continuous professional development.
- Exercising due professional care in performing their duties; and
- Complying with all requirements of the PSIAS.

Awareness:

• Being alert to the issue of fraud and corruption.

Internal Audit staff must declare any conflict of interest, or potential conflicts of interest, actual or perceived, to their Manager.

3.5 Statement of pre-existing areas of conflict in current audit activity

The Head of Internal Audit – as "Head of Risk" has direct operational responsibility for the Insurance, Risk Management and Corporate Customer Standards (complaints) functions and provides input into certain procurement functions and corporate projects. When audits are required of these areas, the Audit Manager reports direct to the Service Director Legal, Governance & Commissioning. This arrangement helps maintain independence and avoid any conflicts of interest.

On a Consultancy basis, but as a matter of routine, Internal Audit staff provide advice about the methods of financial evaluation of contracts and contractors and carry out on a task specific basis financial evaluation of prospective suppliers to the Council.

Except for these activities, the Internal Audit function has no responsibility for developing or implementing procedures or systems and does not prepare records or engage in processing functions or business activities.

Otherwise, Internal Auditors are not involved in undertaking non audit activities and an Auditor will not be involved in the audit of any system or process for which they had previous operational responsibility (or advised in a consultancy capacity) for a period of two years. <u>This will also apply where</u> an internal auditor is temporarily required to carry out other duties.

Audit responsibilities are periodically rotated to avoid over-familiarity and complacency and to provide for service continuity and resilience.

4. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT AND QUALITY CONTROL

4.1 **Performance Management**

The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee will establish performance measures for the Council, in respect of the control environment, and for the Internal Audit function and consider performance against those measures in reviewing the activity of Internal Audit.

4.2 **Quality Control**

The PSIAS requires the operation of quality assessment and review mechanisms, which must be assessed internally at least annually, and by an external assessor at least every 5 years.

The Head of Internal Audit is responsible for advising the Committee on the appropriateness of measures and targets, and on collecting this information.

The Head of Internal Audit will establish internal quality control and review practices consistent with the requirements of the PSIAS, and report on the outcome of this review work to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee as a part of the Annual Report.

Quality control will include direction and supervision of work performed, the retention of appropriate reliable and relevant evidence to justify findings and conclusions and recommendations, and the internal review and assessment of work, including its preparation in accordance with detailed standards, and compliance with the requirements of PSIAS and CIPFA.

The Head of Internal Audit is responsible for arranging for the external assessment, providing the necessary information, and acting on any outcomes from the assessment. This will be done under the oversight of the Chair of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

The external auditor and other external review agencies may evaluate the work of Internal Audit as part of their assessment of Council activity.

5. <u>REPORTING</u>

The Head of Audit and Risk will report to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

• Quarterly on each piece of work completed in the period, the opinion arising from that work and performance of internal audit (achievement of the annual audit plan (as revised when required), client satisfaction and quality assessment).

• Annually on the overall achievement and assessment of the Council's internal audit work programme, including an opinion on the control system, risk management and governance arrangements, and performance information, such as issuing reports on time, completing work within time allocated.

• Annually on the overall risk environment and the overall planned work on assurance in the forthcoming year, plus any investigative and consultancy tasks. This will include an assessment on the availability of resources, and any impact this may have on the ability to assess the control environment.

• As necessary on any matter impacting on the overall integrity of the Council's control environment, typically indicated by a "no assurance" audit opinion, or on any operational matter that seriously impacts on the delivery of the audit plan or resourcing of the internal audit function.

Internal Audit reports to all levels of management, with reporting of detailed operational work usually being to Service-Directors. The Chief Executive and Strategic Directors receive the full Council wide summary of activity.

6. INTERNAL AUDIT DELIVERY.

- 6.1 The Head of Internal Audit is responsible for the effective use of resources to deliver the Audit Plan.
- 6.2 Delivery is by direct employees of the Council, including trainees and secondees and where necessary temporary and casual employees. The use of specialist consultancy and contractors will be considered if necessary, to deliver specific elements of the workload.
- 6.3 At least annually, the Head of Internal Audit will submit to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee a risk based Internal Audit Plan for review and approval. The plan will consist of a schedule of planned assurance and consultancy work (including some contingency) which will establish resource requirements for the next financial year. This will be balanced between resource requirement and capacity. The standard requires the Head of Internal Audit to advise the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee if the number of resources available compromises the ability to offer appropriate levels of assurance.
 - 6.4 The internal audit plan is based on a risk-based assessment. The current standard -for 2020/21- is to potentially cover all areas of activity from the most significant to the most minor, although prioritisation is to ensuring that assurance coverage concentrates on those areas of highest risk in terms of potential exposure or likelihood of failure, covering both financial and other business controls (where assurance work utilise the responsibilities and processes for control effected by other teams such as Health & Safety).
 - 6.5 Necessary material variations from the approved Internal Audit Plan are reported to and approved by the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

7. <u>PARTNERSHIP, OBTAINING & PROVIDING ASSURANCE TO</u> <u>OTHERS</u>

- 7.1 In respect of operations through partnership and semi-independent organisations:
 - (i) Usually, the Council will require its internal auditors to have access to property, records, documents, and correspondence, in respect of any activity operated or controlled by the organisation working for the Council, and for its auditors to be provided with explanations by officers of the organisation. Contracts and agreement documents will set out these rights where it is appropriate.
 - (ii) The Council (through agreement by the Head of Internal Audit) may agree that alternative review arrangements operated by or on behalf of

the organisation, or independently, will provide sufficient evidence to enable the Council to secure assurance conclusions about the aspects of the effectiveness of the Council's control environment to which the partnership relates, although the Council will retain an ultimate right to review any activity dependent on the Council's funding. In this context the Head of Internal Audit will seek to develop relationships, formalised where practical, with other internal auditors and other review agencies to facilitate this. This may include obtaining all or some elements of assurance from the internal auditors (e.g., employed by local authorities in the sub region) to evaluate the procedures operated by shared partners (such as a regional wide public body) and using such assurance instead of obtaining direct assurance.

- (iii) The Council will, when requested and appropriate, provide assurance (based on work performed) to other partner organisations.
- 7.2 The Council's external auditor has full and free access to any records and work performed by Internal Audit. Action will be taken to coordinate work to avoid any duplication, and to ensure effective mutual working.

The Council provides Internal Audit services to the wholly owned Kirklees Neighbourhood Housing Ltd, for which the council's Corporate Governance & Audit Committee acts as Audit Committee.

- 7.3 The Council provides Internal Audit services to:
 - Kirklees Active Leisure, which is a charitable trust under a service level agreement. Although the Council is the main partner of KAL, audit accountability and reporting is to Kirklees Active Leisure only.
 - The West Yorkshire Fire & Rescue Authority, which is a separate public body. This organisation makes significant use of the Council's financial systems. Audit accountability and reporting is to West Yorkshire Fire & Rescue Service only.

CONTROL ENVIRONMENT - AUDIT WORK

The Control Environment comprises the Council's policies, procedures and operations in place to:

- a) Establish, and monitor the achievement of the organisation's objectives.
- b) Identify, assess and manage the risks to achieving organisational objectives.
- c) Facilitate policy and decision making.
- d) Ensure the economical, effective and efficient use of resources
- e) Ensure compliance with established policies (including behavioural and ethical expectation), procedures, laws and regulations.
- f) Safeguard assets and interests from losses of all kinds, including those arising from fraud, irregularity or corruption; and
- g) Ensure the integrity and reliability of information, accounts and data, including internal and external reporting and accountability processes. This encompasses elements of corporate governance and risk management.

Control Environment audit work utilises a risk based, systematic approach for all control environment work to:

- i) Identify and record the objectives, controls and risks of the system or process.
- ii) Establish the congruence of operational objectives with higher-level corporate objectives.
- iii) Evaluate and review the application of risk management processes and documentation.
- iv) Evaluate the controls in principle to decide whether, or not, they are appropriate and can be reasonably relied upon to achieve their purpose.
- v) Identify any instances of over-control.
- vi) Determine and undertake appropriate tests of the effectiveness of controls, i.e., through compliance or substantive testing.
- vii) Arrive at conclusions and recommendations; and
- viii) Provide a written opinion on the effectiveness of the control environment.

EXTRACT OF FINANCIAL PROCEDURE RULES

Appendix 2 (if approved the amended FPRs for 2021 will be incorporated here)

5. INTERNAL AUDIT (2019 version)

Responsibility & Authority

- 5.1 The Chief Executive (in consultation with the Chief Finance Officer and Monitoring Officer) must arrange and direct a continuous internal audit, which is an independent review of the accounting, financial and other operations of the Council.
- 5.2 The Head of Risk will report directly to the Chief Executive, the Chair of the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee or the External Auditor in any circumstance where the functions and responsibilities of the chief finance officer are being reviewed. (other than routine reporting of work carried out)
- 5.3 The Head of Risk has authority to: -
- (a) Enter at all times any Council premises or land or location from which Council services are provided.
- (b) have access to all property, records, documents and correspondence relating to all activities of the Council.
- (c) require and receive explanations concerning any matter; and
- (d) Require any employee of the Council, without prior notice, to produce cash, stores or any other property for which they are responsible.

The chief finance officer has the same authority for any accounting or associated purpose.

Planning & Reporting

5.4 The Head of Risk must plan and report (in accordance with the approved Audit Strategy and Charter, Public Sector Internal Audit Standards and any instructions from the Councils Corporate Governance & Audit Committee) upon: -

- a) The risks inherent in and associated with each system.
- b) The soundness, adequacy and application of the financial and other management controls and systems within each Service.
- c) The extent of compliance with, and the financial effects of, established policies, plans and procedures.
- d) The extent to which the organisation's Assets and interests are accounted for and safeguarded from losses of all kinds arising from fraud, other offences, waste, extravagance and inefficient administration, poor value for money and other cause.
- e) The suitability, accuracy and reliability of financial and other management data within the organisation; and
- f) Value for money aspects of service provision.

- 5.5 In respect of any audit report or communication issued, the Director must reply within 4 weeks indicating the action proposed or taken, by whom and including target dates. Where a draft report is issued for initial comments a reply must be made within 2 weeks of issue.
- 5.6 The Head of Risk will provide a written summary of the activities of the Internal Audit function to the Cabinet and Corporate Governance & Audit Committee at least four times per year and an Annual Report produced for consideration by Management Board, Cabinet and Corporate Governance & Audit Committee, including an audit opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Council's risk management systems and internal control environment.

The Head of Risk will review the system of internal audit on an annual basis and report the outcome to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

Investigations and Suspected Fraud, Corruption or Bribery.

5.7 The Chief Executive and Directors must ensure that all Members and employees are: -

- a) Aware of the Council's Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption and Anti Bribery Strategy.
- b) Aware of the Whistleblowing Strategy; and
- c) Operating in a way that maximises internal check against inappropriate behaviour.

The Head of Risk is responsible for the development and maintenance of the Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption and Anti Bribery Strategy and Whistleblowing Strategy and for directing the Council's efforts in fraud investigation.

- 5.8 It is the duty of any officer who suspects or becomes aware of any matter which may involve loss or irregularity concerning cash, stores or other property of the Council or any suspected irregularity in the operations or exercise of the functions of the Council to immediately advise the Director. The Director concerned must immediately notify the Head of Risk who may take action by way of investigation and report.
- 5.9 Where, following investigation, the Head of Risk considers that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that a loss has occurred as a result of misappropriation, irregular expenditure or fraud, consultations will be held with the Director on the relevant courses of action, including the possibility of police involvement and the invoking of any internal disciplinary procedure in accordance with the relevant conditions of service. (Claimant fraud in respect of Housing Benefit and Council Tax Reduction and Discounts (where the claimant is not an employee or Member of the Council) is investigated by the Revenue & Benefits Service).

ROLE OF THE "AUDIT COMMITTEE"

Extract from Terms of Reference of Corporate Governance & Audit Committee (May 2019) from the Council Constitution.

6. To consider the council's arrangements relating to internal audit requirements including:

(a) considering the Annual Internal Audit report, reviewing and making recommendations on issues contained therein

(b) monitoring the performance of internal audit

(c) agreeing and reviewing the nature and scope of the Annual Audit Plan

7.To review the adequacy of the council's Corporate Governance arrangements. This will include (but not be limited to) the following:

7.1.Internal control and risk management;

7.2. Oversight of whistleblowing and the Council's whistleblowing policy;

7.3. Oversight of the complaints process and the role of the Local Government Ombudsman;

7.4. Oversight of Information Governance and the role of the ICO;

7.5.To review and approve the annual statement of Corporate Governance.

8. To agree and update regularly the council's Code of Corporate Governance,

monitoring its operation and compliance with it, and using it as a benchmark

against performance for the annual Statement of Corporate Governance.

Monitoring the performance of Internal Audit might include: -

- i) Reviewing the scope, effectiveness and resourcing of the Internal Audit function; (including ensuring its budget is sufficient to achieve the work programme that the Committee considers to be necessary)
- ii) Assessing the balance between routine/unplanned/investigative work and systems /process/probity/unit/investigations/vfm studies/best value review/other work.
- iii) Appraising the accuracy and coverage of the work carried out.
- iv) Reviewing issues arising out of Internal Audit work.
- v) Reviewing management commitment to implementing audit recommendations.
- vi) Performance Management of Internal Audit work.

The Corporate Governance & Audit Committee can in support of its role:

- i) Call for Internal Audit reports to be submitted to it for consideration.
- ii) Commission specific pieces of Internal Audit work; and
- iii) Summon officers, members or other persons to explain their actions, or inactions, in relation to Internal Audit work.

AUDIT PLANNING, RESOURCING AND REPORTING (Detail) 1

Corporate Audit Planning

- 1.1 The Head of Internal Audit is responsible for appropriate planning and deployment of Internal Audit resources by production of: A Strategic Statement of Areas of Auditable Activities and risk. A detailed Annual Audit Plan setting out the specific assignments planned for the year, reflecting risk and priorities and matched to the available resources.
- 1.2 The Annual Audit Plan will identify the work which is necessary to fulfil the following obligations: Assurance on effectiveness of internal controls to deliver efficient operations, safeguard the Council's assets and ensure compliance with relevant legislation, regulations, policies and procedures Including:
- (i) Assurance on key internal controls
- (ii) Assurance on financial processes and systems.
- (iii) General assurance on other business systems and processes.
- (iv) Opinion on Risk Management
- (v) Opinion on Governance Arrangements
- 1.3 The level of resources allocated and work planned need to be balanced, to provide the levels of assurance, and other activities, that are expected as outcomes.

2 Risk Assessment

- 2.1 Both of the Strategic and Annual Plans are prepared based on an assessment of risk. Although this can be made ostensibly scientific, at its heart is professional judgement about the: -
- i) Importance of a risk area.
- ii) Existing level of internal control and risk management.
- iii) Materiality.
- iv) Significance in terms of organisational impact, sensitivity and accountability.
- v) Previous coverage and experience and knowledge gained by Internal Audit; and
- vi) Coverage by other review agencies.
- 2.2 The key financial systems will usually be subject to triennial review. The frequency of review of other business, governance and major and medium risk financial systems and processes will typically be between 3 and 5 years.-Some operational units and minor financial and business processes will be subject to audit work less frequently than every 5 years.
- 2.3 Any consultancy work will be separate from the control environment work and be based against specific objectives agreed with the Director responsible before the work commences.

3 Other Audit Work

- 3.1 Internal Audit will have the opportunity to determine if they wish to investigate any suspected irregularity or inappropriate behaviour by officers of the Council, its partners, suppliers or Service users which involves the potential misuse or loss of the Council's resources, including cash, stores, or other amounts. The Anti-Fraud, Anti-Corruption & Anti-Bribery Strategy and the Financial Procedure Rules set down a procedure for investigation, reporting and decision making. The exceptions to this are the investigation of customer claims for Council Tax Reduction, Housing Benefit, Blue Badges, Right to Buy and other means tested care provision (which are at April 2020 the responsibility of the Investigation Team, Revenue & Benefits Service, although arrangements for the management of this team may change during 2020/21) and investigations into the misuse of Council paid time (e.g. inappropriate absence from work) which, along with nonresource based disciplinary matters, are the responsibility of Service management.
- 3.2 In order to test compliance by management in implementing agreed recommendations Internal Audit will follow up all cases where planned audit work identified that a system or process was considered to offer only limited assurance, or no assurance (see tables 6.3 and 6.4) and in a sample of other cases. In the case of investigations, or consultancy, any outcome which results in agreed recommendations for improvements to process will also be subject to further review

4 Audit Resources

- 4.1 The Strategic Audit Plan includes a schedule of risks areas with an assessment of their nature and potential severity in terms of probability and impact.
- 4.2 At the start of each year, an Annual Plan will be prepared that looks at the degree of risk, based on the extent of assessed severity, and the date and findings of the previous work.
- 4.3 The Annual Plan needs to be interactively monitored against emerging risks, with the Plan being amended to reflect need, to ensure that resources are deployed on a priority basis.
- 4.4 The Head of Internal Audit will have the authority to change the plan to achieve this objective, and report back as a part of quarterly reporting of any significant changes made.
- 4.5 The Head of Internal Audit must monitor to ensure that there is sufficient resource to enable adequate coverage, and report at least annually on this.
- 4.6 The Annual Plan (IA control version) will include an allocation of days for each assignment (based on an expectation of an adequate arrangement)
- 4.7 In addition to the programmed audit work there needs to be time allowed:i) As a contingency for dealing with unexpected issues/delays in planned
 - work.
 - ii) To allow for un-programmed work and investigations.

5 Audit Assignments

- 5.1 Each specific Internal Audit assignment will identify its objectives and a time allocation and be either:
- (i) Subject to a routine audit programme developed in relation to the activity; or
- (ii) Subject to a specific audit brief developed for the specific task and agreed with the client. (This can be either an infrequent piece of assurance work, or a unique piece of consultancy).
- 5.2 Prior to the commencement of routine audits, Internal Audit will usually inform the manager responsible for the Service area under review about the purpose, scope and expected timing of the work. However, for some types of audit, such as special investigations, advance warning of the audit visit may not be appropriate, and this is at the discretion of the Head of Internal Audit.
- 5.3 Internal audit work will look to assess and provide information on the:
 - i) Soundness, adequacy and application of the financial and other management controls and systems within each Service.
 - ii) Extent of compliance with, and the financial effects of, established policies, plans and procedures.
 - iii) Extent to which the organisation's assets and interests are accounted for and safeguarded from losses of all kinds arising from fraud, other offences, waste, extravagance, and inefficient administration, poor value for money and other cause.
 - iv) Suitability, accuracy and reliability of financial and other management data within the organisation; and (where applicable)
 - v) Value for money aspects of service provision
- 5.4 During the conduct of reviews, Internal Audit staff will consult, orally and/or in writing, with relevant officers to:
 - i) Ensure information gathered is accurate and properly interpreted.
 - ii) Allow management to put their case to ensure that a balanced assessment is made.
 - iii) Keep management informed on the progress of the audit.
 - iv) Ensure recommendations are cost effective and practicable; and
 - v) Ensure that all recommendations agreed are followed up and that action has been taken leading to implementation.
- 5.5 Whatever the source of the evidence, Internal Audit must be satisfied as to its nature, reliability, completeness and relevance before drawing conclusions.
- 5.6 Internal Audit "working papers" (paper and electronic) will contain the principal evidence to support reports and they also provide the basis for review of work by documenting:
 - i) Planning.
 - ii) Examination and evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls.
 - iii) The audit procedures employed, the information obtained, and the conclusions reached.
 - iv) The management reviews
 - v) The report; and (as applicable, if any)
 - vi) Follow up.

5.7. The Auditor and Audit Manager will use their best endeavours to deliver the completed assignment within the time allocated and the timescale determined. This may not be possible due to inability to access key staff, other programming difficulties, the state of the records and information presented.

System Chart for Audit Reporting Carry out Audit ţ Write report T. Issue draft to client (with indicative opinion) Ţ - Week 2 informal ↓ Reminders Ţ - Week 3 formal - Week 5 formal (reported to Performance Manager) Ţ ţ (Reply) Т Amend report ţ Final report to Head of Service (with opinion see note A) Ţ ↓ Reminders - Week 3 informal (reported to Performance Manager) Ţ Manager) Ť (Reply) Ţ (Further response copied to Director if necessary) ***** Identify if appropriate for follow up (sample) (including timescale) Carry out follow up audit L Report on findings (usually by letter/memo) Ţ Seek response (follow process as above) Notes; If the opinion is 'limited assurance/no assurance' copy this report to the Director responsible. The 'Performance Manager' is usually the 'supervisor' of the officer mentioned.

6 Audit Reporting

6.1 Internal Audit Reports

In respect of each assignment Internal Audit will produce a written report. This will usually set out summary information about the objectives and the work performed providing detail of any adverse findings on an "exception only basis" setting out the extent to which operations fail to conform to the established standard, and other important matters identified, stating the conclusions reached and recommendations, with an Action Plan to address these recommendations.

Where a report is issued, generally this will initially be in the form of a draft report, issued to the auditee and line manager, for comment on factual accuracy and the potential practicality of draft recommendations. Services can indicate at this stage if they agree with the recommendations and how they intend to action them. This will be usually issued by email In respect of investigative work, the draft report (when produced) will be discussed with the responsible Director (or nominee). For consultancy work, the draft will be discussed with the commissioning manager. On occasions where there are no adverse findings or recommendations, a report may progress to final stage without a draft being necessary.

The final Internal Audit report will be issued to the Service Director (or where agreed, the Strategic Director). An accompanying letter or email will indicate the Internal Audit opinion on the state of the system / process at the time the audit was undertaken, (and if the report is to feature in detail in subsequent reporting, a summary text).

6.2 Management Response

A formal written reply is required. This should indicate specifically:

- i) That the recommendations are accepted, and actions are to be taken, including timescale and the names of individual officers who are specifically responsible for their implementation.
- ii) That specific recommendations are not accepted. The reason should be provided, and any alternative actions should be listed.
 A reply is not required where there are no recommendations, or when a detailed response was made at draft stage.
 At this stage the matter will be considered to be finalised, except where the actions / inactions proposed under (ii) appear unjustified or unclear whereupon if the Head of Internal Audit believes the rejection or alternatives are unreasonable, further discussions will take place, and if necessary the matter will be reported to the relevant Strategic Director, or through the Internal Audit reporting process to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

Management should respond to Internal Audit reports as quickly as possible, and within the following maximum timescales established in FPRs.

Draft Reports: Within 2 weeks of issue

Final Reports: Within 4 weeks of issue

Failure to adhere to the above timescales will be reported to Corporate Governance & Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

6.3 Audit Opinion

The report will express an opinion on the level of assurance that is offered by the system/ process at the time the audit work was undertaken. In respect of any audit work where the specific objective is to assess value for money, the opinion will reflect the assurance of the extent that current arrangements do or are likely to deliver value for money. Where value for money is one of several objectives, a separate opinion will be stated (on the grounds that a system may be highly effective in respect of the controls that it provides but does not do so in a way that is efficient).

Assurance level	Control Adequacy	Control Application
Substantial Assurance	A robust framework of all key controls exist that is likely to ensure that objective will be achieved	Controls are applied continuously or with only minor lapses
Adequate Assurance	A sufficient framework of all key controls exist that is likely to result in objectives being achieved, but the overall control framework could be stronger	Controls are applied but with some lapses
Limited	Risk exists of objectives not being	Significant breakdown in
Assurance	achieved due to the absence of several key controls in the system	the application of several key and/or other controls
No	Significant risk exists of objectives not	Serious breakdown in the
Assurance	being achieved due to the absence of key controls in the system	application of key controls

6.4 The assurance is judgement based, around the following criteriacalculated as follows;

Assurance	Fundamental	Significant	Merits Attention
Level			
Substantial Assurance	There are no fundamental recommendations	There is no more than 1 significant recommendation	There are no more than 5 merits attention recommendations
Adequate Assurance	There are no fundamental recommendations	There are 2 to 4 significant recommendations	There are 6 to 10 merits attention recommendations
Limited Assurance	There are 1 or more fundamental recommendations	There are more than 4 significant recommendations	There are more than 10 merits attention recommendations
No Assurance	The number of fundamental recommendations made reflects an unacceptable control environment	Not applicable	Not applicable

Although the above is a general assessment model, there will be an element of discretion, as a single fundamental failing can, in certain circumstances, mean that an entire operation offers no assurance.

6.5 Prioritisation of Recommendations

Audit recommendations are allocated a priority rating to signify the risk, or level of internal control weaknesses, associated with the issue identified. The ratings used are: -

Priority Rating	Guidance
Fundamental	A recommendation, often requiring immediate action that is key to maintaining an appropriate control environment and thereby avoiding exposure to a significant risk to the achievement of the objectives of the system, process or location under review.
Significant	A recommendation requiring action that is necessary to improve the control environment and thereby avoid exposure to a risk to the achievement of the objectives of the system, process or location under review.
Merits Attention	A recommendation where action is advised to enhance control or improve operational efficiency.

6.6 Acting on Audit Reports

The responsibility for implementation of audit recommendations - and the right to reject Internal Audit advice - lies with the Service Director. Where audit work identifies that a system or process is unsatisfactory (or the management actions proposed to a system which is generally satisfactory are considered inappropriate) Internal Audit will advise the relevant Director.

- 6.7 Consolidating Information to form Overall Opinions and Advice In respect of key financial systems, the overall opinion on the system will often be informed by several discrete pieces of work. In addition, Internal Audit will also analyse various discrete audit assignments to ascertain if information or advice of benefit to a wider audience of managers can be obtained and distributed.
- 6.8 Corporate Management Reporting Internal Audit will produce
- i) A Quarterly Report on Internal Audit activity
- ii) An Annual Report on Internal Audit activity expressing an opinion on the integrity and appropriateness of all significant financial systems and business control systems.

The Quarterly Report will contain details of work which has been finalised and agreed in the period, including.

i) Specific details of all investigations, special studies and reviews and nonstandard work.

- ii) Summary information on systems and processes reviewed, and key reasons or findings when the system is providing only 'limited assurance' or 'no assurance').
- iii) Information about all follow up work; and
- iv) Information about any senior managers who have failed to comply with their obligations.

The report will indicate if.

- i) At the time of the audit, the system or process reviewed provided "substantial", "adequate"," limited" or "no" assurance
- ii) Management have not agreed the recommendations; and
- iii) In the case of follow up work if agreed recommendations have not been implemented.

The report will be presented to the Chief Executive and Strategic Directors and formally to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

The Annual Report will use information from the Quarterly Reports and analyse this against systems and across Service areas to provide an opinion in respect of those systems and arrangements that have been subject to review during the year of.

- i) All major financial and business systems.
- ii) Other business control systems.
- iii) The overall quality of the operation of control systems in individual Service areas; and
- iv) An overall assessment of risk, and governance.

The report will be presented to the Chief Executive and Strategic Directors and formally to the Corporate Governance & Audit Committee.

7. Management responsibilities

I

- 7.1 It is the responsibility of operational managers, Heads of Service, Service Directors, Strategic Directors and Cabinet Members to implement and operate control systems which accord with statute, Council policy and organisation rules (e.g., Financial Procedure Rules).
- 7.2 They must ensure that appropriate records are kept and maintained as necessary to comply, and demonstrate compliance with their requirements, and ensure that staff employed are suitably skilled and trained.
- 7.3 Managers must ensure that appropriate access is granted for Internal Audit to employees, premises, and records.
- 7.4 Accountability for the responses to the advice and recommendations of Internal Audit lies with management, who must either accept and implement the advice, offer an alternative action that addresses the deficiency identified (which is acceptable to Internal Audit), or formally reject it.
- 7.5 It is the responsibility of managers to establish systems and procedures to deter, prevent and detect fraud, corruption and bribery and suspected fraud, corruption and bribery.

The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS)

The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards took effect from 1 April 2013 and apply to almost all public organisations in the UK. They are based on a development of international standards for internal auditing, largely developed by the Institute of Internal Auditors.

The document produced is mandatory guidance which states the fundamental requirements for the professional practice of internal auditing and for evaluating the effectiveness of Internal Audit's performance.

These standards in local authorities are supplemented by additional guidance from CIPFA that has regulatory authority for local government in the UK. This includes substantial checklists of process and procedure.

The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards use several specific terms. These include terms which in the Council are as shown below in preparing this charter.

Term in the Public Sector Internal Audit	Interpretation in this Charter
Standards	Document
Chief Audit Executive	Head of Audit & Risk
Board	Corporate Governance & Audit
	Committee
Senior Management	Chief Executive and Strategic
	Directors

The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards document makes several statements as regards employment arrangements of the Chief Audit Executive. Whilst the UK standard and CIPFA identifies that some of the stated practices are not relevant to local government, these rules do look to transfer some employment related matters away from purely the executive arm of the organisation, by involving requirement of the Board.

Statement of the responsibilities of management

- 1. It is the responsibility of management to establish sound and adequate operational systems and processes designed to achieve the organisation's objectives efficiently and effectively. It is their responsibility to organise operations efficiently in a way that achieves required outcomes, statutory compliance and adequate levels of internal control, including as appropriate matters such as the correct management of information. Senior managers must ensure that operational managers understand their role, operate systems as designed and intended, train staff appropriately in the required systems and procedures, and keep and retain adequate records. It is the responsibility of managers to establish systems and procedures to deter, prevent and detect fraud, corruption and bribery
- 2. In dealing with internal audit managers should.
- Arrange appointments for planned audit work promptly.
- Respond diligently and promptly to any unplanned visit or request for information.
- Have appropriate records and accesses available as necessary to assist the audit work.
- Have the appropriate staff available to describe any system or arrangement, and answer questions or resolve queries as the audit work progresses.
- Be available to discuss the conclusions of audit work and any recommendations.
- Reply promptly to any draft audit report.
- Reply promptly to any final audit report.
- Complete any necessary action plan indicating agreement or otherwise.
- Implement agreed actions.
- 3. In respect of assurance, consulting or other activity (such as investigations) it is the role of Internal Audit to assess and report independently on systems and process and the efficiency and effectiveness of an activity. Whilst management will be consulted, and their comments considered, and can seek to offer advice and opinion, the auditor is responsible for production of the report based on the evidence that they have available. Managers are not required to agree with the conclusions reached.
- 4. Managers are not required to implement audit recommendations. Where they believe that a recommendation is inappropriate, they should say why. Where they would prefer an alternative action, they should propose this.
- 5. Although internal auditors will always attempt to be helpful, their role is to provide assurance and specific consulting, and it is not their prime role to offer advisory services, although they can often be a useful final arbiter if there is a lack of clarity about appropriateness of a procedure, or interpretation of a rule or requirement.
- 6. The Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer (s 151 officer) and Monitoring Officer are ultimately responsible for the implementation of matters as required by their statutory responsibilities.

Page 288



The Annual Audit Letter for Kirklees Council

Year ended 31 March 2020

15 March 2021



Page 289

Contents



Your key Grant Thornton team members are:

> Jon Roberts Key Audit Partner T: 0117 305 7699 E: jon.roberts@uk.gt.com

Stephen Nixon Senior Manager T: 0161 234 6362 E: stephen.r.nixon@uk.gt.com

Aaron Gouldman

Assistant Manager T: 0161 214 3678

Section	
1. Executive Summary	3
2. Audit of the Financial Statements	5
3. Value for Money conclusion	11

Appendix

Reports issued and fees А

Executive Summary

Purpose

Our Annual Audit Letter (Letter) summarises the key findings arising from the work that we have carried out at Kirklees Council (the Council) for the year ended 31 March 2020 and its subsidiary and joint venture (the group).

This Letter is intended to provide a commentary on the results of our work to the group and external stakeholders, and to highlight issues that we wish to draw to the attention of the public. In preparing this Letter, we have followed the National Audit Office (NAO)'s Code of Audit Practice and Auditor Guidance Note (AGN) 07 – 'Auditor Reporting'. We reported the detailed findings from our audit work to the Council's Corporate Governance and Audit Committee as those charged with governance in our Audit Findings Report on 24 November 2020.

Respective responsibilities

We have carried out our audit in accordance with the NAO's Code of Audit Practice, which reflects the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (the Act). Our key responsibilities are to:

- give an opinion on the Council and group's financial statements (section two)
- assess the Council's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources (the value for money conclusion) (section three).

In our audit of the Council and group's financial statements, we comply with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs) and other guidance issued by the NAO.

Our work

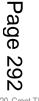
Materiality	We determined materiality for the audit of the Council's financial statements to be £13,250,000, which is 1.28% of the Council's gross cost of services. We determined materiality for the audit of the group's financial statements to be £13,370,000, which is 1.29% of the group's gross cost of services.	
Financial Statements opinion	We gave an unqualified opinion on the group's financial statements on 29 January 2021.	
Whole of Government Accounts (WGA)	completed work on the Council's consolidation return following guidance issued by the NAO.	
Use of statutory powers	We did not identify any matters which required us to exercise our additional statutory powers.	

Executive Summary

Value for Money arrangements	Me were satisfied that the Council put in place proper arrangements to ensure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We reflected this in our audit report to the Council on 29 January 2021.	
Certificate	We certified that we have completed the audit of the financial statements of Kirklees Councilin accordance with the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice on 15 March 2021.	

Working with the Council

We would like to record our appreciation for the assistance and co-operation provided to us during our audit by the Council's staff, particularly given the challenging priorities they faced as a result of their work in responding to the Covid-19 pandemic. The Council's collaborative approach enabled us to complete the 2019/20 audit by working remotely and holding virtual meetings with Council staff and the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee.



Grant Thornton UK LLP March 2021

Our audit approach

Materiality

In our audit of the group's financial statements, we use the concept of materiality to determine the nature, timing and extent of our work, and in evaluating the results of our work. We define materiality as the size of the misstatement in the financial statements that would lead a reasonably knowledgeable person to change or influence their economic decisions.

We determined materiality for the audit of the group financial statements to be £13,370,000, which is 1.29% of the group's gross cost of services. We determined materiality for the audit of the Council's financial statements to be £13,250,000, which is 1.28% of the Council's gross cost of services. We used this benchmark as, in our view, users of the group and Council's financial statements are most interested in where the group and Council has spent its revenue in the year.

We also set a lower level of specific materiality for Senior Officer Emoluments. This item merits a lower materiality than financial statement level materiality due to being of particular interest to the public.

We set a lower threshold of £20,000, above which we reported errors to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee in our Audit Findings Report.

The scope of our audit

Our audit involves obtaining sufficient evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements to give reasonable assurance that they are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes assessing whether:

- the accounting policies are appropriate, have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- · the significant accounting estimates made by management are reasonable; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements gives a true and fair view.

We also read the remainder of the Statement of Accounts to check it is consistent with our understanding of the Council and with the financial statements included in the Statement of Accounts on which we gave our opinion.

We carry out our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK) and the NAO Code of Audit Practice. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our audit approach was based on a thorough understanding of the group's business and is risk based.

We identified key risks and set out overleaf the work we performed in response to these risks and the results of this work.

Significant Audit Risks

These are the significant risks which had the greatest impact on our overall strategy and where we focused more of our work.

Risks identified in our audit plan	How we responded to the risk	Findings and conclusions
Covid-19 Authority and Group The global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus pandemic has led to imprecedented uncertainty for all organisations, requiring urgent business continuity arrangements to be implemented. We expect surrent circumstances will have an impact on the production and audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, including and not limited to; remote w orking arrangements and redeployment of staff to critical front line duties may impact on the quality and timing of the production of the financial statements, and the evidence we can obtain through physical observation volatility of financial and property markets will increase the uncertainty of assumptions applied by management to asset valuation and receivable recovery estimates, and the reliability of evidence w e can obtain to corroborate management estimates financial uncertainty will require management to reconsider financial forecasts supporting their going concern assessment and w hether material uncertainties for a period of at least 12 months from the anticipated date of approval of the audited financial statements have arisen; and disclosures within the financial statements will require significant revision to reflect the unprecedented situation and its impact on the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 March 2020 in accordance with IAS1, particularly in relation to material uncertainties.	 In response to the risk identified w e: w orked with management to understand the implications the Covid-19 pandemic had on the organisation's ability to prepare the financial statements and update financial forecasts, and assessed the implications for our materiality calculations. No changes were made to materiality levels previously reported. The draft financial statements were provided on 31 July 2020; liaised with other audit suppliers, regulators and government departments to co-ordinate practical crosssector responses to issues as and when they arose. Examples include the material uncertainty disclosed by the Council's property valuation expert and pension fund actuary; evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements that arose in light of the Covid-19 pandemic; evaluated whether sufficient audit evidence could be obtained through remote technology; evaluated management's assumptions that underpin the revised financial forecasts and the impact on management's going concern assessment; and engaged the use of auditor experts for higher risk audited bodies such as Kirklees Council for property asset valuations. 	Management have included a material uncertainty in the financial statements regarding land and buildings valuation arising from the global pandemic as w e w ould expect to see. Management have also included a material uncertainty regarding the Council's share of West Yorkshire Pension Fund property funds and personal equity investments w ithin Note 5 (Estimation Uncertainty) arising from the audit. We have no other specific matters to report concerning the risk identified.

Significant Audit Risks - continued

These are the risks which had the greatest impact on our overall strategy and where we focused more of our work.

Risks identified in our audit plan	How we responded to the risk	Findings and conclusions
Valuation of land, buildings, dwellings and investment property – Authority The Authority re-values its land and buildings on a three-yearly basis. In the intervening years, such as 2019/20, to ensure the carrying value in the Authority financial statements is not materially different from the current value or the fair value (for surplus assets) at the financial statements date, the Authority requests a desktop valuation from its valuation expert to ensure that there is no material difference. Where a rolling valuation programme is used, the Authority needs to ensure the carrying value of land and buildings in the financial statements that is not formally revalued during the year is not materially different from the current value or the fair value at 31 March 2020. This valuation represents a significant estimate by management in the financial statements due to the size of the numbers involved and the sensitivity of this estimate to changes in key assumptions. Additionally, Council Dw elling valuations are based on Existing Use Value, discounted by a factor to reflect that the assets are used for Social Housing. The adjustment factor is prescribed in Government guidance, but this guidance indicates that w here a valuer has evidence that this factor is different in the Authority's area, they can use their more accurate local factor. There is a risk that the Authority's application of these assumptions is not in line with the statutory requirements and that the valuation is not supported by evidence indicating that the social housing factor is not appropriate to use. Council dw ellings and investment properties are revalued annually by management's expert to provide a Fair Value valuation. We identified valuation of land and buildings as a significant risk, afforne of the most significant risks of material misstatement, and a Ky audit matter. Follow ing issue of the Audit Plan, the significant risk, are one of the high values and level of estimation involved.	 Our audit w ork included, but w as not restricted to: evaluating management's assessment of the valuation of land, buildings, dw ellings and investment property, gaining an understanding of the valuation process, including the key controls and assumptions used by management; evaluating management's assessment that land and buildings not subject to the triennial valuation are not materially misstated at 31 March 2020; critically assessing how key assumptions, such as the location, floor area, market vale, VAT recognition and the useful economic lives of the assets are determined by the Authority; evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's valuation experts; challenging the information used by the valuer to assess its completeness and consistency with our understanding; evaluating the beacons used for the council dw elling valuation in order to ensure that the classes used were appropriate and reflected the Authority's housing stock, as well as challenging the basis of valuation of such beacons. challenging the social housing discount factor used by the Council in determining the value of dw ellings; engaging our own valuer to assess the instructions issued to the Authority's valuer by management, the valuer's report and the assumptions that underpin the valuation; and testing, on a sample basis, revaluations made during the year to ensure they have been input correctly into the Authority's asset register and financial statements. 	As, disclosed in note 5 (Assumptions and Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty) to the financial statements, in applying the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Valuation Global Standards 2020 ('Red Book'), the valuer has declared a material valuation uncertainty' in their valuation report. This is on the basis of uncertainties in the markets caused by Covid-19. The valuation exercise was carried out in December 2019 with a valuation date of 31 March 2020. The values in the valuation report have been used to inform the measurement of property assets at valuation in the financial statements. With the valuer having declared this material valuation uncertainty, the valuer has continued to exercise professional judgement in providing the valuation and management believes this remains the best information available to the Authority. We identified an overstatement of tw o care home valuations by £5m due to an error in the number of bedrooms used to derive the valuation. We have review ed all care home valuations to ensure that the error does not extend beyond the tw oidentified. Subject to the above adjustment, we have obtained sufficient audit assurance to conclude that: • the basis of the valuation of land, buildings, dw ellings and investment property was appropriate • the assumptions and processes used by management in determining the estimate of valuation of property were reasonable; and • the valuation of land, buildings, dw ellings and investment property disclosed in the financial statements is reasonable.

Significant Audit Risks - continued

These are the risks which had the greatest impact on our overall strategy and where we focused more of our work.

Risks identified in our audit plan	How we responded to the risk	Findings and conclusions
Valuation of pension fund net liability – Authority and Group The Authority's pension fund net liability, as reflected in its balance sheet as the net defined benefit liability, represents a significant estimate in the financial statements and group accounts. The pension fund net liability is considered a significant estimate due to the size of the numbers involved (£824m in the Authority's 2019/20 balance sheet provided for audit) and the sensitivity of the estimate to changes in key assumptions. We therefore identified valuation of the Authority's pension fund net liability as a significant assessed risks of material misstatement, and a key audit matter. Since issuing the Audit Plan we have also identified the Valuation of the pension fund liability as a significant risk to the Group due to the values and level of estimation involved regarding the share of the liability for Kirklees Neighbourhood Homes Ltd. This is how ever not considered a key audit matter for the Group.	 Our audit w ork included, but w as not restricted to: evaluating the accounting policy for the Authority's membership of the West Yorkshire Pension Fund (WYPF) for appropriateness and compliance with the Code of Practice for Local Authority Accounting 2019/20; gaining an understanding of the processes and controls put in place by management to ensure that the Authority's pension fund net liability w as not materially misstated and evaluating the design of the associated controls; assessing the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the actuary w ho carried out the pension fund valuation; testing the consistency of the pension fund asset and liability and disclosures in the notes to the core financial statements with the actuarial report from the actuary; engaging with the auditors of WYPF to identify, document and evaluate the procedures and controls used by WYPF to establish the accuracy and completeness of the source data, and over the provision of this source data, to the actuary for the purposes of preparing the triennial valuation, updating our understanding of the Authority's agreement with WYPF; evaluating the instructions issued by management to their management expert (an actuary) for these estimates and the scope of the actuary is work; assessing the work of the subsidiary (KNH) auditor regarding the WYPF pension liability and review of the KNH assumptions in arriving at their net pension liability; assessing the accuracy and completeness of the information provided to the actuary to the underlying records. 	 Management adjusted the first draft version of accounts for audit to correct an error made in the pension fund valuation made by and identified by AoN, the scheme actuary. The Pensions disclosure note figures and related entries were amended for the AoN notified error. Areas amended include the Narrative Report, estimation uncertainty note 5, Note 25 Other LT liabilities, Note 27 Unusable reserves. This increased the net pension fund liability by £10.536m. During the course of the audit the WYPF external auditor notified that they were placing an emphasis of matter in their audit opinion regarding uncertainty in the valuation of level 3 direct and pooled property within the fund (£347m) and regarding level 3 private equity in the fund (£1,514m). As a result we requested that this estimation uncertainty is reflected in Note 5 to the Kirklees accounts (Assumptions and Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty). The WYPF external auditors also identified an extrapolated overstatement of pension fund investments of £68.8m. Management have revisited their investment valuation with WYPF who approximate the Kirklees Council share of the overstatement to be £8.35m. Management have not adjusted the accounts for this error as it is not material and is based upon an estimated extrapolated value. This is reported at Appendix C. Subject to the amendments made by the Authority to the draft financial statements pre-commencement of the audit and the unadjusted misstatements referred to in the Audit Findings Report, we obtained sufficient audit assurance to conclude that: the basis of the valuation of the net pension fund liability was appropriate and the assumptions and processes used by management in determining the estimate were reasonable; and the valuation of the pension fund net liability disclosed in the financial statements is reasonable.

Significant Audit Risks - continued

These are the risks which had the greatest impact on our overall strategy and where we focused more of our work.

Risks identified in our audit plan	How we responded to the risk	Findings and conclusions
Management override of controls - Authority Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a non-rebuttable presumed risk that the risk of management over-ride of controls is present in all entities. The Authority faces external scrutiny of its spending and this could potentially place management under undue pressure in terms of how they report performance. We therefore identified management override of control, in particular journals, management estimates and transactions outside the course of business as a significant risk, w hich w as one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement.	 We have undertaken the follow ing procedures in relation to this risk: evaluated the design effectiveness of management controls over journals analysed the journals listing and determined the criteria for selecting high risk or unusual journals tested high risk and unusual journals recorded for appropriateness and corroboration gained an understanding of the accounting estimates and critical judgements applied by management and considered their reasonableness with regard to corroborative evidence evaluated the rationale for changes in accounting policies, estimates or significant unusual transactions. 	Our review of journal postings made by officers did not raise any matters requiring further investigation. For 2019/20 management adopted a triennial revaluation cycle for land and buildings replacing the five yearly cycle that operated previously. We consider that this change will lead to more responsiveness to valuation movements and consequently a more accurate valuation in the balance sheet. Management also revisited their disclosure in Note 5 Assumptions and Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty. Reference to Provisions w as removed as not considered to be a source of material estimation uncertainty. Otherw ise, our audit w ork has not identified any issues in respect of management override of controls w hich w e w ish to bring to your attention.
Improper revenue recognition - Authority Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a rebuttable presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue. This presumption can be rebutted if the auditor concludes that there is no risk of material misstatement due to fraud relating to revenue recognition.	 Having considered the risk factors set out in ISA240 and the nature of the revenue streams at the Authority, we determined at the planning stage that the risk of fraud arising from revenue recognition can be rebutted, because: there is little incentive to manipulate revenue recognition opportunities to manipulate revenue recognition are very limited the culture and ethical framew orks of local authorities, including Kirklees Metropolitan Council, mean that all forms of fraud are seen as unacceptable. 	The presumed risk was rebutted at the planning stage of the audit for the reasons given.

Audit opinion

We gave an unqualified opinion on the group's financial statements on 29 January 2021. This was later than the target date of 30 November 2020 to enable sufficient audit evidence to be gathered in response to the significant risk regarding the valuation of the net pension fund liability and other closing matters.

Preparation of the financial statements

The Council presented us with draft financial statements in July 2020 in accordance with the MHCLG deadline, and provided a good set of working papers to support them. The finance team responded promptly and efficiently to our queries during the course of the audit.

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic the audit was conducted remotely and using virtual contact with the finance team.

Issues arising from the audit of the financial statements

We reported the key issues from our audit, as set out in the Report to the Council's Corporate Governance and Audit Committee on 24 November 2020 and provided an update to the Committee on 20 January 2021.

Annual Governance Statement and Narrative Report

We are also required to review the Council's Annual Governance Statement and Narrative Report. It published them on its website alongside the draft Statement of Accounts in July 2020.

Both documents were prepared in line with the CIPFA Code and relevant supporting guidance. We confirmed that both documents were consistent with the financial statements prepared by the Council and with our knowledge of the Council.

Whole of Government Accounts (WGA)

We carry out a review of the Council's Group consolidation pack in line with instructions provided by the NAO. We issued an assurance statement which did not identify any issues for the group auditor to consider on 15 March 2021. The work was delayed due to technical issues with HM Treasury's OSCAR system, used to submit WGA information for audit. These issues are not unique to Kirklees Council but are now resolved.

Certificate of closure of the audit

We certified that we have completed the audit of the financial statements of Kirklees Council in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Audit Practice on 15 March 2021.

Page 298

Value for Money conclusion

Background

We carried out our review in accordance with the NAO Code of Audit Practice, following the guidance issued by the NAO in April 2020 which specified the criterion for auditors to evaluate:

In all significant respects, the audited body takes properly informed decisions and deploys resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people.

Key findings

299

Our first step in carrying out our work was to perform a risk assessment and identify the risks where we concentrated our work.

We identified one significant risk regarding the financial pressures faced by the Council in setting and achieving its 2019/20 budget and medium term financial plan. Since issuing the 2019/20 audit opinion, the full Council has met on 10 February 2021 and approved a balanced revenue budget for 2021/22 together with forecast spending plans for the 2022-26 period. The four years following 2021/22 reflect budget gaps which the Council needs to address based upon the financial funding regime for future years.

The risk we identified and the work we performed is set out overleaf. No further risks were identified during the course of our audit. This includes thorough consideration of the impact of Covid-19 on the Council and Group.

We reported our Value for Money conclusion work to the Council in our Audit Findings Report which was presented to the Corporate Governance and Auti Committee in November 2020 and again in January 2021.

Overall Value for Money conclusion

We are satisfied that in all significant respects the Council put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ending 31 March 2020.

Value for Money conclusion

Value for Money Risk

Risks identified in our audit plan	How we responded to the risk	Findings and conclusions
Sustainable Resource Deployment - Financial Sustainability The Council in common with other councils, continues to operate under significant financial pressures. For 2019/20, the Council planned to deliver a balanced outturn position but to achieve this, needed to deliver planned savings. We identified the risk that the Council does not meet its 2019/20 budget position or have appropriate arrangements in place to review its savings plans and take full account of the Covid-19 related expenditure and income in the Medium-Term Financial Plan.	 reviewing the achievement of planned savings during 2019/20; and 	The Council operates under significant financial pressures, however, it continues to have effective arrangements in place to routinely monitor its budget and take appropriate action to mitigate against any significant variances or additional calls on resources. The Council originally agreed a net revenue budget for 2019/20 of £294.7m. Subsequently, following a net transfer to reserves of totalling £7.6m, the revised budget was £287.1m and this was achieved by the Council. The Council planned to deliver £7.7 million savings in 2019/20 as part of the 2020-23 Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP). The actual savings delivered were £6.5m. The balance was met through unplanned non-recurrent savings. Whilst the Council has a savings target for 2020/21 of £3m, it has a good record of delivering the savings required and considers the savings targets are achievable. Covid-19 had a significant impact on the Council from mid March 2020, with additional costs to support operational services, lost income, and implications of potential reduced council tax and business rates payments. For the majority of 2019/20 the Covid-19 impact was limited given it commenced during March 2020. The cost impact for 2020/21 has been estimated by the Council at £26.5m which is met by government support. However there is also a forecast Covid-19 income loss pressure of £11.4m which is not fully met by government support. The 2020/21 Q2 budget report shows an overspend of £5.5m against the revised General Fund revenue budget of £305.9m. Of this, £3.7m was Covid-19 related income losses. The Council continues to effectively manage its financial position and is dealing with the impact of Covid-19 and has plans in place to deal with the expected cost of Covid-19. We therefore concluded that there are appropriate arrangements in place for sustainable resource deployment. This supports our proposed 'clean' unqualified VFM conclusion.

Appendix A. Reports issued and fees

We confirm below our final reports issued and fees charged for the audit and provision of non-audit services.

Reports issued

Report	Date issued
Audit Plan	May 2020
Audit Findings Report	January 2021
Annual Audit Letter	February 2021

Fees

	Planned Actual fees 2017/18 fees		
	£	£	£
Statutory audit	152,222	175,555	137,721
Total fees	152,222	175,555	137,721

Audit fee variation

As outlined in our Audit Plan, the 2019/20 scale fee set by PSAA Ltd was £122,221. This was increased to a fee of £152,222 proposed in the Audit Plan due to further audit work required and assumed that the scope of the audit does not significantly change. The scope of the audit changed further, which has led to additional work and fee of £22,833. The full reconciliation between PSAA scale fee and final fee charged is set out in the following table.

Area	Reason	Fee proposed £
PSAA Scale fee		122,221
Public Interest Entity (PIE) status	Additional work required to produce and Enhanced Audit Report due to PIE status.	4,000
Raising the bar	Increased audit challenge required by the Financial Reporting Council, including a lower level of materiality	9,000
Pensions – IAS19	The Financial Reporting Council has highlighted that the quality of work by audit firms in respect of IAS 19 needs to improve across local government audits. Accordingly, we have increased the level of scope and coverage in respect of IAS 19 this year to reflect this.	3,500
PPE Valuation – work of experts	As above, the Financial Reporting Council has highlighted that auditors need to improve the quality of work on PPE valuations across the sector. We have increased the volume and scope of our audit work to reflect this.	11,000
Covid-19 impact	Additional time to address the impact of Covid- 19 on the Council's accounts, and the additional time required to operate the audit remotely.	22,834
Group consolidation – work of experts	Pass through cost of auditor's expert valuer to assess the Council's valuation of the KSDL stadium.	3,000
Total		175,555

A. Reports issued and fees continued

Fees for audit and non-audit services

Service	Fees£
Audit related services	
- Housing benefits subsidy certification	34,000
- Teachers' pension certification	5,000
- Housing pooled capital receipts certification	2,000
- NCTL teacher training bursary certification	5,000
Total	46,000
Non-Audit related services	
- CFO Insights subscription	11,500

Non-audit services

- For the purposes of our audit we have made enquiries of all Grant Thornton UK LLP teams providing services to the group. The table across summarises all non-audit services which were identified.
- We have considered whether non-audit services might be perceived as a threat to our independence as the group's auditor and have ensured that appropriate safeguards are put in place.

The non-audit services are consistent with the Council's policy on the allotment of non-audit work to your auditor.

Commercial in confidence



© 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP. All rights reserved.

'Grant Thornton' refers to the brand under which the Grant Thornton member firms provide assurance, tax and advisory services to their clients and/or refers to one or more member firms, as the context requires.

Grant Thornton UK LLP is a member firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd (GTIL). GTIL and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. GTIL and each member firm is a separate legal entity. Services are delivered by the member firms. GTIL does not provide services to clients. GTIL and its member firms are not agents of, and do not obligate, one another and are not liable for one another's acts or omissions.

This page is intentionally left blank



Kirklees Council Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Year ending 31 March 2021

22 April 2021



Contents

SectionPageThe contents of this report relate only to the
matters which have come to our attention,
which we believe need to be reported to you
as part of our audit planning process. It is
not a comprehensive record of all the
relevant matters, which may be subject to
change, and in particular we cannot be held
Sector UpdatePageThe contents of this report relate only to the
matters which have come to our attention,
as part of our audit planning process. It is
not a comprehensive record of all the
relevant matters, which may be subject to
change, and in particular we cannot be held
of the
risks which may affect the Authority or all

as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Authority or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

Grant Thornton UK LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales: No.OC307742. Registered office: 30 Finsbury Square, London, EC2A 1AG. A list of members is available from our registered office. Grant Thornton UK LLP is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Grant Thornton UK LLP is a member firm of Grant Thornton IK LLP is a member firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd (GTIL). GTIL and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. Services are delivered by the member firms. GTIL and its member firms are not agents of, and do not obligate, one another and are not liable for one another's acts or omissions.

Introduction

Your key Grant Thornton team members are:

Jon Roberts

Key Audit Partner T 0117 305 7699 E jon.roberts@uk.gt.com

Stephen Nixon

Senior Manager T 0161 234 6362 E stephen.r.nixon@uk.gt.com

Aaron Gouldman

Assistant Manager T 0161 214 3678 E aaron.r.gouldman@uk.gt.com This paper provides the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes)

Members of the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications <u>www.grantthornton.co.uk</u>

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

Progress at April 2021

Financial Statements Audit

We commenced our initial planning and interim testing for the 2020/21 audit in March 2021. We expect to begin our work on your draft financial statements soon after the draft accounts are due on 31 July 2021, at a time to be agreed with the finance team.

Our interim fieldwork includes:

- Updated review of the Authority's control environment
- Updated understanding of financial systems
- Review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems
- Understanding how the Authority makes material estimates for the financial statements
- Early work on emerging accounting issues

We will present our detailed 2020/21 Audit Plan, setting out our proposed approach to the audit of the Authority's 2020/21 financial statements at the next Corporate Governance and Audit Committee.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report and aim to give our opinion on the Statement of Accounts by 30 September 2021.

Value for Money

The new Code of Audit Practice (the "Code") came into force on 1 April 2020 for audit years 2020/21 and onwards. The most significant change under the new Code is the introduction of an Auditor's Annual Report, containing a commentary on arrangements to secure value for money and any associated recommendations, if required.

The new approach is more complex, more involved and will make more impact. Before beginning work, we will discuss with you:

- Timing
- Resourcing
- Fees

Please see page 8 for further details.

Progress at April 2021

Other areas

Certification of claims and returns

We certify the Authority's annual Housing Benefit Subsidy claim in accordance with procedures agreed with the Department for Work and Pensions (DwP). The certification work for the 2019/20 claim is due to be completed by 31 March 2021, and a report will be presented to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee later in the year.

The other certifications for 2019/20 have been completed and these are detailed below:

- Teacher's Pensions
- Teacher Training Bursary awards
- Pooling of Housing Capital Receipts.

The certification work for the 2020/21 is to be undertaken by Mazars LLP.

Meetings

We meet regularly with Finance Officers liaison meetings and continue to be in discussions with finance staff regarding emerging developments and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

Events

We provide a range of workshops, along with network events for members and publications to support the Authority. Your officers attended our Financial Reporting Workshop in February, which helped to ensure that members of your Finance Team were up to date with the latest financial reporting requirements for local whority accounts.

For ther details of the publications that may be of interest to the Authority are set out in our Sector Update section of this report.

Audit Fees

During 2017, PSAA awarded contracts for audit for a five year period beginning on 1 April 2018. 2020/21 is the third year of that contract. Since that time, there have been a number of developments within the accounting and audit profession. Across all sectors and firms, the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) has set out its expectation of improved financial reporting from organisations and the need for auditors to demonstrate increased scepticism and challenge and to undertake additional and more robust testing.

Our work in the Local Government sector in 2018/19 and 2019/20 has highlighted areas where financial reporting, in particular, property, plant and equipment and pensions, needs to improve. There is also an increase in the complexity of Local Government financial transactions and financial reporting. This combined with the FRC requirement that all Local Government audits are at or above the "few improvements needed" (2A) rating means that additional audit work is required.

We have reviewed the impact of these changes on both the cost and timing of audits. We have discussed this with your s151 Officer including any proposed variations to the Scale Fee set by PSAA Limited, and have communicated fully with the Audit Committee.

As a firm, we are absolutely committed to meeting the expectations of the FRC with regard to audit quality and local government financial reporting.

Audit Deliverables

2020/21 Deliverables	Planned Date	Status
Audit Plan	May 2021	Not yet due
We are required to issue a detailed audit plan to the Corporate Governance and Audit Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Authority's 2020/21 financial statements and the Auditor's Annual Report on the Authority's Value for Money arrangements.		
Interim Audit Findings	May 2021	Not yet due
We will report to you the findings from our interim audit and our initial value for money risk assessment within our next Audit Progress Report.		
Audit Findings Report	September 2021	Not yet due
The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the September Corporate Governance and Audit Committee.		
Auditors Report	September 2021	Not yet due
This is the opinion on your financial statements.		
Auditor's Annual Report	September 2021	Not yet due
This Report communicates the key issues arising from our Value for Money work.		

Sector Update

Authorities continue to try to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider local government sector and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- Grant Thornton Publications
- Insights from local government sector specialists
- Reports of interest
- Accounting and regulatory updates

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:



Page 31 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP.

The new approach to Value for Money

The nature of value for money work

Section 20 and 21 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (the Act), require auditors to be satisfied that the body "has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources". The auditor's work on VFM arrangements is undertaken in accordance with the Code and its supporting statutory guidance. The Comptroller and Auditor General has determined through the 2020 Code and guidance that the key output from local audit work in respect of VFM arrangements is the commentary as reported in the Auditor's Annual Report. It is therefore not a VFM arrangements 'conclusion' or an 'opinion' in the same sense as the opinion on the financial statements themselves. The Act and the Code require auditors to consider whether the body has put in place 'proper arrangements' for securing VFM. The arrangements that fall within the scope of 'proper arrangements' are set out in 'AGN 03 Auditors' work on VFM arrangements', which is issued by the NAO. When reporting on these arrangements, the Code requires auditors to structure their commentary on arrangements under three specified reporting criteria:

Financial sustainability

How the body plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services, including how the body:

- ensures that it identifies all the significant financial pressures that are relevant to its short and medium-term plans and builds these into them;
- plans to bridge its funding gaps and identifies achievable savings;
- plans finances to support the sustainable delivery of services in accordance with strategic and statutory priorities;

- ensures that its financial plan is consistent with other plans such as workforce, capital, investment, and other operational planning which may include working with other local public bodies as part of a wider system; and
- identifies and manages risks to financial resilience, e.g. unplanned changes in demand, including challenge of the assumptions underlying its plans.

Governance

How the body ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks, including how the body:

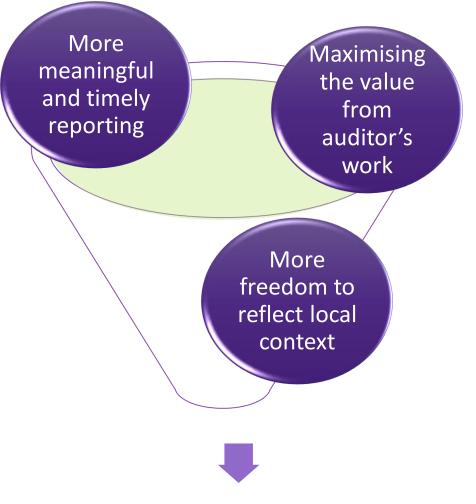
- monitors and assesses risk and how the body gains assurance over the effective operation of internal controls, including arrangements to prevent and detect fraud;
- approaches and carries out its annual budget setting process;
- ensures effective processes and systems are in place to ensure budgetary control; to communicate relevant, accurate and timely management information (including non-financial information where appropriate); supports its statutory financial reporting requirements; and ensures corrective action is taken where needed;
- ensures it makes properly informed decisions, supported by appropriate evidence and allowing for challenge and transparency. This includes arrangements for effective challenge from those charged with governance/audit committee; and
- monitors and ensures appropriate standards, such as meeting legislative/regulatory requirements and standards in terms of officer or member behaviour (such as gifts and hospitality or declarations/conflicts of interests).

The new approach to Value for Money

Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness

How the body uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services, including:

- how financial and performance information has been used to assess performance to identify areas for improvement;
- how the body evaluates the services it provides to assess performance and identify areas for improvement;
- how the body ensures it delivers its role within significant partnerships, engages with stakeholders it has identified, monitors performance against expectations, and ensures action is taken where necessary to improve; and
- where the body commissions or procures services, how the body ensures that this is done in accordance with relevant legislation, professional standards and internal policies, and how the body assesses whether it is realising the expected benefits.



VFM arrangements commentary and recommendations

The new approach to Value for Money

The table below details what will be reported in the Auditor's Annual Report:

Section of report Content

Commentary on arrangements	An explanation of the VFM work that has been undertaken during the year, including the risk assessment and any further risk-based work. It will also highlight any significant weaknesses that have been identified and brought to the body's attention. The commentary will allow auditors to better reflect local context and draw attention to emerging or
	developing issues which may not represent significant weaknesses, but which may nevertheless require attention from the body itself.
Recommendations	Where an auditor concludes that there is a significant weakness in a body's arrangements, they report this to the body and support it with a recommendation for improvement.
Progress in implementing recommendations	Where an auditor has reported significant weaknesses in arrangements in the previous year, the auditor should follow up recommendations issued previously and include their view as to whether the recommendations have been implemented satisfactorily.
Use of additional powers	Where an auditor uses additional powers, such as making statutory recommendations or issuing a public interest report, this should be reported in the auditor's annual report.
Opinion on the financial statements	The auditor's annual report also needs to summarise the results of the auditor's work on the financial statements.

The table below details the three types of recommendations that auditors can make. Auditors may make recommendations at any time during the year.

Type of recommendation	Definition
Statutory recommendation	Where auditors make written recommendations to the body under Section 24 and Schedule 7 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. A recommendation of this type requires the body to discuss and respond publicly to the report.
Key recommendation	Where auditors identify significant weaknesses in a body's arrangements for securing value for money, they have to make recommendations setting out the actions that the body should take to address them
Improvement recommendation	Where auditors do not identify a significant weakness in the body's arrangements, but still wish to make recommendations about how the body's arrangements can be improved

Revised auditing standard: Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures

In the period December 2018 to January 2020 the Financial Reporting Council issued a number of updated International Auditing Standards (ISAs (UK)) which are effective for audits of financial statements for periods beginning on or after 15 December 2019. ISA (UK) 540 (revised): Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures includes significant enhancements in respect of the audit risk assessment process for accounting estimates.

Introduction

Under ISA (UK) 540 (Revised December 2018) auditors are required to understand and assess an entity's internal controls over accounting estimates, including:

- The nature and extent of oversight and governance over management's financial reporting process relevant to accounting estimates;
- How management identifies the need for and applies specialised skills or knowledge related to accounting estimates;
- How the entity's risk management process identifies and addresses risks relating to accounting estimates;
- The entity's information system as it relates to accounting estimates;
- The entity's control activities in relation to accounting estimates; and
- How management reviews the outcomes of previous accounting estimates.

As part of this process auditors also need to obtain an understanding of the role of those charged with governance, which is particularly important where the estimates have high estimation uncertainty, or require significant judgement.

 $\label{eq:specifically} Specifically \, do \, Corporate \, Governance \, and \, Audit \, Committee \, members:$

- Understand the characteristics of the methods and models used to make the accounting estimates and the risks related to them;
- Oversee management's process for making accounting estimates, including the
 use of models, and the monitoring activities undertaken by management; and

Evaluate how management made the accounting estimates?

Additional information that will be required for our March 2021 audits

To ensure our compliance with this revised auditing standard, we will be requesting further information from management and those charged with governance during our audit for the year ended 31 March 2021 in all areas summarised above for all material accounting estimates that are included in the financial statements.

Based on our knowledge of the Authority we have identified the following material accounting estimates for which this is likely to apply:

- Valuations of land and buildings, council dwellings and investment properties
- Depreciation
- Year end provisions and accruals
- Credit loss and impairment allowances
- Valuation of defined benefit net pension fund liabilities
- Fair value estimates
- Valuation of level 2 and level 3 financial instruments

The Authority's Information systems

In respect of the Authority's information systems we are required to consider how management identifies the methods, assumptions and source data used for each material accounting estimate and the need for any changes to these. This includes how management selects, or designs, the methods, assumptions and data to be used and applies the methods used in the valuations.

When the models used include increased complexity or subjectivity, as is the case for many valuation models, auditors need to understand and assess the controls in place over the models and the data included therein. Where adequate controls are not in place we may need to report this as a significant control deficiency and this could affect the amount of detailed substantive testing required during the audit.

If management has changed the method for making an accounting estimate we will need to fully understand management's rationale for this change. Any unexpected changes are likely to raise the audit risk profile of this accounting estimate and may result in the need for additional audit procedures.

'age

We are aware that the Authority uses management experts in deriving some of its more complex estimates, e.g. asset valuations and pensions liabilities. However, it is important to note that the use of management experts does not diminish the responsibilities of management and those charged with governance to ensure that:

- All accounting estimates and related disclosures included in the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the financial reporting framework, and are materially accurate;
- There are adequate controls in place at the Authority (and where applicable its service provider or management expert) over the models, assumptions and source data used in the preparation of accounting estimates.

Estimation uncertainty

Under ISA (UK) 540 (Revised December 2018) we are required to consider the following:

- How management understands the degree of estimation uncertainty related to each accounting estimate; and
- How management addresses this estimation uncertainty when selecting their point estimate.

For example, how management identified and considered alternative methods, assumptions or source data that would be equally valid under the financial reporting framework, and why these alternatives were rejected in favour of the point estimate used.

The revised standard includes increased emphasis on the importance of the financial statement disclosures. Under ISA (UK) 540 (Revised December 2018), auditors are required to assess whether both the accounting estimates themselves and the related disclosures are reasonable.

Where there is a material uncertainty, that is where there is a significant risk of a material change to the estimated carrying value of an asset or liability within the next year, there needs to be additional disclosures. Note that not all material estimates will have a material uncertainty and it is also possible that an estimate that is not material could have a risk of material uncertainty.

Where there is material estimation uncertainty, we would expect the financial statement disclosures to include:

- What the assumptions and uncertainties are;
- How sensitive the assets and liabilities are to those assumptions, and why;
- The expected resolution of the uncertainty and the range of reasonably possible outcomes for the next financial year; and
- An explanation of any changes made to past assumptions if the uncertainty is unresolved.

How can you help?

As part of our planning risk assessment procedures we routinely make a number of enquiries of management and those charged with governance, which include general enquiries, fraud risk assessment questions, going concern considerations etc. Responses to these enquires are completed by management and confirmed by those charged with governance at an Audit Committee meeting. For our 2020/21 audit we are making additional enquires on your accounting estimates in a similar way (which will cover the areas highlighted above). We would appreciate a prompt response to these enquires in due course.

Further information

Further details on the requirements of ISA (UK) 540 (Revised December 2018) can be found in the auditing standard on the Financial Reporting Council's website:

https://www.frc.org.uk/getattachment/0fa69c03-49ec-49ae-a8c9cc7a2b65382a/ISA-(UK)-540_Revised-December-2018_final.pdf

Insight into accounting for grants in local government financial statements – Grant Thornton

The government has provided a range of financial support packages throughout the COVID-19 pandemic.

We have issued a brief bulletin aimed at helping local government bodies identify the key things they should consider when determining the accounting treatment for these grants in their financial statements for 2020/21.

There are no changes to the accounting treatment for grants as required by the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. What has changed, is the extent of additional funding to support the cost of services, to offset other income losses along with grant packages to be paid out to support local business. Local authorities need to consider the nature and terms of the various COVID-19 measures in order to determine whether there is income and expenditure to be recognised in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in 2020/21.

The report highlights the factors to consider, including:

- Where the funding is to be transferred to other parties, is the authority acting as principal or as agent?
- Are there grant conditions outstanding?
- Is the grant a specific or non-specific grant?

Our bulletin provides you with links to further information on the various support packages and summarises features that may be relevant to your judgements as you determine the appropriate accounting treatment.

Local authorities need to demonstrate their judgements on the accounting treatment to be reasonable and soundly based and, where these have a significant effect on the accounts, to ensure they include sufficient disclosures to meet the requirements of IAS 1:122.

Please ask your audit manager for the full report:



Local government finance in the pandemic – National Audit Office

The National Audit Office (NAO) report, published in March, notes "The COVID-19 pandemic has been an unprecedented public health and economic emergency. Local authorities in England have made a major contribution to the national response to the pandemic, working to protect local communities and businesses, while continuing to deliver existing services. The pandemic has in turn placed significant pressure on local authorities' finances, which in many cases were already under strain going into the pandemic."

The NAO report examines if the Department's approach to local government finance in the COVID-19 pandemic enabled it to assess and fund the costs of new services which local authorities have been asked to deliver. It also examines whether the Department fulfilled its responsibilities in securing financial sustainability across the sector.

The NAO report concludes "Steps taken by the government, led by the Department, have supported local authorities in the COVID-19 pandemic response. The Department's successful monthly collection of data and continued intensive engagement with the sector provided a good evidence base to underpin the financial and other support provided by government. Action by the Department and wider government to support the sector has averted system-wide financial failure at a very challenging time and means that the Department has managed the most severe risks to value for money in the short term.

However, the financial position of local government remains a cause for concern. Many authorities will be relying on reserves to balance their 2020-21 year-end budgets. Despite continuing support into 2021-22 the outlook for ext year is uncertain. Many authorities are setting budgets for 2021-22 in which they have limited confidence, and which are balanced through cuts o service budgets and the use of reserves." The NAO report found that "the combined impact on spending and non-tax income in 2020-21 is £9.7bn – equivalent to 17.6% of revenue expenditure. So far the government has announced £9.1bn of financial support, leaving a deficit of £605m."



Good practice in annual reporting - National Audit Office

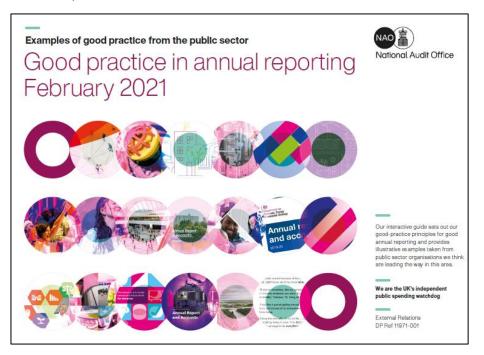
The National Audit Office (NAO) state that the guide, launched in February, "Sets out our good practice principles for good annual reporting and provides illustrative examples taken from public sector organisations who are leading the way in this area.

The guide draws on examples of good practice from within each of the six sections of an Annual Report:

- Strategy
- Risk
- Operations
- Governance
- Measures of success
- Financial performance

The NAO also state that the guide "provides further examples where bodies have made their context more understandable to the reader through use of graphics and clear language and signposting."

However, The NAO observe "Done well, reporting in the public sector enables the public and Parliament to understand – with ease and confidence – an organisation's strategy and the risks it faces, how much taxpayers' money has been spent and on what, and what has been achieved as a result." Further, the NAO note "The significant impacts of the pandemic emerged in the UK in mid-March 2020. This means that, for many organisations, the reporting impact will be greater in 2020-21 than in the prior year. Transparent annual reporting will help stakeholders understand the impact of COVID-19 on an organisation's strategy, plans and operational and financial performance."



The full report can be obtained from the NAO website: https://www.nao.org.uk/report/good-practice-in-annual-reports-february-2021/

2019/20 audited accounts – Public Sector Audit Appointments

In December 2020 Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) published figures relating to the audit of 2019/20 local authority financial statements.

PSAA report "Audit arrangements in local councils, police, fire and other local government bodies are continuing to exhibit signs of stress and difficulty. In the latest audit round, focusing on 2019/20 financial statements and value for money arrangements, fewer than 50% of bodies' audits were completed by the revised target of 30 November.

Figures compiled by PSAA, the organisation responsible for appointing auditors to 478 local bodies, reveal that 55% (265) of audit opinions were not issued by 30 November. This is a further deterioration on 2018/19 audits when 43% of opinions (210 out of 486) were delayed beyond the then target timetable of 31 July.

This year's timetable has been deliberately eased by Ministers in recognition of the underlying pressures on the audit process and the significant added complications arising from the Covid-19 pandemic. The pandemic has posed practical challenges for bodies in producing accounts and working papers, and for auditors to carry out their testing. Both sets of staff have had to work remotely throughout the period, and the second national lockdown came at a critical point in the cycle.

Questions and concerns about the potential implications of the pandemic for some bodies have meant that both finance staff and auditors have needed to pay particular attention to the financial position of each entity. Additionally, following a series of increasingly challenging regulatory reviews, auditors have arguably been more focused than ever on their professional duty to give their opinion only when they are satisfied that they have sufficient assurance."



The news article can be found here:

News release: 2019/20 audited accounts – PSAA

CIPFA Financial Resilience Index

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy's (CIPFA) Financial Resilience Index is a comparative tool designed to provide analysis on resilience and risk and support good financial management.

CIPFA note "CIPFA's Financial Resilience Index is a comparative analytical tool that may be used by Chief Financial Officers to support good financial management, providing a common understanding within a council of their financial position.

The Index shows a council's position on a range of measures associated with financial risk. The selection of indicators has been informed by extensive financial resilience work undertaken by CIPFA over the past five seven years, public consultation and technical stakeholder engagement.

Section 151 officers may also use the index in their annual report to the council setting out the proposed budget for the year and medium-term financial strategy.

While the impact of COVID-19 resulted in a delay to the publication of the index, it is still able to provide a comprehensive pre-COVID baseline, illustrating the financial resilience of authorities as they entered the pandemic."

CIPFA found that "there was a real-terms reduction of £800m in the level of reserves in 2020 compared with the previous year. At the end of March 2020 council reserves levels stood at £24.6bn, around 3% lower than £25.4bn recorded at the same period in 2019."

CIPFA note "The index is made up of a set of indicators. These indicators take publicly available data and compare similar authorities across a range of factors. There is no single overall indicator of financial risk, so the index instead highlights areas where additional scrutiny should take place in order to provide additional assurance. This additional scrutiny should be accompanied by a narrative to place the indicator into context."



The Financial Resilience tool is available on the CIPFA website below:

https://www.cipfa.org/services/financial-resilience-index-2021?crdm=0

© 2021 Grant Thornton UK LLP.

'Grant Thornton' refers to the brand under which the Grant Thornton member firms provide assurance, tax and advisory services to their clients and/or refers to one or more member firms, as the context requires. Grant Thornton UK LLP is a member firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd (GTIL). GTIL and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. GTIL and each member firm is a separate legal entity. Services are delivered by the member firms. GTIL does not provide services to clients. GTIL and its member firms are not agents of, and do not obligate, one another and are not liable for one another's acts or omissions.



By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12Aof the Local Government Act 1972.

Document is Restricted

This page is intentionally left blank